# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 City of North Las Vegas, Nevada







# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

STATE OF NEVADA

# CITY OF NORTH LAS VEGAS STATE OF NEVADA

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PREPARED BY
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE
DARREN ADAIR
DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

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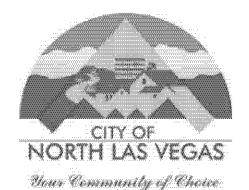
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Mayor John J. Lee

Council Members
Isaac E. Barron
Anita G. Wood
Pamela A. Goynes-Brown
Richard J. Cherchio



City Manager
Dr. Qiong X. Liu P.E., PTOE

#### Finance Department - Darren Adair, Director

2250 Las Vegas Boulevard North, Suite 710 - North Las Vegas, Nevada 89030-5875 Telephone: (702) 633-1460 - Fax: (702) 649-5077 - TDD: (702)326-6868 www.cityofnorthlasvegas.com

December 13, 2016

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and Citizens of the City of North Las Vegas:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of North Las Vegas (the "City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, is hereby submitted. The State of Nevada (the "State") law requires that a local government obtain an annual audit by independent certified public accountants of its financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States.

Except for the independent auditors' reports included herein, this report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Piercy Bowler Taylor & Kern, Certified Public Accountants and Business Advisors. The goal of an independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, are free of material misstatement. An independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based on their audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified ("clean") report on the City's basic financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The independent auditors' report on the basic financial statements is presented as the first component of the Financial Section of this report.

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The independent audit of the basic financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally-mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and internal controls over both financial reporting and compliance.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors on the basic financial statements.

#### Profile of the City of North Las Vegas

The City of North Las Vegas is located in Clark County, Nevada. With a population of approximately 235,395 as of July 1, 2015, the City ranks as the fourth largest city in the State of Nevada. The City was incorporated May 16, 1946, and currently occupies 100.4 square miles and is approximately 43% built-out, with a majority of land remaining undeveloped. The City is empowered by State Statutes to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time. The City boasts a cosmopolitan cultural diversity, living up to its motto of being "Your Community of Choice."

The City is empowered by State Statutes to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. The City's property tax rate is \$1.1637 per \$100 in assessed valuation.

The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government, with elected offices consisting of the Mayor, four City Council members and two municipal judges. The Mayor and municipal judges are elected at-large, while Council members must live within and are elected by the constituents of their respective ward; all are elected on a non-partisan basis. Terms of office for the Mayor and City Council are four years and are staggered so that City-wide elections are held every two years for two or three of the five offices; terms of office for the municipal judges are six years.

The City provides a full range of services, including a municipal court, public safety (police, fire, and building safety), water and wastewater, highways and streets, planning and zoning, parks and recreational facilities, community development and general administrative services. In addition to general governmental activities, the City Council exercises oversight responsibility for the North Las Vegas Library District and the North Las Vegas Redevelopment Agency; consequently, these activities have been included in this financial report as blended component units.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Prior to April 15, the City Manager and City Finance Director submit a tentative budget for the ensuing fiscal year to the City Council, the Nevada Department of Taxation and the citizens through public hearings. Public hearings are conducted on the third Tuesday in May where all adjustments to the tentative budget are indicated. The City Council adopts the budget prior to June 1 and submits it to the Nevada Department of Taxation for final approval.

Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, capital projects funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds are included in the annual budget. The level of budgetary control is statutorily required to be exercised at the function level. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end.

#### **Local Economy**

The tourism industry, which is based on legalized gambling and related forms of entertainment, continues to be the largest component of Southern Nevada's economic base. Since the Great Recession, local tourism has experienced a slow but steady increase back to normalcy. Having recovered 97.1% of its loss according to the Clark County Tourism Index, tourism is anticipated to meet and surpass previous visitor highs in the not too distant future. With positive airport traffic and tourism growth, it is anticipated that gaming revenues will continue to rise in the near future.

The employment picture has been experiencing steady improvement over the prior twelve months. Per the Las Vegas Review Journal, in March, the state's unemployment rate dipped to 5.9% down from 6.8% in March of 2015. Nevada's initial claims for unemployment insurance fell to a pre-recession low of 12,343 claims. Construction has been the leading industry for growth adding 11.9% to the work force. Additional well diversified employment gains have been realized in a variety of industries including education, health services, professional business services and retail. Consumer spending is vital to economic health, and it does not occur at the level necessary to maintain a healthy economy when large portions of the population are unemployed, underemployed or fearful that they may become unemployed. Under these conditions, individuals tend to spend less, and to save, to the extent possible, for the "rainy day" that they perceive to be coming. Strong employment or perceived employment options, improves consumer confidence and leads to more spending: the fuel which drives the economic engine.

The Las Vegas real estate market is also doing quite well due to improving employment, rising incomes and a steady population growth. Per the Greater Las Vegas Association of Realtors, distressed properties have seen a dramatic reduction from about 135,000 during the peak of the recession to approximately 35,000. With less than a three month supply of homes available for sale in April, greater than 70% of all existing homes for sale are sold within 60 days of being placed on the market. This continues a positive trend in the long term recovery of the housing market.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

In 2006, for budgetary and financial planning purposes, the City Council mandated that an 18% ratio of fund balance, compared to the combined total of encumbrances and operating expenditures after transfers out, be maintained in the General Fund. For several reasons, the most prominent being declining revenues, the City Council modified the aforementioned fund balance policy by enacting Resolution No. 2471 which required that the City produce a budget which would result in a General Fund ending fund balance of no less than 8%. The change in General Fund balance during fiscal year 2016 was an increase in ending fund balance after transfers out from 9.8% to 10.4% at the end of fiscal years 2015 and 2016, respectfully. The long-term goal of the City Council is to return to the 18% fund balance minimum by striving to rebuild the general fund balance over time.

The City saw improved ratings from all three rating agencies. Moody's Investors Service improved from "Ba2" to "Ba1" Standard & Poors improved from "BB-" to "BB+" and Fitch's rating improved from "B" to "B+". The City's ratings are based on a number of key items as cited by the rating agencies, including the Great Recession and the effects on the housing market and assessed valuations. Also, cited is the 30% decline in consolidated taxes, the largest single revenue source of the City's General Fund. Consolidated taxes decreased from an all-time high in fiscal year 2006 to an all-time low in fiscal year 2010; however, consolidated taxes have increased by nearly 46% since fiscal year 2010 and are projected to increase by approximately another 4% in fiscal year 2017. The City's contractual recurring expenditures were in excess of its contractual recurring revenues. However, this shortfall continues to be covered by the Payment in Lieu of Taxes transfers in from the utility funds and anticipated ending General Fund balances from prior year operational savings.

Maintaining adequate levels of service remains a critical challenge to be addressed as the City's population continues to grow in this challenging economic environment. The City maintains a seven-year financial forecast for all of its funds, which serves as the cornerstone for the financial action plan and operating budget strategies. The forecast provides an understanding of how the total financial program will be affected by certain economic factors and assumptions, and enables the City to estimate the resources that will be necessary to meet the requirements of existing programs and to make adjustments accordingly.

Since 2007, the City has been implementing cost-saving actions in order to continue its prudent fiscal management. Such actions have included across-the-board budget reductions, the elimination of non-critical and vacant positions, major reductions in discretionary spending, implementation of efficiency savings in all departments, the investigation of shared services with other local jurisdictions and the implementation of private sector partnership solutions and best practices. In addition, a number of capital improvement projects have been delayed, cancelled, or were reduced in scope.

Looking to the future, the City has taken action to balance the fiscal year 2017 budget with a projected General Fund ending balance of at least 8.6%. Most notably the City is striving to accomplish this through encouraged business growth, licensing revenues and professional service partnerships where increased services and reduced costs can reasonably be achieved. Mutually beneficial agreements with the City's labor organizations and representatives have helped to stabilize personnel and benefit costs.

The Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is a multi-year planning document that is updated and adopted on an annual basis. The CIP prioritizes major capital projects and identifies revenue sources available to finance the improvements. The City Council adopted a FY 2017-21 CIP in excess of \$431.4 million, though it continually evaluates the financial condition of the City in order to ensure that the timing and scope of all projects are fiscally prudent.

#### **Major Initiatives**

The North 5th Street Super-Arterial continues as a major roadway improvement project which includes four separate phases of street improvements along the North 5th Street corridor. Portions of the project already completed include the widening and improving of the roadway from Owens Avenue to Carey Avenue, the construction of the overpass crossing Interstate 15, the recently completed bridge over Losee Road and improvements to North 5th Street that extend to Cheyenne Avenue.

Other notable Public Works projects include the roadway and flood control improvements to Simmons Street from Cheyenne Avenue to Lone Mountain Road and the Colton and Brooks flood control projects which included flood improvements under the UPRR tracks, Colton Avenue, and Losee Road. In addition, these projects included various roadway improvements and utility system upgrades.

Under the Fuel Revenue Indexing Program, the Losee Road Phase 2B project expanded Losee Road from one/two lane each-way to three lanes-each way from approximately Craig Road to Centennial Parkway. The Fuel Revenue Indexing Program also included improved flood control along the alignment and added a new traffic signal at Tropical Parkway.

A major milestone for North Las Vegas historic preservation was accomplished with the completion of the Kiel Ranch Park (Phase I) improvements and historic building preservation. There are two additional phases planned for the North Las Vegas owned park area.

The interiors of several Fire Stations were renovated with a variety of new flooring, plumbing upgrades, new counter tops and fresh paint.

As a result of the resurgence in the regional housing market there has been a renewed interest in the development of the Park Highlands master planned community located on the northern edge of the City. Originally approved under a development agreement in 2006, the 2,675 acre master planned community was split into two separate but similar development agreements. The western portion, approximately 600 acres is still known as the Park Highlands development and is proposed to be developed under the original agreement and design standards. The eastern portion, approximately 2,000 acres is now known as The Villages at Tule Springs. A new development agreement and land plan has been approved by the City. In anticipation of this renewed development activity, the City recently entered into an agreement to upsize certain sewer mains serving the future Park Highland master planned area. As currently proposed, this master planned community would include approximately 12,800 housing units, mixed use commercial areas, parks, trails, schools and public facilities to provide for an estimated population, at build out, of approximately 40,000 people.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the 35th consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfies both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and as such will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for recognition. Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated services of the Finance Department and our independent auditors, Piercy Bowler Taylor & Kern, Certified Public Accountants and Business Advisors. We would like to express our appreciation to all who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit is also given to the Mayor and members of the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Dr. Qiong X. Liu P.E., PTOE, City Manager

Darren Adair, Director



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of North Las Vegas Nevada

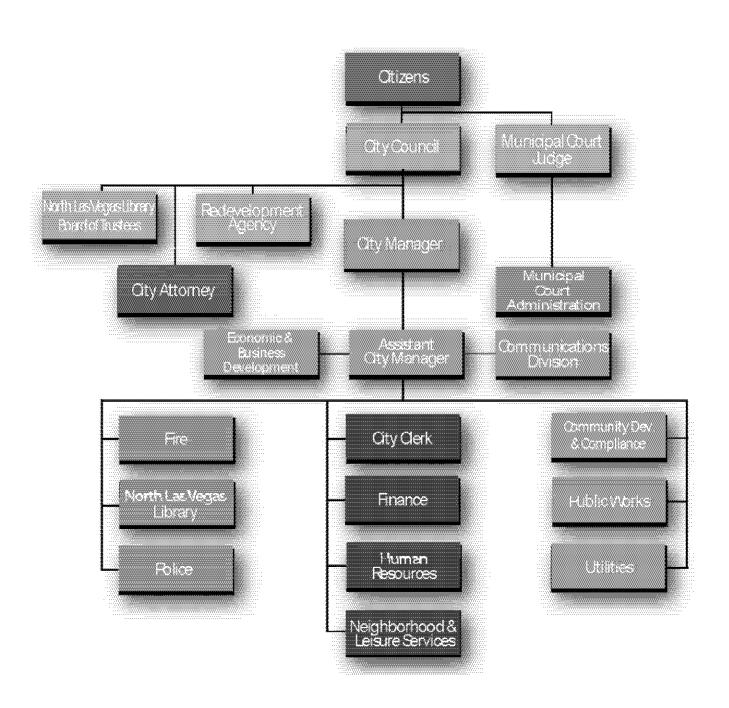
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

#### **ORGANIZATION CHART**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



#### **CITY OFFICALS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **Elected Officials**

Mayor John J. Lee

Mayor Pro Tempore Pamela A. Goynes-Brown

Council Member Anita G. Wood

Council Member Isaac E. Barron

Council Member Richard J. Cherchio

Municipal Judge Sean Hoeffgen

Municipal Judge Catherine Ramsey

#### **Appointed Officials**

City Manager Dr. Qiong X. Liu

City Attorney Sandra Douglass-Morgan

Assistant City Manager Ryann Juden

Director of Finance & IT Darren J. Adair

Fire Chief Jeffery Lytle

Police Chief Alexander Perez

Director of Community Development &

Compliance Gregory W. Blackburn

Director of Utilities Randall E. De Vaul

Director of Communications

Mitch Fox

Director of Library Services

Forrest Lewis

Director of Public Works

Jennifer Doody

Director of Neighborhood & Leisure

Services Cass Palmer

City Clerk Barbara A. Andolina
Court Administrator Cindy S. Marshall

# FINANCIAL SECTION



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Members of the City Council City of North Las Vegas, Nevada

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of North Las Vegas (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

An audit performed in accordance with applicable professional standards is a process designed to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement. This process involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements to enable the design of audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of basic financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the basic financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion. In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, postemployment benefits other than pensions, schedule of funding

progress, proportionate share of the collective net pension liability information, proportionate share of statutorily required pension contribution information, budgetary comparison information on pages 11-25 and 77-86 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming our opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, statistical section and schedule of business license fees are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, statistical section and schedule of business license fees have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards. In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Las Vegas, Nevada December 13, 2016

Perry Bowler Jaylor +Kern

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

As management of the City of North Las Vegas (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found beginning on page 1 of this report.

#### Financial Highlights

The following summarizes are selected information related to the City's financial positions and changes thereto during the year:

Summary of Selected Statement of Net Position Information

	Total Primary Government				
	2016	2015	Change	;	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, unrestricted	\$ 226,795,864	\$ 168,752,884 \$	58,042,980	34.40 %	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, restricted	9,617,819	9,392,483	225,336	2.40 %	
Due from other governments	13,553,692	26,930,918	(13,377,226)	(49.67)%	
Capital assets, net	1,773,167,564	1,794,717,092	(21,549,528)	(1.20)%	
Deferred outflows of resources	45,018,658	44,240,225	778,433	1.76 %	
Bonds and notes payable, net of unamortized premiums and discounts	431,875,386	445,793,282	(13,917,896)	(3.12)%	
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	15,305,563	13,016,187	2,289,376	17.59 %	
Net pension liability	207,807,802	201,188,893	6,618,909	3.29 %	
Deferred inflows of resources	39,884,588	51,885,902	(12,001,314)	(23.13)%	
Total net position	1,345,569,263	1,307,848,684	37,720,579	2.88 %	

Approximately 50% of the increase in cash, cash equivalents and investments is related to the timing of collecting receivables and the payment of amounts owed primarily from public works projects and utilities. In addition, the the increase includes the sale of a parcel of land for \$4.5 million

The decrease in due from other governments resulted from a slow-down in construction activity, most notably related to the North 5th Street project, originally planned to be an eight-lane super arterial from downtown North Las Vegas to the northern City boundary. The Regional Transportation Commission has delayed funding of the remaining phases. The City's expenditures related to this project were \$9.5 million less than the prior year.

The decrease in capital assets mostly occurred in the City's business-type activities. In order to raise funds for the construction of infrastructure, the wastewater utility fund sold a 20.5-acre vacant parcel for \$4.5 million and incurred an \$8.2 million loss on the transaction.

The City did not incur any new debt during the fiscal year and continues its efforts to reduce its outstanding bonds and notes payable through the payment of regularly scheduled principal payments.

Pensions, postemployment benefits other than pensions, and all deferred inflows and \$32 million of deferred outflows (both related to pensions) are based on actuarial valuations. The pension amounts represent the City's proportionate share the Nevada Public Employees Retirement System's unfunded liability and is recorded in accordance with accounting stardards but the City is not yet obligated to fund for such amounts according to Nevada Revised Statutes.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Summary of Selected Statement of Activities Information

	Total Primary Government					
	_	2016	2015	Change	)	
Charges for services Property taxes Intergovernmental consolidated taxes	\$	179,563,917 \$ 53,201,608 49,903,290	50,350,577 47,685,565	17,163,684 2,851,031 2,217,725	10.57 % 5.66 % 4.65 %	
Total expenses		347,399,389	334,752,110	12,647,279	3.78 %	
Change in net position		39,206,194	58,626,913	(19,420,719)	(33.13)%	

The above revenues are a solid indication of the continual growth and development in the business and residential sectors of the City. Charges for services have seen a year-over-year increase in both water and wastewater connection fees associated with the increase in new development of single family housing and the construction of commercial and industrial facilities. Likewise, there were similar increases in permitting, licensing and engineering fee revenue due to overall economic growth. Property taxes experienced similar gains due to new construction and increases in assessed valuations, despite annual limits on existing property (3.0% on residential and upto 3.2% on commercial). For fiscal year 2016-2017, the tax cap rate for all properties will be 0.2%.

For similar reasons, intergovernmental consolidated taxes increased for the fourth consecutive year. This revenue source primarily consists of sales tax, and as such, reflects increases in consumer spending.

\$8.2 million of the increase in total expenses relates to a loss on the sale of a parcel of vacant land.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, as well as deferred inflows and outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits).

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include a municipal court, public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, planning and zoning, parks and recreational facilities, libraries, community development and general government. The business-type activities include a water delivery system, a wastewater collection operation and municipal golf courses.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate redevelopment agency and a legally separate library district for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is blended with the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 27 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements; however, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between government funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 18 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the public safety tax fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining 16 governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining schedules and individual fund schedules, which can be found beginning on page 89 of this report.

The City adopts annual appropriations budgets for its general and public safety tax funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budgets.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 31 of this report.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water supply and distribution system, wastewater collection and treatment operations and two golf courses. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accountlate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles and for its self-insurance program, which is also where the City accounts for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains five individual proprietary funds. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water system and the wastewater operation, both of which are considered to be major funds of the City. The City also presents a non-major proprietary fund for the operations of its two golf courses. Both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 36 this report.

The fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own operations and programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statement can be found beginning on page 41 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 43 of this report.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information. A schedule of funding progress for the City's postemployment benefit plans is presented as required supplementary information and information concerning the City's business license fees is presented as other supplementary information. The required and other supplementary information can be found beginning on page 77 of this report.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

The following summarized comparative statements of net position, changes during the year, and discussion of selected matters are presented to help the reader better understand the City's financial position:

	Summ	nary Statement of Ne	t Positiion			
	Governmental Activities		Business-type	Activities	Total Primary	Government
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Assets						
Current, restricted and other	\$ 192,083,311		119,309,368 \$	103,935,536		
Capital	1,298,466,883	1,293,774,902	474,700,681	500,942,190	1,773,167,564	1,794,717,092
Total assets	1,490,550,194	1,464,403,181	594,010,049	604,877,726	2,084,560,243	2,069,280,907
Deferred outflows of resources	42,272,885	41,728,673	2,745,773	2,511,552	45,018,658	44,240,225
Liabilities						
Current	31,745,115	37,552,063	14,954,162	13,160,678	46,699,277	50,712,741
Long-term	399,032,984	396,961,807	298,392,789	306,111,998	697,425,773	703,073,805
Total liabilities	430,778,099	434,513,870	313,346,951	319,272,676	744,125,050	753,786,546
Deferred inflows of resources	36,501,422	47,676,351	3,383,166	4,209,551	39,884,588	51,885,902
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	1,156,185,282	1,147,394,961	197,755,281	214,812,299	1,353,940,563	1,362,207,260
Restricted	91,020,657	79,291,604	7,113,754		98,134,411	79,291,604
Unrestricted	(181,662,381)	(202,744,932)	75,156,670	69,094,752	(106,505,711)	(133,650,180)
Total net position	\$ <u>1,065,543,558</u>	\$ <u>1,023,941,633</u> \$	280,025,705 \$	283,907,051	\$ <u>1,345,569,263</u>	\$ <u>1,307,848,684</u>
	Summ	nary Statement of Ne	t Positiion			
	Summ Government		t Positiion Business-type	Activities	Total Primary	Government
		al Activities			Total Primary Char	
	Government Cha	al Activities	Business-type Chang	ge	Char	nge
Current, restricted and other	Government Cha \$ 21,455,032	al Activities nge 12.57 % \$	Business-type Chang 15,373,832	ge 14.79 %	Char \$ 36,828,864	nge 13.41 %
	Government Cha \$ 21,455,032 4,691,981	al Activities nge 12.57 % \$ 0.36 %	Business-type Chang 15,373,832 (26,241,509)	14.79 % (5.24)%	Char \$ 36,828,864 (21,549,528)	13.41 % (1.20)%
Current, restricted and other Capital	Government Cha \$ 21,455,032	al Activities nge 12.57 % \$	Business-type Chang 15,373,832	ge 14.79 %	Char \$ 36,828,864	nge 13.41 %
Current, restricted and other Capital Total assets	Government Cha \$ 21,455,032 4,691,981	al Activities nge 12.57 % \$ 0.36 %	Business-type Chang 15,373,832 (26,241,509)	14.79 % (5.24)%	Char \$ 36,828,864 (21,549,528)	13.41 % (1.20)%
Current, restricted and other Capital Total assets Deferred outflows of resources	Government Cha \$ 21,455,032 4,691,981 26,147,013	al Activities nge  12.57 % \$ 0.36 %  1.79 %	Business-type Chang 15,373,832 (26,241,509) (10,867,677)	14.79 % (5.24)% (1.80)%	Char  \$ 36,828,864	13.41 % (1.20)% 0.74 %
Current, restricted and other Capital Total assets Deferred outflows of resources	Government Cha \$ 21,455,032 4,691,981 26,147,013	al Activities nge  12.57 % \$ 0.36 %  1.79 %	Business-type Chang 15,373,832 (26,241,509) (10,867,677)	14.79 % (5.24)% (1.80)% 9.33 %	Char  \$ 36,828,864	13.41 % (1.20)% 0.74 %
Current, restricted and other Capital Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Liabilities	Government Cha  \$ 21,455,032	al Activities nge  12.57 % \$ 0.36 % 1.79 %  1.30 %	Business-type Chang  15,373,832 (26,241,509) (10,867,677)  234,221  1,793,484 (7,719,209)	14.79 % (5.24)% (1.80)% 9.33 %	\$ 36,828,864 (21,549,528) 15,279,336 778,433	13.41 % (1.20)% 0.74 % 1.76 %
Current, restricted and other Capital Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Liabilities Current Long-term	Government Cha \$ 21,455,032 4,691,981 26,147,013 544,212 (5,806,948)	al Activities nge  12.57 % \$ 0.36 % 1.79 %  1.30 %  (15.46)%	Business-type Chang  15,373,832 (26,241,509) (10,867,677)  234,221  1,793,484	14.79 % (5.24)% (1.80)% 9.33 %	\$ 36,828,864 (21,549,528) 15,279,336 778,433 (4,013,464)	13.41 % (1.20)% 0.74 % 1.76 %
Current, restricted and other Capital  Total assets  Deferred outflows of resources  Liabilities  Current  Long-term  Total liabilities	Government Cha  \$ 21,455,032	12.57 % \$ 0.36 % 1.79 %  1.30 %  (15.46)% 0.52 %	Business-type Chang  15,373,832 (26,241,509) (10,867,677)  234,221  1,793,484 (7,719,209)	14.79 % (5.24)% (1.80)% 9.33 % 13.63 % (2.52)%	\$ 36,828,864 (21,549,528) 15,279,336 778,433 (4,013,464) (5,648,032)	13.41 % (1.20)% 0.74 % 1.76 % (7.91)% (0.80)%
Current, restricted and other Capital  Total assets  Deferred outflows of resources  Liabilities Current Long-term  Total liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources	Government Cha  \$ 21,455,032	al Activities nge  12.57 % \$ 0.36 % 1.79 %  1.30 %  (15.46)% 0.52 % (0.86)%	Business-type Chang  15,373,832 (26,241,509) (10,867,677)  234,221  1,793,484 (7,719,209) (5,925,725)	14.79 % (5.24)% (1.80)%  9.33 %  13.63 % (2.52)% (1.86)%	\$ 36,828,864 (21,549,528) 15,279,336 778,433 (4,013,464) (5,648,032) (9,661,496)	13.41 % (1.20)% 0.74 % 1.76 % (7.91)% (0.80)%
Current, restricted and other Capital Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Liabilities Current Long-term Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources	Government Cha  \$ 21,455,032	al Activities nge  12.57 % \$ 0.36 % 1.79 %  1.30 %  (15.46)% 0.52 % (0.86)%	Business-type Chang  15,373,832 (26,241,509) (10,867,677)  234,221  1,793,484 (7,719,209) (5,925,725)	14.79 % (5.24)% (1.80)%  9.33 %  13.63 % (2.52)% (1.86)%	\$ 36,828,864 (21,549,528) 15,279,336 778,433 (4,013,464) (5,648,032) (9,661,496)	13.41 % (1.20)% 0.74 % 1.76 % (7.91)% (0.80)%
Current, restricted and other Capital Total assets  Deferred outflows of resources  Liabilities Current Long-term Total liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources  Net position	Government Cha  \$ 21,455,032	al Activities  nge  12.57 % \$ 0.36 %  1.79 %  1.30 %  (15.46)% 0.52 % (0.86)%  (23.44)%	Business-type Chang  15,373,832 (26,241,509) (10,867,677)  234,221  1,793,484 (7,719,209) (5,925,725) (826,385)  (17,057,018) 7,113,754	14.79 % (5.24)% (1.80)%  9.33 %  13.63 % (2.52)% (1.86)%  (19.63)%	\$ 36,828,864 (21,549,528) 15,279,336 778,433 (4,013,464) (5,648,032) (9,661,496) (12,001,314) (8,266,697) 18,842,807	13.41 % (1.20)% 0.74 %  1.76 %  (7.91)% (0.80)% (1.28)%  (23.13)%  (0.61)% 23.76 %
Capital Total assets  Deferred outflows of resources  Liabilities Current Long-term Total liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources  Net position Net investment in capital assets	Government Cha  \$ 21,455,032	al Activities nge  12.57 % \$ 0.36 % 1.79 %  1.30 %  (15.46)% 0.52 % (0.86)%  (23.44)%	Business-type Chang  15,373,832 (26,241,509) (10,867,677)  234,221  1,793,484 (7,719,209) (5,925,725) (826,385)  (17,057,018)	14.79 % (5.24)% (1.80)%  9.33 %  13.63 % (2.52)% (1.86)%  (19.63)%	\$ 36,828,864 (21,549,528) 15,279,336 778,433 (4,013,464) (5,648,032) (9,661,496) (12,001,314) (8,266,697) 18,842,807 27,144,469	13.41 % (1.20)% 0.74 %  1.76 %  (7.91)% (0.80)% (1.28)% (23.13)%

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Governmental Activities

Overall current, unrestricted and other assets increased due mostly to a large increase in cash offset by a decrease in due to other governments. Capital assets increased due to the purchase of equipment and the construction of infrastructure. There was a decline in current liabilities due to timing and a reduction in accounts payable and other accrued expenses, while long-term liabilities increased due to an increase in the postemployment benefits other than pensions. Restrictions of net position increased by \$3.2 million for debt service, \$6.6 million for public safety projects and \$2.4 million for claims and judgments.

#### **Business-type Activities**

Capital assets decreased \$12.5 million due to the sale of a parcel of land and \$19.9 million in depreciation, offset by a \$5.9 million increase in other assets.

Liabilities decreased primarily as a result of making scheduled bond payments and, to a lesser extent, the recording of an increase in estimated net pension liabilities.

In order to enhance this analysis and provide a means for evaluating the City's operating activities, summarized comparative statements of changes in net position, related changes between years, and discussion of selected matters follow:

Summary Statement of Changes in Net Position

<u>-</u>	Governmen	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary	Government
_	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services \$	74,756,754	\$ 63,497,320	\$ 104,807,163	\$ 98,902,913	\$ 179,563,917 \$	162,400,233
Operating grants and contributions	24,516,475	27,229,507	3,034,877	3,019,938	27,551,352	30,249,445
Capital grants and contributions	43,854,707	70,196,112	3,930,962	4,344,083	47,785,669	74,540,195
General revenues			, ,	• •		, ,
Property taxes	53,201,608	50,350,577			53,201,608	50,350,577
Residential construction taxes	426,603	313,837			426,603	313,837
Room taxes	564,601	486,389			564,601	486,389
Franchise fees, based on gross	,	,				,
receipts	21,307,694	21,322,332			21,307,694	21,322,332
Intergovernmental consolidated taxes	49,903,290	47,685,565			49,903,290	47,685,565
Other local government shared	<b>, ,</b>	,,.			<b>, ,</b>	,,
revenues	2,110,967	2,096,928			2,110,967	2,096,928
Unrestricted investment income	1,796,240	1,321,011	7,702	15,803	1,803,942	1,336,814
Gain on disposal of capital assets	183,390	429,109	6,517	21,612	189,907	450,721
Miscellaneous	1,984,280	1,929,753	211,753	216,234	2,196,033	2,145,987
			,			
Total revenues	274,606,609	286,858,440	111,998,974	106,520,583	386,605,583	393,379,023

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Sumn	ary Sta	atement of Chang	ges	in Net Positiion	1				
	Gover	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total Primary Government		
	2016		2015	_	2016		2015	2016		2015
Expenses General government	<b>\$</b> 61,473	, <b>94</b> 1 \$	53,664,007	\$		\$		\$ 61,473,941	\$	53,664,007
Judicial Public safety	5,378 141,730	•	9,060,508 141,315,863					5,378,903 141,730,894		9,060,508 141,315,863
Public works Culture and recreation	<b>14,894</b> 17 <b>,8</b> 11	729	14,375,110 17,359,534					14,894,436 17,811,729		14,375,110 17,359,534
Community support Interest expense and fiscal charges	6,855 7,769	•	7,142,087 6,640,779					6,855,958 7,769,871		7,142,087 6,640,779
Wastewater Water Municipal golf courses					52,437,713 36,490,347 2,555,597		45,235,699 37,550,621 2,407,902	52,437,713 36,490,347 2,555,597		45,235,699 37,550,621 2,407,902
Total expenses	255,915	<u>,732</u>	249,557,888	_	91,483,657	_	85,194,222	347,399,389	_	334,752,110
Change in net position before transfers	18,690	,877	37,300,552		20,515,317		21,326,361	39,206,194		58,626,913
Transfers	22,911	<u>,048</u>	22,548,597	_	(22,911,048)	_	(22,548,597)		_	
Change in net position	41,601	,925	59,849,149		(2,395,731)		(1,222,236)	39,206,194		58,626,913
Net position, beginning of year	1,023,941	,633	964,112,459	-	282,421,436	_	283,643,672	1,306,363,069	-	1,247,756,131
Net position, end of year	\$ <u>1,065,543</u>	<u>,558</u> \$	1,023,941,633	\$_	280,025,705	\$_	282,421,436	\$ <u>1,345,569,263</u>	\$_	1,306,363,069

Summary Statement of Changes in Net Positiion

_	Governmental	Activities	Business-type A	Activities	Total Primary G	overnment
<u>-</u>	Chang	ge	Change	<u> </u>	Change	<del>-</del>
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	11,259,434	17.73 % \$	5,904,250	5.97 % \$	17,163,684	10.57 %
Operating grants and contributions	(2,713,032)	(9.96)%	14,939	0.49 %	(2,698,093)	(8.92)%
Capital grants and contributions	(26,341,405)	(37.53)%	(413,121)	(9.51)%	(26,754,526)	(35.89)%
General revenues	,			, ,		
Property taxes	2,851,031	5.66 %		%	2,851,031	5.66 %
Residential construction taxes	112,766	35. <del>9</del> 3 %		%	112,766	35.93 %
Room taxes	78,212	16.08 %		%	78,212	16.08 %
Franchise fees, based on gross	•				ŕ	
receipts	(14,638)	(0.07)%		%	(14,638)	(0.07)%
Intergovernmental consolidated taxes	2,217,725	4.65 %		%	2,217,725	4.65 %
Other local government shared						
revenues	14,039	0.67 %		%	14,039	0.67 %
Unrestricted investment income	475,229	35.97 %	(8,101)	(51.26)%	467,128	34.94 %
Gain on disposal of capital assets	(245,719)	(57.26)%	(15,095)	(69.85)%	(260,814)	(57.87)%
Miscellaneous	54,527	2.83 %	(4,481)	(2.07)%	50,046	2.33 %
Total revenues	(12,251,831)	(4.27)%	5,478,391	5.14 %	(6,773,440)	(1.72)%

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>G</u> c		Activities	Business-type A	ctivities	Total Primary Government		
		Change		Change		Change	1	
Expenses								
General government	\$	7,809,934	14.55 % \$		% \$	7,809,934	14.55 %	
Judicial		(3,681,605)	(40.63)%		%	(3,681,605)	(40.63)%	
Public safety		415,031	0.29 %		%	415,031	0.29 %	
Public works		519,326	3.61 %		%	519,326	3.61 %	
Culture and recreation		452,195	2.60 %		%	452,195	2.60 %	
Community support		(286,129)	(4.01)%		%	(286,129)	(4.01)%	
Interest expense and fiscal charges		1,129,092	17.00 %		%	1,129,092	17.00 %	
Wastewater			%	7,202,014	15.92 %	7,202,014	15.92 %	
Water			%	(1,060,274)	(2.82)%	(1,060,274)	(2.82)%	
Municipal golf courses	_		%	147,695	6.13 %	147,695	6.13 %	
Total expenses	_	6,357,844	2.55 %	6,289,435	7.38 %	12,647,279	3.78 %	
Change in net position before transfers		(18,609,675)	(49.89)%	(811,044)	(3.80)%	(19,420,719)	(33.13)%	
Transfers		362,451	1.61 %	(362,451)	<u>1.61</u> %		%	
Change in net position		(18,247,224)	(30.49)%	(1,173,495)	96.01 %	(19,420,719)	(33.13)%	
Net position, beginning of year	_	59,829,174	6.21 %	(1,222,236)	(0.43)%	58,606,938	4.70 %	
Net position, end of year	\$	41,601,925	4.06 % \$	(2,395,731)	(0.85)% \$_	39,206,194	3.00 %	

#### Governmental Activities

Capital grants and contributions are largely dependent upon the timing of construction projects. Construction projects can be delayed or cancelled all together, thus reducing grant funding. Capital grants and contributions decreased primarily due to the Regional Transportation Commission delaying funding of the remaining phases of the North 5th Street Project and the completion of other projects, including Losee Road improvements (\$13.0 million), Valley Drive sawtooth infill (\$3.8 million), and Centennial Parkway improvements (\$6.3 million).

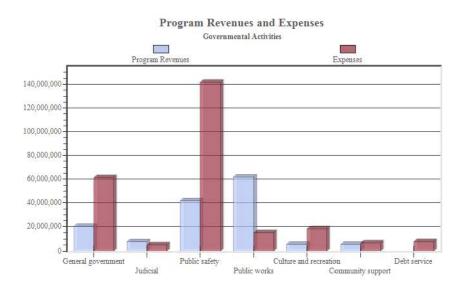
However, the biggest increase in charges for services relates to the City's internal service funds. The City maintains reserves in its motor equipment fund for the purchase of vehicles and equipment that are funded through charges to other funds and their user departments. During the year, the City increased its reserves to match the needs of its aging fleet by increasing user fees (approximately \$5.0 million). In addition, the City is self-insured and maintains a workers' compensation internal service fund. Due to significant increases in workers' compensation claims over the last few years, the reserves in this fund had declined so the City increased related charges for services (approximately \$5.5 million) during the year.

#### **Business-type Activities**

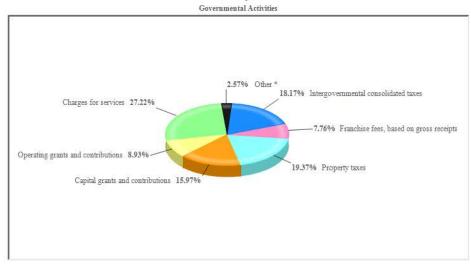
The change in revenues is primarily due to a 3% rate increase in both utility funds and, to a lesser extent, an increase of customers. The increase in expenses resulted from an \$8.4 million non-cash loss on the sale of land in the wastewater utility fund, offset primarily by reductions in staffing. Some of the savings were offset by increases in equipment and the utility system maintenance, which is intended to avoid more costly major repairs.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



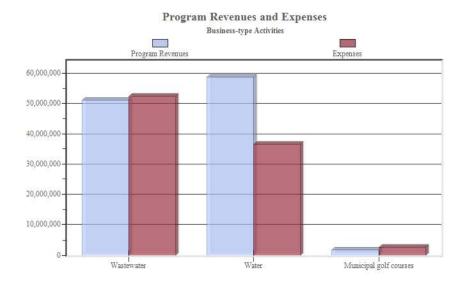
# Revenues by Source

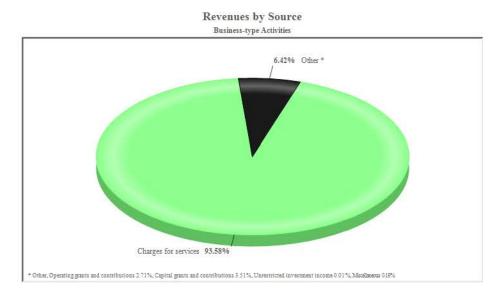


#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The following graphs provide expense and program revenue information with regard to the various functions of the City's business type activities and revenues sources:





#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Governmental Funds

The following tables summarized selected information about the City's governmental funds and changes during the year:

Total Assets -	Governmen	tal Funds					
		2016		2015		Change	
General Fund Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund Aggregate Other Governmental Funds	\$	20,767,101 11,730,763 96,120,429	\$	19,187,498 7,014,733 98,149,139	\$	1,579,603 4,716,030 (2,028,710)	8.23 % 67.23 % (2.07)%
Total Liabilities	- Governme	ntal Funds					
	2016			2015		Change	
General Fund Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund Aggregate Other Governmental Funds	\$	6,814,300 393,162 8,536,541	\$	6,536,025 1,339,410 15,604,179	\$	278,275 (946,248) (7,067,638)	4.26 % (70.65)% (45.29)%
Total Fund Balan	ce - Governr	nental Funds					
		2016		2015		Change	
General Fund Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund Aggregate Other Governmental Funds	\$	13,896,274 11,126,972 87,463,382	\$	12,596,352 5,472,314 82,578,411	\$	1,299,922 5,654,658 4,884,971	10.32 % 103.33 % 5.92 %
Total Revenues	- Governme	ntal Funds					
		2016		2015		Change	
General Fund Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund Aggregate Other Governmental Funds	\$	112,178,554 30,346,998 85,315,281	\$	108,872,638 28,966,471 111,277,147	\$	3,305,916 1,380,527 (25,961,866)	3.04 % 4.77 % (23.33)%
Total Expenditure	es - Governn	nental Funds					
		2016		2015		Change	
General Fund Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund Aggregate Other Governmental Funds	\$	123,504,882 23,920,214 90,654,343	\$	116,298,997 26,601,267 117,259,800	\$	7,205,885 (2,681,053) (26,605,457)	6.20 % (10.08)% (22.69)%
Total Other Financing Sou	rces (Uses) -	Governmenta	l Fu	ınds			
		2016		2015		Change	
General Fund Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund Aggregate Other Governmental Funds	\$	12,626,250 (772,126) 10,224,033		11,944,011 (205,080) 10,322,837		682,239 (567,046) (98,804)	5.71 % 276.50 % (0.96)%

Of the above fund balances, \$0.1 million is categorized as nonspendable, \$95.1 million as restricted, \$0.8 million as committed, \$207.0 million as assigned, and \$13.8 million as unassigned.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The City reports both major and non-major funds, and as such, major funds are reported in a separate column in the entity-wide statements, while nonmajor funds are reported in a single aggregated column. By definition, the general fund is always considered a major fund. Funds must be reported as major funds if they meet both of the following criteria:

An individual fund reports at least 10% of any of the following: a) total assets, b) total liabilities, c) total revenues, or d) total expenditures/expenses.

An individual fund reports at least five percent of the aggregated total for both governmental funds and enterprise funds of any one of the items for which it met the 10 percent criterion.

General Fund - The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The general fund's assets increased primarily as a result of increases in cash, cash equivalents, and investments as previously discussed, offset by a \$2.4 million reduction in deposits associated with prefunding payroll for the pay period ended June 26, 2015, which was not paid until July 2, 2015. Its liabilities increased due to there being two additional days included in accrued payroll. Fund balance increased because management continues to implement cost-savings measures, while revenues continue to climb. Expenditures increased due to higher internal service fund charges to establish vehicle replacement and workers compensation reserves.

Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund - This fund accounts for voter-approved property tax overrides to be used exclusively for public safety programs. Total assets increased primarily because revenues increased while expenditures decreased. In other words, tax revenues outpaced expenditures. Liabilities decreased due to lower accrued payroll costs (vacated positions have not been filled) and amounts due to the City of Las Vegas related to the detention facility have been brought current.

Aggregate Other Governmental Funds - Liabilities decreased due to a decline in construction activity and the completion of carryover projects. This also accounts for the reduction in revenues and expenditures which declined by similar amounts.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The following tables summarize selected information about the City's Proprietary Funds and changes during the year:

Total Asse	ts - Proprietar	y Funds					
	_	2016		2015	Change		
Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund Water Utility Enterprise Fund Aggregate Other Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds	\$	429,996,341 163,441,597 5,510,273 60,339,429	\$	441,990,937 \$ 161,219,141 6,057,182 44,469,907	(11,994,596) 2,222,456 (546,909) 15,869,522	(2.71)% 1.38 % (9.03)% 35.69 %	
Total Liabili	ties - Propriet	ary Funds					
	_	2016	_	2015	Change		
Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund Water Utility Enterprise Fund Aggregate Other Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds	\$	281,074,703 32,072,692 221,064 32,511,967	\$	286,644,694 \$ 33,934,296 211,970 28,737,650	(5,569,991) (1,861,604) 9,094 3,774,317	(1.94)% (5.49)% 4.29 % 13.13 %	

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		2016		2015	Cha	
	_	2016	-	(Restated)	Change	
Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund Water Utility Enterprise Fund Aggregate Other Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds	\$	148,667,927 130,987,142 5,287,290 27,757,951		154,656,878 \$ 126,277,847 5,843,576 15,549,884	(5,988,951) 4,709,295 (556,286) 12,208,067	(3.87)% 3.73 % (9.52)% 78.51 %
Tota	al Operating Revenues - Pro	prietary Funds				
		2016	_	2015	Change	
Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund Water Utility Enterprise Fund Aggregate Other Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds	\$	44,709,311 58,425,234 1,884,371 40,742,095		42,411,927 \$ 54,749,159 1,958,061 30,740,968	2,297,384 3,676,075 (73,690) 10,001,127	5.42 % 6.71 % (3.76)% 32.53 %
Tot	al Operating Expenses - Pro	prietary Funds				
	<u> </u>	2016	_	2015	Change	
Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund Water Utility Enterprise Fund Aggregate Other Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds	\$	29,065,188 36,007,347 2,553,694 29,140,408		29,928,373 \$ 36,973,673 2,406,323 25,821,612	(863,185) (966,326) 147,371 3,318,796	(2.88)% (2.61)% 6.12 % 12.85 %
Total Nonoperating Revenues	(Expenses), Capital Contrib	outions and Tra	unsf	ers - Proprietary l	Funds	
		2016		2015	Change	
Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund Water Utility Enterprise Fund Aggregate Other Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds	\$	(21,633,074) (17,708,592) 113,037 606,380		(13,688,302) \$ (17,641,902) 778,434 3,029,973	(7,944,772) (66,690) (665,397) (2,423,593)	58.04 % 0.38 % (85.48)% (79.99)%

The City's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, but in more detail. Selected information related to the City's proprietary funds follows:

Wastewater Utility Fund - Total assets of the wastewater utility fund decreased due to the sale of land that was originally purchased for the site of a water treatment facility, which is no longer required sine an alternative site was used. The City determined that it was better to sell the property than holding on for some future unknown development. Total liabilities decreased due to scheduled repayments of outstanding bonds. The decrease in net position was the result of an \$8.4 million loss on the sale of land. In other words, net position would have increased approximately \$2.4 million if not for the non-cash loss on the sale of the land. This otherwise improvement is the result of rate increases that began in 2010 when the City decided to implement 3% annual increases (both for wastewater and water) to avoid large one-time increases. In addition, the number of customers increased. Operating expenses for both utilities declined as a result of not filling vacancies and the reallocation of certain utility employees' payroll and benefit costs who were performing capital project services for other funds of the City.

Water Utility Fund - Total assets increased as a result of capital projects. Liabilities decreased due to scheduled debt repayments. Rate increases as previously discussed accounted for the increase in net position and revenues.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Budgetary Highlights for General Fund

The following table summarizes selected budgetary information about the City's General Fund:

#### Summary of Selected General Fund Budget to Actual Information

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Total Revenues Total Expenditures	\$	108,687,797 123,510,329	\$	108,870,389 123,878,711	\$	112,178,554 123,504,882	\$	3,308,165 373,829
Total Fund Balance		10,709,043		12,982,993		13,896,274		913,281

Investment income, licenses and permits, and intergovernmental consolidated taxes each exceeded appropriations by approximately \$1.0 million in the last quarter of the year outside of the June budget augmentation process.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

#### Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2016, the City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities amounts to \$1.77 billion (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, infrastructure, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.2%.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

Simmons Street improvements (\$9.5 million), consisting of the construction of three traffic lanes in each direction, a center median, LED street lighting, traffic control devices and concrete sidewalks in the developed sections.

North 5th Street Project (\$8.5 million), which is proposed, upon ultimate build-out, as an eight-lane super arterial which would provide for high volume north-south travel and is being funded by the Nevada Department of Transportation and Regional Transportation Commission.

Colton Avenue channel improvements (\$4.4 million), consisting of the design and construction of one mile of round catch basin storm drain. This improvement will reduce the flooding along this industrial roadway.

Brooks Avenue channel improvements (\$4.3 million) consisting of the design and construction of concrete channel and box culverts. These channel improvements will reduce flooding in the industrial area of Losee Road and Brooks Avenue.

Losee Road improvements (\$2.9 million) consisting of the design, right-of-way acquisition, and construction of six travel lanes with traffic control devices and localized drainage improvements, emergency breakdown lanes, curb, gutter, sidewalk and streetlights.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3 beginning on page 55 of this report.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Long-term Debt

Pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes, the State limits the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may issue to 20% of its total assessed valuation. The current statutory debt limitation for the City is \$1.23 billion, which is significantly in excess of the City's actual outstanding applicable net general obligation debt of \$807.4 million.

Additional information on the City's long term debt can be found in Note 3 beginning on page 58 of this report.

#### Known Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

In looking to the future, the City has budgeted general fund revenues to be \$114.5 million for 2017, up \$5.5 million. As most revenues are expected to remain flat or show modest increases, intergovernmental consolidated taxes (primarily consisting of sales taxes) is expected to increase to approximately \$52.1 million, up \$2.7 million. Additionally, property taxes revenue is estimated to increase by approximately 1.9%

The City has budgeted appropriations to be \$131.6 million in 2017, up \$7.6 million, primarily for 58 net additional positions (\$5.2 million) and capital improvement projects related to information technology (\$1.1 million). The City continues to strive to balance its contractually-recurring expenditures with its contractually-recurring revenues by renegotiating recurring service and supply contracts and working together with its employee bargaining groups in an effort to stabilize employee costs and related benefits.

The City's adopted operating and capital improvement budgets totals \$366.7 million and \$149.5 million, respectively.

Property taxes revenue account for approximately 5.9% of general fund revenues. During fiscal year 2005, the State of Nevada enacted legislation that provided for a partial abatement of property taxes going forward. The level of abatement is based on the type and use of the property, but generally, if the property is a primary residence, then the abatement is the amount of taxes that exceeded the prior year's tax bill plus a maximum of 3.0%. Non-residential property tax increases are capped at a maximum of 8.0% year-over-year, or less depending on the related forumla. For the upcoming tax year, both are capped at 0.2% increase. Assessed property values exceeded the caps for abatement. Caps were also exceed in the prior year.

Pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes, diseases of the lungs and heart are considered occupational diseases for firefighters and police officers. Specifically, the statutes provide that a disease of the lung and/or heart is conclusively presumed to have arisen out of and in the course of employment and as such, are compensable with regard to workers' compensation benefits. Further, the statutes permit claims to be reopened at any time during the life of the claimant for further examination and treatment should circumstances change which would warrant an increase or rearrangement of compensation.

At issue is the cost of workers' compensation benefits and settlement costs that the City will presumably incur beginning over the next ten years as the age and gross number of the City's covered police and fire safety workforce increases. It could be further assumed that a large portion of the police and fire safety workforce will develop some form of lung and/or heart disease as part of the natural process of aging, yet the City would be financially accountable for all the disability benefits as it would be conclusively determined that the disease arose out of and/or in connection with employment with the City. As a result, the cost to the City for disability and death benefits to claimants under these statutes could very well cause a significant financial hardship over a short period of time and/or result in a reduction of related safety services.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, City of North Las Vegas, 2250 Las Vegas Boulevard North, Suite 710, North Las Vegas, Nevada, 89030-5875.



# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# **JUNE 30, 2016**

	Pains our Correspondent			
	Primary Government			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
	Activities	Activities	10121	
ASSETS				
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, unrestricted	\$ 149,159,310	\$ 77,636,554 \$	226,795,864	
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, restricted	2,504,065	7,113,754	9,617,819	
Accounts receivable, net	5,359,103	14,522,056	19,881,159	
Grants receivable	8,452,417	,,	8,452,417	
Property taxes receivable	1,464,101		1,464,101	
Special assessments receivable	67,198		67,198	
Interest receivable	3,241		3,241	
Due from other governments	12,945,492	608,200	13,553,692	
Inventories	258,143	3,063,055	3,321,198	
Prepaid land lease, net of amortization		20,625,000	20,625,000	
Other prepaid items	505,099	673,126	1,178,225	
Refundable deposits		5,785	5,785	
Property held for resale	6,426,980		6,426,980	
Internal balances	4,938,162	(4,938,162)		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization				
Construction in progress	234,669,636	22,687,717	257,357,353	
Land	190,849,389	3,005,336	193,854,725	
Buildings and building improvements	165,575,987	74,041,634	239,617,621	
Improvements other than buildings	50,004,524	40,502,623	90,507,147	
Infrastructure	647,955,665	330,372,443	978,328,108	
Machinery, equipment and software	9,411,682	4,090,928	13,502,610	
Total assets	1,490,550,194	594,010,049	2,084,560,243	
	'			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unamortized deferred refunding charges	12,648,385		12,648,385	
Unamortized amounts related to pensions	29,624,500	2,745,773	32,370,273	
Total deferred outflows of resources	42,272,885	2,745,773	45,018,658	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other accrued expenses	10,147,612	1,990,255	12,137,867	
Accrued salaries and benefits	16,447,497	208,512	16,656,009	
Due to other governments	1,078,980	6,223,256	7,302,236	
Customer deposits	49,614	4,211,318	4,260,932	
Unearned revenue	2,680,745	43,133	2,723,878	
Interest payable	1,340,667	2,277,688	3,618,355	
Long-term liabilities, due within one year Bonds and notes payable	4 774 200	7 070 229	11 044 670	
Compensated absences	4,774,300	7,070,328	11,844,628	
•	4,211,866	416,677	4,628,543	
Long-term liabilities, due in more than one year  Bonds and notes payable, net of unamortized premiums and discounts	150,155,686	269,875,072	420,030,758	
Compensated absences	34,404,834	3,403,645	37,808,479	
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	15,305,563	J, TUJ, CPT, C	15,305,563	
Net pension liability	190,180,735	17,627,067	207,807,802	
Net pension hability	150,160,733	17,027,007	207,007,602	
Total liabilities	430,778,099	313,346,951	744,125,050	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unamortized amounts related to pensions	36,501,422	3,383,166	39,884,588	
Chambrazou amounts retains to pensions	J0,J01,722	2,202,100	22,007,200	

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

# **JUNE 30, 2016**

	Pı	Primary Government			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	1,156,185,282	197,755,281	1,353,940,563		
Restricted for					
Debt service	7,617,874	7,113,754	14,731,628		
Street improvments projects	9,250,793		9,250,793		
Other capital projects	21,690,691		21,690,691		
Police, fire and other public safety programs and projects	29,429,130		29,429,130		
Parks, cultural and other recreational programs	3,320,286		3,320,286		
Library district operations	461,755		461,755		
Courts and other judical programs	1,708,381		1,708,381		
Community assistance and support programs	15,122,644		15,122,644		
Claims and judgements	2,400,000		2,400,000		
Other	19,103		19,103		
Unrestricted	(181,662,381)	75,156,670	(106,505,711)		
Total net position	\$ <u>1,065,543,558</u>	\$ 280,025,705	\$ <u>1,345,569,263</u>		

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		]	Program Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in Net Position				
			Operating Grants	Capital Grants					
		Charges for	and	and	Governmental	Business-type			
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total		
FUNCTION/PROGRAM									
Governmental activities									
General government	\$ 61,473,941	\$ 20,458,488	\$ 18,962	\$	\$ (40,996,491) \$	\$	\$ (40,996,491)		
Judicial	5,378,903	7,917,230	•		2,538,327		2,538,327		
Public safety	141,730,894	28,359,209	13,332,475		(100,039,210)		(100,039,210)		
Public works	14,894,436	10,860,642	7,020,590	43,854,707	46,841,503		46,841,503		
Culture and recreation	17,811,729	5,633,416	213,588		(11,964,725)		(11,964,725)		
Community support	6,855,958	1,527,769	3,930,860		(1,397,329)		(1,397,329)		
Debt service									
Interest expense and fiscal charges	7,769,871				(7,769,871)		(7,769,871)		
Total governmental activities	255,915,732	74,756,754	24,516,475	43,854,707	(112,787,796)		(112,787,796)		
Business-type activities									
Wastewater	52,437,713	44,544,995	3,034,877	3,656,382		(1,201,459)	(1,201,459)		
Water	36,490,347	58,417,333		274,580		22,201,566	22,201,566		
Municipal golf courses	2,555,597	1,844,835				(710,762)	(710,762)		
Total business-type activities	91,483,657	104,807,163	3,034,877	3,930,962		20,289,345	20,289,345		
Total function/program	\$ <u>347,399,389</u>	\$ 179,563,917	\$ 27,551,352	\$ 47,785,669	(112,787,796)	20,289,345	(92,498,451)		

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Program Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in Net Position				
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
GENERAL REVENUES									
Property taxes					53,201,608		53,201,608		
Residential construction taxes					426,603		426,603		
Room taxes					564,601		564,601		
Franchise fees, based on gross receipts					21,307,694		21,307,694		
Intergovernmental consolidated taxes Other local government shared revenues					49,903,290 2,110,967		49,903,290 2,110,967		
Unrestricted investment income					1,796,240	7,702	1,803,942		
Gain on disposal of capital assets					183,390	6,517	189,907		
Miscellaneous					1,984,280	211,753	2,196,033		
Total general revenues					131,478,673	225,972	131,704,645		
Transfers					22,911,048	(22,911,048)			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					41,601,925	(2,395,731)	39,206,194		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY									
REPORTED Adjustment					1,023,941,633	283,907,051 (1,485,615)	1,307,848,684 (1,485,615)		
NET POSITION BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS ADJUSTED					1,023,941,633	282,421,436	1,306,363,069		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR					\$ <u>1,065,543,558</u>	\$ 280,025,705	\$ <u>1,345,569,263</u>		

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund Public Safety Tax	Aggregate Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net	\$ 6,797,015 4,407,437		\$ 75,981,466 963,887	\$ 93,763,155 5,390,025
Grants receivable Property taxes receivable	4,774 386,877		8,412,287 351,036	8,417,061 1,464,101
Interest receivable Special assessments receivable	000,011	,20,200	3,241 67,198	3,241 67,198
Prepaid items	127,919		11 <b>,92</b> 1	141,040
Due from other governments Property held for resale	9,043,079		3,902,413 6,426,980	12,945,492 6,426,980
Total assets	\$20,767,101	\$11,730,763	\$96,120,429	\$ 128,618,293
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 718 <b>,</b> 030	\$ 26,698	<b>\$</b> 5,544,333	\$ <b>6,289,06</b> 1
Accrued salaries and benefits	4,895,277	306,797	252,657	5,454,731
Due to other funds Due to other governments	102,447 819,547		30,550 254,687	192,664 1,074,234
Customer deposits Unearned revenue	42,958 236,041		9,610 2,444,704	52,568 2,680,745
Total liabilities	6,814,300	393,162	8,536,541	15,744,003
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues	56,527	210,629	120,506	387,662
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	6,870,827	603,791	8,657,047	16,131,665
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable				
Prepaid items	127,919	1,200	11,921	141,040
Land held for resale Restricted for			6,426,980	6,426,980
Debt service Street improvments projects			7,617,874 9,250,793	7,617,874 9,250,793
Other capital projects		11 105 550	21,690,691	21,690,691
Police, fire and other public safety programs and projects Parks, cultural and other recreational programs		11,125,772	18,303,358 3,320,286	29,429,130 3,320,286
Library district operations			461,755	461,755
Courts and other judical programs  Community assistance and support programs			1,708,381 15,122,644	1,708,381 15,122,644
Other Committed to			19,103	19,103
Police, fire and other public safety programs and projects Community assistance and support programs Assigned to	27,369		770,075	27,369 770,075
Parks, cultural and other recreational programs			2,732,597	2,732,597
Unassigned	13,740,986		26,924	13,767,910
Total fund balances	13,896,274	11,126,972	87,463,382	112,486,628
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ <u>20,767,101</u>	\$ <u>11,730,763</u>	\$ <u>96,120,429</u>	\$ <u>128,618,293</u>

# RECONCILATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2016

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$	112,486,628
Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds:  Capital assets  Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,832,333,908 (535,462,741)		,296,871,167
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period; and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds:  Bonds payable  Unamortized premiums and discounts  Unamortized deferred refunding charges  Compensated absences payable  Net pension liability  Deferred outflows related to pensions  Deferred inflows related to pensions	(152,889,300) (2,040,686) 12,648,385 (38,188,416) (188,258,408) 29,325,058 (36,132,469)	) ) )	(375,535,836)
Other liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds:  Interest payable	(1,340,667)	1	(1,340,667)
Unavailable revenue represents amounts that were not available to fund current expenditures; and therefore, are not reported in governmental funds:  Unavailable revenue	387,662		387,662
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds:  Internal service fund assets and liabilities included in governmental activities in the statement of net position  Internal service fund balance receivable from business-type activities from cummulative prior years' activity  Internal service fund balance receivable from business-type activities from current year activity	27,757,951 4,356,865 559,789	_	32,674,605
NET POSITION, GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ <u>1</u>	,065,543,558

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Public Safety   Public Safet			Special Revenue Fund		
Properly taxes		General Fund	•	Governmental	Governmental
Properly taxes					
Residential construction taxes		¢ 9.052.022	¢ 20 227 500	¢ 14.700.224.0	52 197 044
Room taxes	• •	ф 6,032,022	φ 50,557,566		
Prunchise fees					-
Cisenses and permits   15,470,650   15,470,650   Special assessments   2,167,784   2,167,784   Charges for services   5,724,957   6,326   2,996,929   8,728,212   14,7290   14		21.307.694		501,001	
Special assessments					
Charges for services		., ,		2,167,784	
Hotergovernmental		5,724,957	6,326		
Fines and forfeitures	Intergovernmental consolidated taxes	49,903,290	•		49,903,290
Contributions         1,600         20,730         22,330           Rents and royalties         568,094         97,000         665,094           Investment income         1,363,934         215,857         1,579,791           Miscellaneous         581,913         3,084         2,690,639         3,194,605           Total revenues         581,913         3,084         2,690,639         3,194,605           EXPENDITURES           Current         21,617,683         347,911         21,965,594           Judicial         5,077,945         23,920,214         18,252,383         126,551,614           Public safety         84,378,262         23,920,214         18,252,383         126,551,614           Public works         2,361,534         4,750,381         13,154,565           Counting wayport         1,685,556         4,750,381         13,174,605           Total current         7,590         1,073,003         18,174,606           Capital outlay         1,080,937         4,750,381         13,174,606           Capital outlay         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public works         7,590         7,590         7,598         7,598	Intergovernmental	4,278,389		60,942,509	65,220,898
Rents and royalties         568,094         97,000         665,094           Investment income         1,363,934         2,15,857         1,579,791           Miscellaneous         31,913         3,084         2,690,639         3,134,656           Total revenues         1112,178,554         30,346,998         85,315,281         227,840,833           EXPENDITURES           Cerrent         21,617,683         347,911         21,965,594           Judicial         5,077,945         15,016,19         5,885,64           Public safety         84,378,262         23,920,214         18,252,538         126,551,014           Public works         2,361,534         5,417,491         7,779,025         1,779,025	Fines and forfeitures	4,926,011		475,295	5,401,306
Miscellaneous   1,36,3934   2,60,639   3,10,4636   Total revenues   581,913   3,084   3,10,813   3,084   3,10,813   3,10,81		1,600		20,730	22,330
Miscellaneous         581/913         3,084         2,609,639         3,194,636           Total revenues         112,178,554         30,346,998         85,315,281         227,840,833           EXPENDITURES           Current           General government         21,617,683         347,911         21,965,594           Judicial         5,077,945         510,619         5,588,564           Public safety         84,378,262         23,920,214         18,252,538         126,551,014           Public works         2,361,534         5,417,491         7,779,025           Community support         1,645,556         5,090,497         6,736,053           Total current         7,590         1,073,003         1,8174,605           General government         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public safety         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751           Public safety         1,073,003         1,080,993         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public safety         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,886,952         2,500,500         2,737,302         <		,		97,000	•
EXPENDITURES					
Current   Curr	Miscellaneous				
Current         Current         21,617,683         347,911         21,965,594           Judicial         5,077,945         510,619         5,588,564           Public safety         84,378,262         23,920,214         18,252,538         126,510,104           Public works         2,361,534         5,417,491         7,779,025         Culture and recreation         8,403,975         4,750,381         13,154,356           Community support         1,645,556         23,920,214         34,369,437         181,774,606           Capital outlay         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public safety         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public works         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public works         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public works         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public safety         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751           Public works         37,848,747         37,848,747         37,848,747           Community support         5,237,204         44,352,204         44,372,831           Debt service         Principal payments         4,534,700         4,534,700	Total revenues	112,178,554	30,346,998	<u>85,315,281</u>	227,840,833
Ceneral government   21,617,683   347,911   21,965,594   Judicial   5,077,945   510,619   5,588,564   Public safety   84,378,262   23,920,214   18,252,538   126,551,014   Public works   2,361,534   5,417,491   7,779,025   Culture and recreation   8,403,975   4,750,381   13,154,356   Community support   1,645,556   5,909,497   6,736,053   Total current   123,484,955   23,920,214   34,369,437   181,774,606	EXPENDITURES				
Judicial   S,077,945   S,10,619   S,588,564   Public safety   84,378,262   23,920,214   18,225,338   126,551,149   17,779,025   18,225,338   126,551,149   17,779,025   18,225,338   13,154,356   18,403,975   18,475,381   13,154,356   18,403,975   18,4750,381   13,154,356   18,403,975   18,455,556   18,456,437   18,174,606   18,449,555   18,449,555   18,469,437   18,174,606   18,449,555   18,469,437   18,174,606   18,449,555   18,469,437   18,174,606   18,449,555   18,469,437   18,	Current				
Public safety         84,378,262         23,920,214         18,252,538         126,551,014           Public works         2,361,534         5,417,491         7,779,025           Culture and recreation         8,403,975         4,750,381         13,154,356           Community support         1,645,556         5,090,497         6,736,053           Total current         7,590         1,073,003         1,805,593           Capital outlay         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public safety         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751           Public works         12,337         2,874,615         2,886,952           Community support         12,337         2,874,615         2,886,952           Community support         19,927         44,352,904         44,372,831           Debt service         75,788         75,788         75,788           Total capital outlay         19,927         44,354,700         4,534,700           Interest and fiscal charges         2,392,214         90,654,343         238,079,393           Total expenditures         123,504,882         23,920,214         90,654,343         238,079,439           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (11,326,328)	General government	21,617,683		347,911	21,965,594
Public works         2,361,534         5,417,491         7,779,025           Culture and recreation         8,403,975         4,750,381         13,154,356           Community support         1,645,556         5,090,497         6,736,053           Total current         123,484,955         23,920,214         34,369,437         181,774,606           Capital outlay           General government         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public safety         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751           Public works         37,848,747         37,848,747         37,848,747           Culture and recreation         12,337         2,874,615         2,886,952           Community support         75,788         75,788         75,788           Total capital outlay         19,927         44,352,904         44,372,831           Debt service         7,397,302         7,397,302         7,397,302           Total debt service         11,932,002         11,932,002         11,932,002           Total expenditures         123,504,882         23,920,214         90,654,343         238,079,439           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (11,326,328)         6,426,784         (5,339,062)<		5,077,945		510,619	5,588,564
Culture and recreation         8,403,975 (community support)         4,750,381 (5,090,497)         13,154,356 (5,736,053)           Total current         1,645,556 (23,920,214)         34,369,437 (181,774,606)           Capital outlay         7,590 (2480,751)         2,480,751 (2480,751)           Public safety         2,480,751 (2480,751)         2,480,751 (2480,751)           Public works         37,848,747 (2480,751)         2,874,615 (2,886,952)           Community support         12,337 (2,874,615 (2,886,952)         2,874,615 (2,886,952)           Community support         75,788 (75,788 (75,788))         75,788 (75,788)           Total capital outlay         19,927 (4,352,904 (4,352,904 (4,372,831))           Debt service         Principal payments         4,534,700 (4,334,700)         4,534,700 (4,334,700)           Interest and fiscal charges         7,397,302 (7,397,302)         7,397,302 (7,397,302)         7,397,302 (7,397,302)           Total expenditures         123,504,882 (23,920,214 (90,654,343) (238,079,439)         238,079,439           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (11,326,328) (6,426,784 (5,339,062) (10,238,606)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         (500,000) (7,872,223) (14,287,109)           Contingencies         (500,000) (7,872,223) (14,287,109)           Proceeds from capital asset disposal         226,642 (4,874	Public safety	84,378,262	23,920,214	18,252,538	126,551,014
Community support         1,645,556         5,090,497         6,736,053           Total current         123,484,955         23,920,214         34,369,437         181,774,606           Capital outlay         General government         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public safety         2,480,751         2,480,751         2480,751           Public works         37,848,747         37,848,747         37,848,747           Culture and recreation         12,337         2,874,615         2,886,952           Community support         19,927         44,352,904         44,372,831           Debt service         Principal payments         4,534,700         4,534,700           Interest and fiscal charges         7,397,302         7,397,302           Total expenditures         123,504,882         23,920,214         90,654,343         238,079,439           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (11,326,328)         6,426,784         (5,339,062)         (10,238,606)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,0	Public works			5,417,491	7,779,025
Total current         123,484,955         23,920,214         34,369,437         181,774,606           Capital outlay         General government         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public safety         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751           Public works         37,848,747         37,848,747         37,848,747           Culture and recreation         12,337         2,874,615         2,886,952           Community support         75,788         75,788         75,788           Total capital outlay         19,927         44,352,904         44,372,831           Debt service         Principal payments         4,534,700         4,534,700           Interest and fiscal charges         7,397,302         7,397,302         7,397,302           Total expenditures         123,504,882         23,920,214         90,654,343         238,079,439           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (11,326,328)         6,426,784         (5,339,062)         (10,238,606)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)	Culture and recreation				13,154,356
Capital outlay         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public safety         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751           Public works         37,848,747         37,848,747         37,848,747         37,848,747         37,848,747         2,874,615         2,886,952         2,874,615         2,886,952         2,874,615         2,886,952         2,874,615         2,886,952         2,874,615         2,886,952         2,874,615         2,886,952         2,75,788         75,798         73,97,302         7,397,302         7,397,302         7,397,302         7,397,302         7,397	Community support				
General government         7,590         1,073,003         1,080,593           Public safety         2,480,751         2,480,751         2,480,751           Public works         37,848,747         37,848,747         37,848,747           Culture and recreation         12,337         2,874,615         2,886,952           Community support         75,788         75,788         75,788           Total capital outlay         19,927         44,352,904         44,372,831           Debt service         Principal payments         4,534,700         4,534,700           Interest and fiscal charges         7,397,302         7,397,302         7,397,302           Total expenditures         11,932,002         11,932,002         11,932,002           Total expenditures         123,504,882         23,920,214         90,654,343         238,079,439           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (11,326,328)         6,426,784         (5,339,062)         (10,238,606)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)           Proceeds from capital asset disposal         226,042         4,874         36,193         267,109           Transfers out         (10,622,441)         (777,000)	Total current	123,484,955	23,920,214	34,369,437	181,774,606
Public safety         2,480,751         2,480,751           Public works         37,848,747         37,848,747           Culture and recreation         12,337         2,874,615         2,886,952           Community support         75,788         75,788         75,788           Total capital outlay         19,927         44,352,904         44,372,831           Debt service         Principal payments         4,534,700         4,534,700           Interest and fiscal charges         7,397,302         7,397,302         7,397,302           Total expenditures         123,504,882         23,920,214         90,654,343         238,079,439           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (11,326,328)         6,426,784         (5,339,062)         (10,238,606)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)           Proceeds from capital asset disposal         226,042         4,874         36,193         267,109           Transfers out         (10,622,441)         (777,000)         (7,872,223)         (19,271,664)	Capital outlay				
Public safety         2,480,751         2,480,751           Public works         37,848,747         37,848,747           Culture and recreation         12,337         2,874,615         2,886,952           Community support         75,788         75,788         75,788           Total capital outlay         19,927         44,352,904         44,372,831           Debt service         Principal payments         4,534,700         4,534,700           Interest and fiscal charges         7,397,302         7,397,302         7,397,302           Total debt service         11,932,002         11,932,002         11,932,002           Total expenditures         123,504,882         23,920,214         90,654,343         238,079,439           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (11,326,328)         6,426,784         (5,339,062)         (10,238,606)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)           Proceeds from capital asset disposal         226,042         4,874         36,193         267,109           Transfers out         (10,622,441)         (777,000)         (7,872,223)         (19,271,664)	General government	7,590		1,073,003	1,080,593
Culture and recreation         12,337         2,874,615         2,886,952           Community support         75,788         75,788           Total capital outlay         19,927         44,352,904         44,372,831           Debt service         Principal payments         4,534,700         4,534,700           Interest and fiscal charges         7,397,302         7,397,302           Total debt service         11,932,002         11,932,002           Total expenditures         123,504,882         23,920,214         90,654,343         238,079,439           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (11,326,328)         6,426,784         (5,339,062)         (10,238,606)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         (500,000)         (500,000)         (500,000)           Proceeds from capital asset disposal         226,042         4,874         36,193         267,109           Transfers in         23,522,649         18,060,063         41,582,712           Transfers out         (10,622,441)         (777,000)         (7,872,223)         (19,271,664)	Public safety				2,480,751
Community support         75,788         75,788           Total capital outlay         19,927         44,352,904         44,372,831           Debt service         Principal payments         4,534,700         4,534,700         4,534,700           Interest and fiscal charges         7,397,302         7,397,302         7,397,302           Total debt service         11,932,002         11,932,002           Total expenditures         123,504,882         23,920,214         90,654,343         238,079,439           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (11,326,328)         6,426,784         (5,339,062)         (10,238,606)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Contingencies         (500,000)         Proceeds from capital asset disposal         226,042         4,874         36,193         267,109           Transfers in         23,522,649         18,060,063         41,582,712           Transfers out         (10,622,441)         (777,000)         (7,872,223)         (19,271,664)	Public works				37,848,747
Total capital outlay         19,927         44,352,904         44,372,831           Debt service         Principal payments         4,534,700         4,534,700         4,534,700         4,534,700         7,397,302         7,397,302         7,397,302         7,397,302         7,397,302         11,932,002         11,932,002         11,932,002         11,932,002         11,932,002         11,932,002         11,932,002         10,238,606 <td>Culture and recreation</td> <td>12,337</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2,886,952</td>	Culture and recreation	12,337			2,886,952
Debt service   Principal payments   4,534,700   4,534,700   1,534,700   1,534,700   1,397,302   7,397,302   7,397,302   11,932,002	Community support				
Principal payments         4,534,700         4,534,700           Interest and fiscal charges         7,397,302         7,397,302           Total debt service         11,932,002         11,932,002           Total expenditures         123,504,882         23,920,214         90,654,343         238,079,439           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (11,326,328)         6,426,784         (5,339,062)         (10,238,606)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         (500,000)	Total capital outlay	19,927		44,352,904	44,372,831
Interest and fiscal charges	Debt service				
Interest and fiscal charges	Principal payments			4,534,700	4,534,700
Total debt service         11,932,002         11,932,002           Total expenditures         123,504,882         23,920,214         90,654,343         238,079,439           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES         (11,326,328)         6,426,784         (5,339,062)         (10,238,606)           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	Interest and fiscal charges			7,397,302	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (11,326,328) 6,426,784 (5,339,062) (10,238,606)  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Contingencies (500,000)  Proceeds from capital asset disposal 226,042 4,874 36,193 267,109  Transfers in 23,522,649 18,060,063 41,582,712  Transfers out (10,622,441) (777,000) (7,872,223) (19,271,664)	<del>-</del>			11,932,002	11,932,002
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)       (500,000)       (500,000)         Contingencies       (2500,000)       (500,000)         Proceeds from capital asset disposal       226,042       4,874       36,193       267,109         Transfers in       23,522,649       18,060,063       41,582,712         Transfers out       (10,622,441)       (777,000)       (7,872,223)       (19,271,664)	Total expenditures	123,504,882	23,920,214	90,654,343	238,079,439
Contingencies         (500,000)         (500,000)           Proceeds from capital asset disposal         226,042         4,874         36,193         267,109           Transfers in         23,522,649         18,060,063         41,582,712           Transfers out         (10,622,441)         (777,000)         (7,872,223)         (19,271,664)	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(11,326,328)	6,426,784	(5,339,062)	(10,238,606)
Contingencies         (500,000)         (500,000)           Proceeds from capital asset disposal         226,042         4,874         36,193         267,109           Transfers in         23,522,649         18,060,063         41,582,712           Transfers out         (10,622,441)         (777,000)         (7,872,223)         (19,271,664)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from capital asset disposal       226,042       4,874       36,193       267,109         Transfers in       23,522,649       18,060,063       41,582,712         Transfers out       (10,622,441)       (777,000)       (7,872,223)       (19,271,664)	Contingencies	(500,000)	)		(500,000)
Transfers in       23,522,649       18,060,063       41,582,712         Transfers out       (10,622,441)       (777,000)       (7,872,223)       (19,271,664)	Proceeds from capital asset disposal	226,042	4,874	36,193	
		23,522,649			41,582,712
Total other financing sources (uses) 12,626,250 (772,126) 10,224,033 22,078,157	Transfers out				(19,271,664)
	Total other financing sources (uses)	12,626,250	(772,126)	10,224,033	22,078,157

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Special Revenue Fund		
	General Fund	Public Safety Tax	Aggregate Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,299,922	5,654,658	4,884,971	11,839,551
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,596,352	5,472,314	82,578,411	100,647,077
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 13,896,274	\$ 11,126,972	\$ 87,463,382	\$ 112,486,628

# RECONCILATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$	11,839,551
Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives:  Expenditures for capital assets  Less current year depreciation, net of gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	\$ 44,543,015 (44,814,241)	l	(271,226)
Revenues in the statement of activities, which do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds:  Capital asset contributions  Change in unavailable revenue	5,238,921 13,664		
			5,252,585
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net postition. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded debt issued  Debt principal repayments	4,534,700		4,534,700
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources; and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:  Change in compensated absences payable  Change in net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources  Amortization of debt premiums and discounts  Amortization of deferred refunding charges  Change in accrued interest	754,967 7,096,062 198,705 (633,065) 63,791	1	7,478,460
Internal service funds are used by managment to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds:  Internal service fund change in net position included in governmental activities in the statement of activities  The internal service funds change in net position related to business-type activities	12,208,067 559,789	_	12,767,856
CHANGE IN NET POSITION, GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		<b>\$</b> _	41,601,925

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

		<b>.</b>			Governmental
		Business-ty	pe Activities		Activities
	Wastewater Utility	Water Utility	Aggregate Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
ASSETS					
Current assets					
,	\$ 38,382,942				
Accounts receivable, net	6,678,480	7,830,587	12,989	14,522,056	4,434
Prepaid items	615,992	35,741	21,393	673,126	364,059
Due from other funds					216,857
Due from other governments	608,200			608,200	
Inventories	420,889	2,573,150	69,016	3,063,055	258,143
Total current assets	46,706,503	56,559,135	351,107	103,616,745	58,743,713
Noncurrent assets  Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and					
amortization					
Construction in progress	19,003,375	3,684,342		22,687,717	66,964
Land	5,500	2,434,299	565,537	3,005,336	00,704
Buildings and building improvements	69,302,085	3,250,844	1,488,705	74,041,634	227,870
Improvements other than buildings	23,780,466	13,623,018	3,099,139	40,502,623	83,293
Infrastructure	247,219,137	83,153,306	5,055,155	330,372,443	ورطرون
Machinery, equipment and software	3,354,275	736,653		4,090,928	1,217,589
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		.50,005		1,020,220	
and amortization	362,664,838	106,882,462	5,153,381	474,700,681	1,595,716
Other assets					
Prepaid land lease, net of current portion and					
amortization	20,625,000			20,625,000	
Refundable deposits			5,785	5,785	
Total other assets	20,625,000		5,785	20,630,785	
Total noncurrent assets	383,289,838	106,882,462	5,159,166	495,331,466	1,595,716
Total assets	429,996,341	163,441,597	5,510,273	598,948,211	60,339,429
Total assets	427,770,541	105,1+1,557	5,510,275	370,740,211	00,557,427
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unamortized amounts related to pensions	1,092,938	1,644,568	8,267	2,745,773	299,442
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	581,749	1,298,939	109,567	1,990,255	3,858,529
Accrued salaries and benefits	70,805	135,948	1,759	208,512	10,992,766
Due to other funds	7,288	14,082	138	21,508	2,684
Due to other governments	451,741	5,765,460	6,055	6,223,256	1,814
Customer deposits	65,540	4,138,435	7,343	4,211,318	
Unearned revenue		<u></u> - · -	43,133	43,133	
Compensated absences	139,134	277,543		416,677	<b>46,712</b>
Interest payable	2,190,605	87,083		2,277,688	
Bonds and notes payable	4,235,328	2,835,000	1/2 005	7,070,328	14 000 505
Total current liabilities	7,742,190	14,552,490	167,995	22,462,675	14,902,505

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) **JUNE 30, 2016**

		Dunimona tu	ma Aatiritiaa		Governmental Activities
		Business-ty	pe Activities		Acuvines
	Wastewater		Aggregate Other	Tatal Entamaias	Internal Service
	wastewater Utility	187_4 T 74*1*4	Enterprise Funds	Funds	
	Ошцу	Water Utility	rungs	runds	Funds
Noncurrent liabilities					
Compensated absences	1,136,526	2,267,119		3,403,645	381,572
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	1,130,320	2,207,119		3,403,043	15,305,563
Bonds and notes payable	265,179,640	4 605 433		260 075 072	13,303,303
- ·		4,695,432	53,069	269,875,072	1 000 207
Net Pension Liability	7,016,347	10,557,651		17,627,067	1,922,327
Total noncurrent liabilities	273,332,513	17,520,202	53,069	290,905,784	17,609,462
Total liabilities	281,074,703	32,072,692	221,064	313,368,459	32,511,967
Total habilities	201,074,703	32,072,092	221,004	313,306,433	32,311,907
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unamortized liabilities related to pensions	1,346,649	2,026,331	10,186	3,383,166	368,953
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,346,649	2,026,331	10,186	3,383,166	368,953
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	93,249,870	99,352,030	5,153,381	197,755,281	1,595,716
Restricted for					
Debt service	2,092,500	5,021,254		7,113,754	
Claims and judgements					2,400,000
Unrestricted	53,325,557	26,613,858	133,909	80,073,324	23,762,235
Total net position	\$ 148,667,927	\$ 130,987,142	\$ 5,287,290	284,942,359	\$ 27,757,951
Total net position				204,342,333	
Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the	,				
net effect of the activity between the internal service					
funds and the enterprise funds over time				<u>(4,916,654</u> )	
				£ 200.025.705	
Net position of business-type activities				\$ 280,025,705	

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Business-ty	me	Activities		Governmental Activities
				2 4022400		ggregate Other		110411400
		Wastewater				Enterprise	Total Enterprise	Internal Service
	_	Utility		Water Utility		Funds	Funds	Funds
OPERATING REVENUES								
Utility fees	\$	40,695,324	\$	51,988,427	\$		\$ 92,683,751	\$
Construction fees		297,878		417,900			715,778	
User fees		•		•		1,844,830	1,844,830	
Connection fees		2,363,188		736,712			3,099,900	
Other charges for services		8,742		1,932,616			1,941,358	40,742,095
Fines and forfeitures		875,978		2,550,154			3,426,132	
Miscellaneous		468,201		799,425		39,541	1,307,167	
Total operating revenues	_	44,709,311	_	58,425,234	-	1,884,371	105,018,916	40,742,095
OPERATING EXPENSES					_			
Salaries and wages		2,605,213		5,362,061		83,216	8,050,490	5 120 926
Employee benefits		1,689,091		2,876,478		57,277	4,622,846	5,129,836 2,918,692
Services and supplies						•	35,052,754	
••		10,693,600		22,172,309 5,596,499		2,186,845 226,356	19,900,139	20,273,889 817,991
Depreciation and amortization	_	14,077,284			-			
Total operating expenses	_	29,065,188	-	36,007,347	-	2,553,694	67,626,229	29,140,408
Operating income (loss)	_	15,644,123	_	22,417,887	-	(669,323)	37,392,687	11,601,687
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment income		7,702					7,702	27,918
Gain (loss) on capital asset disposition		(8,194,522)	)	6,517			(8,188,005)	(21,538)
Interest and fiscal charges		(14,841,346)	)	(261,771)	)		(15,103,117)	
Intergovernmental		6,509,631					6,509,631	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	Ξ	(16,518,535)	_	(255,254)	)		(16,773,789)	6,380
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	_	(874,412)	) _	22,162,633	_	(669,323)	20,618,898	11,608,067
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS								
Capital contributions	_	181,628	_	274,580	_		456,208	
TRANSFERS								
Transfers in				468,319		127,600	595,919	600,000
Transfers out		(5,296,167)	1	(18,196,237)	١.	(14,563)	(23,506,967)	000,000
Total transfers	_	(5,296,167)		(17,727,918)	_	113,037	(22,911,048)	600,000
1 otal transfers	-	(3,230,107	' –	(17,727,916)	' -	113,037	(22,311,046)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	_	(5,988,951)	) _	4,709,295	-	(556,286)	(1,835,942)	12,208,067
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY								
REPORTED		154,656,878		127,763,462		5,843,576		15,549,884
Adjustment		<b>,</b> ,		(1,485,615)	)	.,,		,-
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS ADJUSTED	_	154,656,878	_	126,277,847	´ -	5,843,576		15,549,884
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<b>\$</b> _	148,667,927	<b>\$</b> _	130,987,142	<b>\$</b> _	5,287,290		\$ <u>27,757,951</u>
Adjustment for the net effect of the current year activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds							(559,789)	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION, BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							\$(2,395,731)	

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Business-ty	pe A	Activities			6	overnmental Activities
		Wastewater Utility	,	Water Utility	Ag	gregate Other Enterprise Funds	To	otal Enterprise Funds	In	ternal Service Funds
	_			·			_			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Cash received from customers	\$	44,034,478	\$	56,507,080	\$	1,824,584	\$	102,366,142	\$	37,048,988
Cash received from interfund services				411,346				411,346		3,921,327
Cash received from other souces		2,859,233		799,425		39,541		3,698,199		
Cash payments for goods and services		(9,777,770)		(21,531,164)		(2,211,768)		(33,520,702)		(20,991,772)
Cash payments for employee services		(4,235,143)		(7,749,499)		(99,232)		(12,083,874)		(3,630,589)
Cash payments for interfund services		(260,059)		(388,335)		(5,815)		(654,209)		(51,826)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		32,620,739		28,048,853		(452,690)	Ξ	60,216,902	Ξ	16,296,128
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Transfers in				468,319		127,600		595,919		600,000
Transfers out		(5,296,167)		(18,196,237)		(14,563)		(23,506,967)		
Interest payments on debt		6,509,631						6,509,631	_	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		1,213,464	_	(17,727,918)		113,037	_	(16,401,417)	_	600,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(4.214.966)		(1.400.187)				(E 70E 0E2)		(562 015)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds received from disposal of capital assets		(4,214,866)		(1,490,187)				(5,705,053)		(563,815)
		4,314,625		(2.021.600)				4,314,625		
Principal payments on debt		(6,046,550)		(3,031,600)				(9,078,150)		
Interest payments on debt		(14,896,629)		(287,337)				(15,183,966)		
Amortization of premiums/discounts	-	(20.042.420)	-	(106,341)	_		_	(106,341)	_	(5/3.015)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital financing activities	-	(20,843,420)	-	<u>(4,915,465</u> )	_		-	(25,758,885)	-	(563,815)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Investment income received	_	7,702	_				_	7,702	_	27,918
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		12,998,485		5,405,470		(339,653)		18,064,302		16,360,231
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	25,384,457	_	40,714,187	_	587,362	_	66,686,006	_	41,539,989
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$_	38,382,942	\$_	46,119,657	<b>\$_</b>	247,709	\$_	84,750,308	\$_	57,900,220

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Governmental Activities			
			Aggregate Other		
	Wastewater		Enterprise	-	Internal Service
	<u>Utility</u>	Water Utility	Funds	<u>Funds</u>	Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO					
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING					
ACTIVITIES					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 15,644,123	\$ 22,417,887	\$ (669,323)	\$ 37,392,687	\$ 11,601,687
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	φ <u>15,011,125</u>	Ψ <u>ZZ,+17,007</u>	# <u>(009,323</u> )	φ <u> </u>	\$ <u>11,001,067</u>
cash provided by (used in) operating activities					
Depreciation	14,077,284	5,596,499	226,357	19,900,140	817,991
Provision for uncollectible receivables	(26,350)	7,056	220,331	(19,294)	,
(Increase) decrease in operating assets	(20,330)	7,030		(13,234)	
Accounts receivable	(180,282)	(1,050,432)	(11,780)	(1,242,494)	(3,997)
Due from other governments	94,112	(1,050,752)	(11,760)	94,112	(3,331)
Due from other funds	77,112	411,346	(7)	411,339	232,217
Inventories	(142,714)	(11,934)	` '	•	•
Prepaid items	761,458	1,763	(4,765)		(13,225)
Refundable deposit	2,296,920	1,705	(4,705)	2,296,920	(13,223)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities	2,250,520			2,2,0,,20	
Accounts payable	(44,826)	459,670	(17,603)	397,241	(682,468)
Accrued salaries and benefits	(214,959)	(241,128)	, , ,	•	, , ,
Due to other funds	(5,633)	(5,521)		(11,154)	
Due to other governments	341,912	191,646		533,558	(22,190)
Customer deposits	2 , 5 2	(75,353)	(4,570)	•	
Unearned revenues		(,,	(3,896)	, , ,	
Compensated absences	65,776	95,079	(-,)	160,855	(44,309)
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	(46,082)	252,275	37,628	243,821	2,345,714
Total adjustments	16,976,616	5,630,966	216,633	22,824,215	4,694,441
Total adjustinona	10,5 / 0,010	2,000,000	210,000	22,021,210	1,00 1,111
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 32,620,739	\$ 28,048,853	\$ <u>(452,690)</u>	\$ 60,216,902	\$ 16,296,128
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Contribution of capital assets	\$ <u>181,628</u>	\$ <u>274,580</u>	\$	\$ <u>456,208</u>	\$

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Agency Funds
ASSETS  Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable Special assessments receivable	\$ 13,050,357 2,736,204 625 4,499
Total assets	15,791,685
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments  Due to developers  Due to others	275,248 2,868,125 12,648,312
Total liabilities	15,791,685
NET POSITION	\$

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Reporting Entity**

The City of North Las Vegas (the City), was incorporated in 1946 and is governed by an elected Mayor and City Council comprised of four members. The City is a full-service city located at the northern tip of the Las Vegas valley. Services provided by the City include a municipal court, public safety (police and fire), water and wastewater, highways and streets, planning and zoning, parks and recreational facilities, libraries, community development and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units and Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, defines the reporting entity as the primary government and those component units for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing board, and either the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or the possibility that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. In addition to financial accountability, component units can be other organizations in which the economic resources received or held by that organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, the primary government is entitled to or has the ability to otherwise access a majority of the economic resources received or held by that organization and the resources to which the primary government is entitled or has the ability to otherwise access are significant to the primary government.

The City has complied with GASB Statements Nos. 14, 39 and 61 by examining its position relative to other entities and has determined that there are no requirements that would cause the basic financial statements of the City to be included in any other entities' financial reports. The North Las Vegas Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) and the North Las Vegas Library District (the Library District) are legally separate entities for budget reporting purposes as required by the State of Nevada (the State or Nevada), Department of Taxation. However, they both have substantially the same governing body as the City and the City provides a majority of services required by the Agency and the Library District, such as financial administration, human resources administration, and redevelopment planning. Based on these factors, the Agency and Library District are considered to be blended component units and are reported as special revenue funds of the City. No other entities were determined to be component units of the City.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities and present consolidated information for the City's nonfiduciary activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user fees and charges for support.

Included in the statement of net position are capital assets and long-term liabilities, including general payment obligations, revenue bonds and compensated absences. Net position is classified as 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted net position, or 3) unrestricted net position.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment and include indirect expenses allocated to each function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions, which are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other revenues not restricted for use by a particular function or segment are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns on the fund financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances with schedules presented to reconcile fund balances presented in the governmental fund financial statements to net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary fund financial statements include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary funds financial statements. Revenues are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days of fiscal year end.

The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City are property taxes, intergovernmental consolidated taxes (sales, cigarette, motor vehicle privilege and liquor taxes), gaming taxes, gasoline taxes, grants, franchise fees and interest. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the City receives payment.

Expenditures generally are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, compensated absences and postemployment benefits other than pensions are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - Accounts for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in some other fund.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund - Accounts for voter-approved property tax overrides to be used exclusively for public safety programs.

The City reports the following non-major governmental fund types:

Special Revenue Funds - Accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Debt Service Funds - Accounts for the accumulation of financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to the repayment of debt principal and interest.

#### **Proprietary Fund Financial Statements**

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges for goods and services and other user fees. Operating expenses include the cost of goods and services, administrative expenses, and capital asset depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Wastewater Utility Fund - Accounts for the collection from the residents of the City and the transmission of sewage through the system infrastructure for treatment and release into Lake Mead.

Water Utility Fund - Accounts for the delivery of water services through the system infrastructure to the residents of the City and other service areas.

The City reports the following non-major proprietary fund:

Municipal Golf Courses Fund - Accounts for the operations of a nine-hole par-3 golf course and an 18-hole par-72 championship course.

The City reports the following non-major proprietary fund type:

Internal Service Funds - Accounts for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other governmental units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

#### Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements, comprised of a statement of net position, report the City's activities that are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of operational results. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The City reports the following fiduciary fund type:

Agency Funds - Accounts for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments or other funds.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **Assets and Liabilities**

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City invests by individual fund in two instances, but primarily pools cash resources of all other funds in order to facilitate the management of cash and investments. With this approach, the City is able to invest the monies at higher interest rates and with longer maturities. With the exception of those funds that are legally required to retain interest earnings, all interest earnings are reported in the general fund.

The proprietary funds participate in the City's internal investment management pool. This pool has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that the proprietary funds may effectively withdraw amounts from the pool at any time without prior notice or penalty. Accordingly, amounts invested in this pool by proprietary funds are considered to be cash equivalents. Monies that are not required for immediate obligations are invested.

Investments are reported at fair value, regardless of the length of time remaining to maturity.

#### Receivables, Payables and Unavailable or Unearned Revenues

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. The resulting payables and receivables, which are outstanding at year end, are referred to as due to or from other funds in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Upon the certification of tax rates by the State Tax Commission, the Clark County (the County) Commission levies the tax rate for the fiscal period beginning with the succeeding July 1. Effective upon the tax levy on July 1 each year, a perpetual lien is recorded against the property assessed until the tax and any penalty charges and interest, which may accrue thereon, are paid. The County Assessor assesses all real and personal property and the County Treasurer bills and collects the City's share of property taxes. Real property taxes are due on the third Monday in August of each year and may be paid in quarterly installments on or before the third Monday in August and first Mondays in October, January and March. In the event of nonpayment, the County Treasurer is authorized to hold the property for two years, subject to redemption upon payment of taxes, penalties and costs, together with interest from the date the taxes were due until paid. If delinquent taxes are not paid within the two-year redemption period, the County Treasurer obtains a deed to the property free of all encumbrances. Upon receipt of a deed, the County Treasurer may sell the property to satisfy the tax lien. The County Treasurer remits on a monthly basis current and delinquent property tax collections to the City.

Property taxes receivable that are not expected to be collected within 90 days of year end are classified as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements rather than current revenue since the asset is not available to satisfy current obligations.

Unearned revenues arise when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them as when property taxes levied for the following tax year are received before year end.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

The City's inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method, with the exception of inventory held for resale, which is valued at market. In the governmental fund financial statements, inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and investments related to customer deposits, unspent bond proceeds and bond retirement (amounts accumulated to pay debt service payments over the next 12 months) are classified and reported as restricted assets.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in proprietary fund financial statements and in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as those assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not significantly increase the functionality of the assets or materially extend the assets' useful lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	1 (41)
Buildings and building improvements	40
Improvements other than buildings	15 <del>-4</del> 0
Infrastructure	15-100
Machinery, equipment and software	5-10

#### Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. For current and advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the defeased debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense using the straight-line method, which also approximates the effective interest method. Debt issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

In the governmental fund financial statements, premiums, discounts and debt issuance costs are recognized in the period they are paid or received. The face amount of debt issued and premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Debt issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned vacation, holiday and sick leave benefits that would be paid to them upon separation from City service if not previously taken. A liability for these obligations is reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as incurred. A liability for compensated absences is reported in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent it is due and payable at year end. Expenditures for compensated absences are recognized by the applicable fund when paid.

#### <u>Deferred Compensation Plans</u>

In addition to the retirement plan disclosed in Note 4, the City offers its employees two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The City is not required to and does not contribute to the deferred compensation plans. The assets of these plans are held in trust outside the control of the City. Since the assets of these plans are not considered assets of the City and are not subject to the claims of the City's general creditors, these plans are not reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

In accordance with the transition rules of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the City elected to apply its measurement and recognition requirements on a prospective basis and set its beginning net OPEB obligation at zero upon adoption. The annual OPEB cost reported in the accompanying financial statements is equal to the annual required contribution (ARC) of the City, calculated by using an actuarial valuation based upon the same methods and assumptions applied in determining the plan's funding requirements. The net OPEB obligation at year end is determined by adding the annual OPEB cost to the net OPEB obligation at the beginning of the year and deducting any contributions to the plan during the year.

#### Multiple-Employer Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The City uses the same basis used in the Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada's (PERS) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, for reporting its proportionate share of the PERS collective net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, including information related to PERS fiduciary net position and related additions to/deductions. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized by PERS when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. PERS investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods; and therefore, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position reports deferred refunding charges (the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the defeased debt), which will be amortized over the life of the related debt and amounts related to penisons, including 1) the changes in proportion and differences between actual contributions and proportionate share of contributions related to pensions, which will be amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pension benefits, and 2) contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized in the subsequent year.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds balance sheet reports unavailable property tax revenues, which will be recognized as revenue in the period that the amounts become available. The government-wide and proprietary funds statement of net position reports amounts related to pensions, including 1) the differences between expected and actual experience and changes of assumptions, which will be amortized over the average expected remaining service life of all employees that are provided with pension benefits, and 2) the net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments, which will be amortized over five years.

#### **Net Position**

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is reported as 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted, or 3) unrestricted. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on it are either 1) imposed by external parties (such as creditors, grantors, contributors or other governments), or 2) imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, as follows:

Nonspendable fund balances include items that cannot be spent. This includes amounts that are not in a spendable form (for example, inventories and prepaid items) and amounts that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a permanent fund principal balance.

Restricted fund balances have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a resolution or ordinance (both are considered equally binding) of the City Council, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. These constraints remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner used to create the constraints.

Assigned fund balances include amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Such intent should be expressed by the City Council or appropriately authorized officials. The City Manager and Finance Director have been authorized by the City Council in the budget approval process to make all fund balance assignments. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned fund balances can be removed or changed without formal City Council action. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the classification for residual amounts that are not restricted, committed or nonspendable.

Unassigned fund balance is the classification used by the general fund for residual amounts not included in the four categories described above.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Prioritization and Use of Available Resources

When both restricted resources and other resources (i.e., committed, assigned and unassigned) can be used for the same purposes, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first. Furthermore, when committed, assigned and unassigned resources can be used for the same purpose, it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, assigned second, and unassigned last.

#### **Interfund Activity**

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. The resulting payables and receivables, which are outstanding at year end, are referred to as due to or from other funds in the fund financial statements. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are reported as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. Any residual balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

#### **Use of Estimates**

Timely preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates that affect reported amounts. Accordingly, these estimates may require revision in future periods. Significant estimates include liabilities for compensated absences, pensions, postemployement benefits other than pensions and useful lives of capital assets.

#### Note 2. Stewardship and Accountability

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The City adopts annual budgets, in accordance with Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS), in which annual budgets are legally adopted by the City Council for all funds except agency funds. Budgeted revenues and appropriations for all fund types are consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

On or before April 15, the Finance Director submits a tentative budget for the ensuing fiscal year to the City Council, the Nevada Department of Taxation and the citizens through public hearings. The Nevada Department of Taxation notifies the City Council of whether or not the budget is in compliance with the law and appropriate regulations. Public hearings, at which all changes made to the tentative budget are indicated, are conducted on the third Tuesday in May. The City Council adopts the budget prior to June 1 and submits it to the Nevada Department of Taxation for final approval.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control tool during the fiscal year for all funds. Appropriations and encumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

In accordance with the NRS, actual expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations of the various governmental functions, excluding the debt service function, of the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds. Pursuant to NRS 354.626, expenditures in excess of budgeted appropriations are allowed for bond repayments, medium-term obligation repayments, and other long-term contracts expressly authorized by law. The sum of operating and nonoperating expenses in proprietary funds also may not exceed total appropriations.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Per the NRS, the City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between functions if the City Council is notified at the next regular meeting and the action is noted in the official minutes. Amendments, which affect the total fund appropriations or transfers between funds, are accomplished through formal City Council approval. Amendments to the adopted budget are made a matter of public record by actions of the City Council. The budgets reflected in the accompanying financial statements have been amended in accordance with the NRS.

#### **Prior Period Adjustment**

Net position of business-type activities and the water utility enterprise fund as of July 1, 2015, have been retroactively reduced by \$1,485,615 for expenses incurred during fiscal year 2015 that were unpaid at June 30, 2015, but were inadvertantly not accrued.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. The objective of this statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. Management has not completed a full assessment of the statement to determine if it will have a material effect on the City's net position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The primary objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improved information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. Management has completed a preliminary assessment of the statement and has determined it will have a material effect on the City's net position, results of operations, and cash flows.

In August 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose certain information regarding the agreements with the goals of improving financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. Management has not completed a full assessment of the statement to determine if it will have a material effect on the City's net position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 78, Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans, effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. This Statement addresses a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Management has not completed a full assessment of the statement to determine if it will have a material effect on the City's net position, results of operations, or cash flows.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

In January 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The objective of this statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity. Management has completed its assessment of this statement and has determined that it will not have a material effect on the City's net position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The objective of this statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. Management has completed its assessment of this statement and has determined that it will not have a material effect on the City's net position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. The objective of this statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Management has not completed a full assessment of the statement to determine if it will have a material effect on the City's net position, results of operations, or cash flows.

#### Note 3. Detailed Notes on all Funds

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

At June 30, 2016, the City's cash, cash equivalents and investments (including restricted and designated amounts) were as follows:

 Pooled cash and cash equivalents
 \$ 6,886,012

 Cash on hand
 74,015

 Pooled investments
 238,113,513

 Non-pooled investments
 4,390,500

Total cash, cash equivalents and investments \$\frac{249,464,040}{}\$

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

At June 30, 2016, total cash, cash equivalents and investments were presented in the City's financial statements as follows:

	Unrestricted	Restricted	Designated	Total	
Governmental activities	\$ 149,159,311 \$	2,504,065	\$	\$ 151,663,376	
Business-type activities	77,636,554	7,113,754		84,750,308	
••	226,795,865	9,617,819		236,413,684	
Fiduciary Funds		13,050,356		13,050,356	
•					
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ <u>226,795,865</u> \$	22,668,175	\$	\$ <u>249,464,040</u>	

The City manages its investment portfolio in compliance with the NRS and its adopted Cash and Investment Financial Policy. Pursuant to NRS 355.170, permitted investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and agencies, not to exceed 10 years to maturity; negotiable certificates of deposit issued by insured financial institutions, notes or short-term negotiable bonds issued by other Nevada local governments; bankers' acceptances eligible for rediscount with the Federal Reserve Bank that do not exceed 180 days in maturity and 20% of total investments; commercial paper having an A-1 rating or equivalent, not to exceed 270 days to maturity and 20% of total investment; and money market mutual funds invested only in federal government agency securities with an AAA rating or equivalent or in repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such securities. Additionally, the City is permitted to purchase for investment the following securities, with certain limitations: notes, bonds and obligations issued by corporations, collateralized mortgage obligations and asset-backed securities.

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1. Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2. Inputs are other observable inputs.
- Level 3. Inputs are unobservable.

The fair value measurement level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is deemed significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The estimated fair values of the City's U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. government-sponsored securities (excluding U.S. Agency securities), money market mutual funds and certificates of deposit are based on quoted market prices provided by recognized broker dealers (Level 1 inputs). The estimated fair value of its U.S. Agency securities is based on a matrix pricing model that maximizes the use of observable inputs for similar securities as provided by recognized broker dealers (Level 2 inputs). The estimated fair value of the City's Local Government Investment Pool investment is based on the City's proportionate share of the value of the pooled investments (Level 3 inputs).

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of short-term and long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for daily operations.

At June 30, 2016, the City had the following investment types and maturities:

	Reported Amount	Reported Amount		t M Year	laturities rs)	
	<u>(Fair Value</u>	)	Less Than One		One to Four	
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 54,228,7	87	\$	\$	54,228,787	
U.S. government-sponsored securities	71,846,4	06	26,008,005		45,838,401	
Money market mutual funds	34,395,8	00	34,395,800			
Local government investment pool	78,833,0	20	78,833,020			
Certificates of deposit	3,200,0	00	3,200,000			
Total investments	\$ 242,504,0	13	\$ 142,436,825	\$_	100,067,188	

#### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. One of the ways that the City manages its credit risk is by purchasing investment securities that are rated AAA.

At June 30, 2016, the credit rating for each investment type was as follows:

		Reported Amount (Fair Value)		AAA or AA+	Not Required to be Rated		Unrated	
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	54,228,787	\$		\$	54,228,787	\$	
U.S. government-sponsored securities		71,846,406		71,846,406				
Money market mutual funds		34,395,800		34,395,800				
Local government investment pool		78,833,020						78,833,020
Certificates of deposit		3,200,000						3,200,000
Total investments	\$_	242,504,013	\$_	106,242,206	\$	54,228,787	\$_	82,033,020

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the entity's deposits may not be returned to it. Pursuant to NRS 356.005, local governments may deposit public money in any insured state or national bank, in any insured credit union or in any insured savings and loan association; however, the NRS does not specifically require collateral for demand deposits. The City's demand deposits were covered at year end by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 for each financial institution with which the City has demand deposit accounts.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

At June 30, 2016, the City's cash deposits in financial institutions was \$8,250,156. The City participates in a collateral pool for public deposits program administered by the State Treasurer. The program serves as an alternative method to allow financial institutions and local government agencies within the State to participate in a pooled collateralization of their deposits in an efficient and cost effective manner. The program provides for centralized reporting, processing and management of all pledged collateral through the State Treasurer's Office. The State Treasurer requires that acceptable securities pledged as collateral be maintained at 102% of those entities' deposits participating in the pool and that the pledged securities be held by a third party for the benefit of the State Treasurer. As such, at year end the FDIC covered \$250,000 and the remaining \$78,583,020 was secured by the State Treasurer's pooled collateral program at 102%.

For investments, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party.

At June 30, 2016, the City's individual investments in U.S. Treasuries, U.S. government-sponsored securities and federal agencies were held in the City's name either by the City's contracted external investment manager or the counterparty to the transaction's trust department.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer of securities.

Investments in any one investment type that represent 5% or more of total investments at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Percentage of Portfolio
U.S. Treasury securities	22.36 %
U.S. government-sponsored securities	29.63 %
Money market mutual funds	14.18 %
Local government investment pool	32.51 %
Certificates of deposit	1.32 %

#### **Capital Assets**

For the year ended June 30, 2016, capital asset activity was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases and transfers *	Decreases and transfers *	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2016
Governmental activities Capital assets not being depreciated or amortized Construction in progress	\$ 233,569,190	\$ 42,380,227	\$	\$ (41,279,781):	\$ 234,669,636
Land	190,800,644	48,745			190,849,389
Total capital assets not being depreciated or amortized	424,369,834	42,428,972		(41,279,781)	425,519,025

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases and transfers *	Decreases and transfers *	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2016
Capital assets being depreciated or amortized Buildings and building improvements Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery, equipment and software	\$ 216,340,205 5 79,393,100 1,002,946,846 71,441,446	\$ 22,300 5,183,490 2,714,478	\$ (10) \$ (3,934) (945,926)	4,049,788 36,468,665 761,327	\$ 216,340,195 83,465,188 1,044,595,067 73,971,325
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized	1,370,121,597	7,920,268	(949,870)	41,279,780	1,418,371,775
Accumulated depreciation and amortization Buildings and building improvements Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery, equipment and software	(45,486,937) (30,055,777) (362,540,391) (62,633,424)	(5,277,271) (3,404,887) (34,099,011) (2,787,910)	) 	861,69 <u>1</u>	(50,764,208) (33,460,664) (396,639,402) (64,559,643)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(500,716,529)	(45,569,079)	·	861,691	(545,423,917)
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized, net	869,405,068	(37,648,811)	(949,870)	42,141,471	872,947,858
Total governmental activities	\$ <u>1,293,774,902</u> \$	\$ 4,780,161	\$ (949,870) \$	861,690	\$ <u>1,298,466,883</u>
* Includes transfers from and to proprietary funds, if any.	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases and transfers *	Decreases and transfers *	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2016
Business-type activities Capital assets not being depreciated or amortized	<b>1,2010</b>	# HEADTAND	WILD THE	1141191919	Valie 30, 2010
Construction in progress  Land	\$ 32,895,394 5 15,514,483	4,388,669	\$ (12,509,147)	(14,596,346)	\$ 22,687,717 3,005,336
Total capital assets not being depreciated or amortized	48,409,877	4,388,669	(12,509,147)	(14,596,346)	25,693,053
Capital assets being depreciated or amortized Buildings and building improvements Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery, equipment and software	87,055,606 67,053,810 473,858,690 10,693,066	456,207 689,503		14,473,433 122,913	87,055,606 67,053,810 488,788,330 11,505,482
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized	638,661,172	1,145,710		14,596,346	654,403,228

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015 (Restated)	Increases and transfers *	Decreases and transfers *	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2016
Accumulated depreciation and amortization Buildings and building improvements Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure Machinery, equipment and software	\$ (10,670,998) \$ (24,643,132) (144,110,601) (6,704,128)	(2,342,974) \$ (1,908,055) (14,315,240) (700,472)		\$ 9,954 (9,954)	\$ (13,013,972) (26,551,187) (158,415,887) (7,414,554)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(186,128,859)	(19,266,741)			(205,395,600)
Total capital assets being depreciated or amortized, net	452,532,313	(18,121,031)		14,596,346	449,007,628
Total business-type activities	\$ <u>500,942,190</u> \$	(13,732,362) \$	(12,509,147)	\$	\$ 474,700,681

<sup>\*</sup> Includes transfers from and to governmental funds, if any.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, charges, by function, for depreciation expense were as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 33,870,073
Judicial	84,571
Public safety	3,023,677
Public works	5,285,905
Culture and recreation	3,293,803
Community support	12,024
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ <u>45,570,053</u>
Business-type activities	
Wastewater	\$ 13,443,884
Water	5,596,499
Municipal golf courses	226,356
Total depreciation expense, business-type activities	\$ <u>19,266,739</u>

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Due To and From Other Funds

During the course of operations, numerous reimbursable transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. At June 30, 2016, the resulting payables and receivables (reported as due to and from other funds) resulting from the time lag between the dates that reimbursable transactions occur and payments between funds are made, were as follows:

	Receivable		Payable
General Fund Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund Aggregate Other Governmental Funds Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund Water Utility Enterprise Fund Aggregate Other Enterprise Funds	\$	\$	102,448 59,667 30,550 7,288 14,082
Internal Service Funds	216,8	<u>57</u>	2,684
	\$ <u>216,8</u>	<u>57</u> \$_	216,857

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Transfers of unrestricted revenues collected in various funds are used to finance various programs and expenditures accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization. For the year ended June 30, 2016, interfund transfers were as follows:

Transfer In Fund	Transfer Out Fund	_	Amount
General Fund	Aggregate Other Governmental Funds	\$	30,245
	Wastewater Utility Enterprise Fund		5,296,167
	Water Utility Enterprise Fund		18,196,237
Aggregate Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		9,894,841
	Public Safety Tax Special Revenue Fund		777,000
	Aggregate Other Governmental Funds		7,374,792
Water Utility Enterprise Fund	Aggregate Other Governmental Funds		468,319
Aggregate Other Enterprise Funds	General Fund		127,600
Internal Service Funds	General Fund	_	600,000
		\$_	42,765,201

During fiscal year 2013, the City transferred approximately \$24.0 million from the wastewater and water utility enterprise funds to the general fund as payment in lieu of taxes, franchise fees and general overhead charges. During the 76th legislative session in 2011, Nevada Assembly Bill 471, amending NRS 354.613, was passed. This new law requires municipalities making such transfers to eliminate any amounts in excess of actual costs by 2021.

Depending on the timing and amounts of these reductions in transfers required to support general fund operations, the City may fall below the statutory minimum operating fund balance of 4% and be required to enter into supervised fiscal receivership by the Nevada Department of Taxation under NRS 354.685.

#### **Long-term Liabilities**

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds; accordingly, long-term liabilities for these funds are included in the following table as part of governmental activities.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities					
General obligation bonds					
\$32,500,000 2003 Judicial/Public Safety Facilities bonds due in annual installments through March 2023; interest varies between 3% and 5%	\$ 6,855,000 \$		\$	\$ 6,855,000	\$
\$105,000,000 2006 Civic Center Facilities bonds due in annual installments through May 2036; interest varies between 4.25% and 5%	94,455,000			94,455,000	
\$7,630,000 2007A Judicial/Public Safety Facilities refunding bonds due in annual installments beginning May 2017 through May 2023; interest is at 4.15%	7,630,000			7,630,000	75,000
\$3,145,000 2010 Library District medium-term refunding bonds due in annual installments through April 2020; interest is at 4.38%	2,095,000		(385,000)		385,000
\$17,090,000 2010 Building Projects medium-term refunding bonds due in annual installments beginning July 2013 through July 2020; interest is at 4.18%	14,070,000		(2,110,000)	11,960,000	2,195,000
\$27,070,000 2011 Building Projects refunding bonds due in annual installments beginning June 2016 through June 2036; interest varies between 3% and 5%	27,070,000		(200,000)	26,870,000	200,000
Total general obligation bonds	152,175,000		(2,695,000)	149,480,000	2,855,000
Special assessment bonds					
\$3,250,000 2007 SIAD No. 61 (Ann Road) improvement bonds due in semi- annual installments through March 2017; interest is at 3.829%	610,400		(303,100)	307,300	307,300
\$1,250,000 2007 SIAD No. 62 (Clayton Street) improvement bonds due in semi-annual installments through March 2017; interest is at 3.829%	288,600		(141,600)	147,000	147,000
\$12,680,000 2007 SIAD No. 63 (Lamb Blvd.) improvement bonds due in semi- annual installments through May 2017; interest varies between 3.4% and 4%	4,350,000		(1,395,000)	2,955,000	1,450,000
	(Continued)				50

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# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
Total special assessment bonds	\$ 5,249,000 \$	S	\$(1,839,700)	\$3,409,300	\$1,904,300
Unamortized bond premiums	2,491,482		(216,964)	2,274,518	
Unamortized bond discounts	(252,093)		18,257	(233,836)	
Compensated absences	39,415,975	12,397,430	(13,196,705)	38,616,700	
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	13,016,187	3,117,538	(828,162)	15,305,563	
Net pension liability	184,866,253	19,556,827	(14,242,345)	190,180,735	
Total governmental activities	396,961,804	35,071,795	(33,000,619)	399,032,980	4,759,300
Business-type activities					
General obligation/pledged revenue bonds					
\$8,685,000 2003B Water general obligation refunding revenue bonds due in annual installments through November 2015; interest varies between 3% and 5%	460,000		(460,000)		
\$14,365,000 2005A Water/Wastewater general obligation refunding revenue bonds due in annual installments through December 2017; interest is at 5%	4,575,000		(1,695,000)	2,880,000	1,780,000
\$10,030,000 2005B Water/Wastewater general obligation refunding revenue bonds due in annual installments through August 2019; interest varies between 3.25% and 4%	5,515,000		(1,010,000)	4,505,000	1,055,000
\$140,000,000 2006 General obligation Wastewater reclamation system bonds due in annual installments through October 2036; interest varies between 4% and 5%	122,995,000		(3,280,000)	119,715,000	3,425,000
\$145,000,000 2010A Water/Wastewater improvement bonds (Build America Bonds) due in annual installments beginning June 2015 through June 2040; interest varies between 4.13% and 6.572%	144,900,000			144,900,000	
Total general obligation/pledged revenue bonds	278,445,000		(6,445,000)	272,000,000	6,260,000

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
Notes payable					
\$7,000,000 medium-term financing due in quarterly installments through July 2022; interest is at 2% beginning April 2015	\$5,000,000	\$	\$(2,647,781)	\$2,352,219	\$ <u>356,928</u>
Unamortized bond premiums	2,684,891		(215,211)	2,469,680	
Compensated absences	3,623,467	1,328,598	(1,131,743)	3,820,322	469,503
Net pension liability	16,322,640	1,726,757	(422,330)	17,627,067	
Total business-type activities	306,075,998	3,055,355	(10,862,065)	298,269,288	7,086,431
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 703,037,802	\$ 38,127,150	\$(43,862,684)	697,302,268	\$ <u>11,845,731</u>

Postemployment benefits other than pensions are liquidated through the self-insurance reserve internal service fund, which is funded by assessing a flat percentage to each fund based on the fund's gross salaries, plus a flat fee for each employee for health insurance. Compensated absences and pension liabilities are liquidated by the fund incurring the related payroll costs.

At June 30, 2016, annual debt service requirements to maturity were as follows:

or the Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest
overnmental activities		
General obligation bonds		
2017	\$ 2,870,000	\$ 7,094,464
2018	7,320,000	6,974,095
2019	7,810,000	6,645,787
2020	8,140,000	6,310,845
2021	8,015,000	5,958,917
2022 - 2026	30,435,000	25,583,011
2027 - 2031	37,310,000	17,640,200
2032 - 2036	47,580,000	7,369,500
Total general obligation bonds	149,480,000	83,576,819
Special assessment bonds		
2017	1,904,300	99,460
2018	1,505,000	29,159
Total special assessment bonds	3,409,300	128,619
otal governmental activities	\$ <u>152,889,300</u>	\$ 83,705,438

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

For the Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest
Business-type activities		
General obligation/pledged revenue bonds		
2017	\$ 6,580,000	\$ 15,090,837
2018	6,880,000	14,784,896
2019	7,170,000	14,471,443
2020	7,490,000	14,110,705
2021	7,800,000	13,756,220
2022 - 2026	44,540,000	62,057,295
2027 - 2031	55,685,000	48,383,717
2032 - 2036	69,270,000	31,611,558
2037 - 2041	66,585,000	10,767,031
Total general obligation/pledged revenue bonds	272,000,000	225,033,702
Notes payable		
2017	356,928	44,379
2018	364,120	37,186
2019	371,457	29,849
2020	378,942	22,364
2021	386,578	14,728
2022 - 2026	494,195	7,438
Total notes payable	2,352,220	155,944
otal business-type activities	\$ 274.352.220	\$ 225,189,646

#### Component Unit Debt

In 2008, the City and the Library District entered into a cooperative agreement under which the City would design, construct and equip a library facility and the Library District would reimburse the City \$9,500,000, plus interest at 5%, for its costs by making annual interfund transfers through January 2019. Since actual costs to design, construct and equip the library were completed under budget by \$2,500,000, the total to be reimbursed by the Library District to the City is \$7,000,000.

#### **Defeased Debt**

In prior years, the City defeased certain long-term bond obligations by placing the proceeds of new bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

At June 30, 2016, \$3,655,000 of defeased debt remained outstanding.

#### Debt Covenants and Legal Debt Margin

Certain long-term liabilities are subject to restrictive debt covenants and the amount of long-term general obligation debt that can be incurred by the City is limited by the NRS. Management believes the City to be in compliance with all applicable limitations and restrictions.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Arbitrage Rebate Requirement

The Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986 imposes a rebate requirement with respect to certain long-term debt obligations. Under this Act, an arbitrage amount may be required to be rebated to the United States Treasury for interest on the bonds to qualify for exclusion from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Rebatable arbitrage is computed as of each installment computation date. The arbitrage rebate calculation as of the most recent such date indicates that no amount is due. Future calculations might result in adjustments to this determination.

#### Special Assessment Debt

The City has issued various special assessments bonds, the proceeds of which have been used to fund specific infrastructure improvements. These bonds do not constitute debt of the City within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision or limitation, are not considered a general obligation of the City, and are considered special obligations payable solely from assessments levied in the special assessment districts. Furthermore, the City is not secondarily liable in the case of payment deficiencies. The City uses a fiduciary (agency) fund to account for special assessment revenue collections and repayment of the related debt. On June 1, 2016, the City refunded its 2006 Special Assessment District 60 (Aliance Development) debt to reduce the interest rate that varied from 3.875% to 5.1% down to 2.0% to 2.25%, without changing the December 1, 2022 maturity date. The amount of the refunding and the outstanding balance at June 30, 2016, is \$14,015,000.

#### **Segment Information**

The City has issued long-term debt (in some cases revenue supported) to finance the improvement, acquisition or construction of wastewater and water utility system capital assets. This debt has historically been paid from the revenues of the City's wastewater and water utility funds. The financial position, results of operations and cash flows of these enterprise funds are presented separately in the accompanying proprietary fund financial statements and no additional segment information disclosure is considered necessary.

#### Note 4. Other Information

#### **Construction and Other Commitments**

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2016. These projects include public safety projects associated with the installation of or upgrade to traffic signals in developing areas; the design, acquisition, construction and improvements of and to various streets and roadways within the City limits; capital improvements associated with parks and recreation buildings and facilities; flood control projects and improvements and general government capital improvement projects.

At June 30, 2016 the City's construction and other significant commitments were as follows:

	Commitment
Parks and Recreation Projects Public Safety Projects Capital Projects Street Improvements Motor equipment	\$ 622,500 6,284,751 5,995,544 708,230
	\$ <u>13,611,025</u>

Remaining

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Litigation

In the ordinary course of its operations, claims are filed against the City including, but not limited to those arising from alleged improper actions by employees, police actions and negligence. City management intends to vigorously defend each claim and, although, total damages claimed are substantial, believes that most of these claims will settle for substantially less than the claimed amount, may be partially offset by payments from the City's liability insurance policies, as discussed below under "Risk Management," and will not result in any material adverse future effect on the City's financial position, results of operation, or cash flows.

The City does not accrue for estimated future legal and defense costs, if any, to be incurred in connection with outstanding or threatened litigation and other disputed matters but rather, records such as period costs when the services are rendered.

#### Risk Management

The City's operating activities are concentrated in the Las Vegas, Nevada metropolitan area; and therefore, realization of the City's receivables and its future operations could be affected by an adverse change in the economic conditions in the area.

Over the last few years, the United States has experienced a widespread decline in residential real estate sales, mortgage lending and related construction activity, high unemployment, as well as weakness in the commercial and investment banking systems, which has had, and is likely to continue to have, far-reaching effects on the economic activity in the country. The near- and long-term impact of these factors on the Southern Nevada economy and the City's operating activities cannot be predicted at this time but may be substantial.

The City's cash and cash equivalents on deposit with financial institutions are often in excess of federally-insured limits, and the risk of losses related to such concentrations may increase as a result of the economic conditions discussed in the preceding paragraph. The extent of a future loss to be sustained as a result of uninsured deposits in the event of a future failure of a financial institution, if any, however, is not subject to estimation at this time.

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For these and other risks, the City established the self-insurance internal service fund and purchases commercial insurance coverage for claims in excess of the coverage provided by the self-insurance internal service fund and for other insurable risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

#### Self-insurance Internal Service Fund

The City reports activity related to liability insurance, workers' compensation and postemployment benefits other than pensions in the self-insurance internal service fund.

Liability insurance - The City maintains its self-insurance fund to cover all liability and property damage claims made or occurring prior to securing its excess liability policy. NRS 41.035 caps the City's tort liability at \$50,000 per claim for causes of action that occurred on or before September 30, 2007, \$75,000 per claim for causes of action that occurred on or after October 1, 2007, and \$100,000 per claim for causes of action that occurred on or after October 1, 2011. These caps do not apply to civil rights claims against the City in either State or Federal courts.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Workers' compensation - The City maintains a self-insurance fund related to workers' compensation claims. Self-insurance is in effect up to an individual self insured retention (SIR) amount of \$2,500,000 per claim for all employees. The City maintains coverage from private insurers for losses in excess of the stop-loss amount up to \$1,000,000 per accident.

Postemployment benefits other than pensions - Includes all activity for unemployment compensation, postemployment benefits other than pensions and employee separation leave benefits. The City reimburses the State for the actual costs of unemployment compensation claims on a quarterly basis. Earned but unused leave benefits are distributed to employees at separation from City employment. Postemployment benefits other than pensions liabilities and payments are based on an actuarial valuation (see additional detailed information in the Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) section below).

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2015 and 2016, changes in claims liability amounts were as follows:

	Cl	aims Liability, Beginning Balance		aims Incurred ad Changes in Estimate	Claims Paid	Claims Liability, Ending Balance
For the year ended June 30, 2014 Liability insurance Worker's compensation Postemployment benefits other than pensions Unemployment compensation and employee	\$	397,114 6,456,546 10,214,355	\$	12,837,888 \$ 2,036,019 1,473,553	(2,076,566)	\$ 6,128,576 6,415,999 11,687,908
separation leave benefits	- \$_	17,068,015	- \$_	5,210,792 21,558,252 \$	(5,210,792) (14,393,784)	\$ 24,232,483
For the year ended June 30, 2015 Liability insurance Worker's compensation Postemployment benefits other than pensions Unemployment compensation and employee separation leave benefits	\$	6,128,576 6,415,999 11,687,908	\$	(1,836,796) \$ (330,990) 1,328,279 1,783,620	(808,214) (2,507,625) (1,783,620)	\$ 3,483,566 3,577,384 13,016,187
Department to the control of the con	\$_	24,232,483	\$_	944,113 \$		\$ 20,077,137
For the year ended June 30, 2016 Liability insurance Worker's compensation Postemployment benefits other than pensions Unemployment compensation and employee separation leave benefits	\$	3,483,566 3,577,384 13,016,187	\$ _	605,332 <b>\$</b> 10,429,177 2,289,376 3,750,407	(1,472,109) (3,123,688) (3,750,407)	\$ 2,616,789 10,882,873 15,305,563
	\$_	20,077,137	\$_	17,074,292 \$	(8,346,204)	\$ 28,805,225

#### Multiple-Employer Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The City's employees are covered by the Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada (PERS), which was established by the Nevada Legislature in 1947, effective July 1, 1948, and is governed by the Public Employees Retirement Board (the PERS Board) whose seven members are appointed by the governor. The City does not exercise any control over PERS. In addition, NRS 286.110 states, "Respective participating public employers are not liable for any obligation of the system." Yet, in accordance with GASB, the City records it's proportionate share of PERS' unfunded liabilities.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit public employees' retirement system which includes both regular and police/fire members. PERS is administered to provide a reasonable base income to qualified employees who have been employed by a public employer and whose earnings capacities have been removed or substantially impaired by age or disability.

Benefits, as required by NRS, are determined by the number of years of accredited service at time of retirement and the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months with special provisions for members entering the system on or after January 1, 2010. Benefit payments to which participants or their beneficiaries may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits, and survivor benefits.

Monthly benefit allowances for members are computed as 2.5% of average compensation for each accredited year of service prior to July 1, 2001. For service earned on and after July 1, 2001, this multiplier is 2.67% of average compensation. For members entering the system on or after January 1, 2010, there is a 2.5% multiplier. PERS offers several alternatives to the unmodified service retirement allowance which, in general, allow the retired employee to accept a reduced service retirement allowance payable monthly during his or her lifetime and various optional monthly payments to a named beneficiary after his or her death.

Post-retirement increases are provided by authority of NRS 286.575 - .579, which for members entering the system before January 1, 2010, is equal to the lesser of:

- 1) 2% per year following the third anniversary of the commencement of benefits, 3% per year following the sixth anniversary, 3.5% per year following the ninth anniversary, 4% per year following the twelfth anniversary and 5% per year following the fourteenth anniversary, or
- 2) The average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (or other PERS Board approved index) for the three preceding years.

In any event, a member's benefit must be increased by the percentages in paragraph 1, above, if the benefit of a member has not been increased at a rate greater than or equal to the average of the Consumer Price Index (All Items) (or other PERS Board approved index) for the period between retirement and the date of increase.

For members entering the system on or after January 1, 2010, the post-retirement increases are the same as above, except that the increases do not exceed 4% per year.

Regular members are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Regular members entering the System on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or age 62 with 10 years of service, or any age with thirty years of service.

Police/fire members are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, at age 55 with ten years of service, at age 50 with twenty years of service, or at any age with twenty-five years of service. Police/fire members entering the system on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with five years of service, or age 60 with ten years of service, or age 50 with twenty years of service, or at any age with thirty years of service. Only service performed in a position as a police officer or firefighter may be counted toward the eligibility for retirement as Police/fire accredited service.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The normal ceiling limitation on the monthly benefit allowances is 75% of average compensation. However, a member who has an effective date of membership before July 1, 1985, is entitled to a benefit of up to 90% of average compensation. Both regular and police/fire members become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service.

The authority for establishing and amending the obligation to make contributions and member contribution rates rests with NRS. New hires, in agencies which did not elect the employer-pay contribution (EPC) plan prior to July 1, 1983, have the option of selecting one of two alternative contribution plans. Contributions are shared equally by employer and employee in which employees can take a reduced salary and have contributions made by the employer or can make contributions by a payroll deduction matched by the employer.

PERS's basic funding policy provides for periodic contributions at a level pattern of cost as a percentage of salary throughout an employee's working lifetime in order to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

PERS receives an actuarial valuation on an annual basis for determining the prospective funding contribution rates required to fund the system on an actuarial reserve basis. Contributions actually made are in accordance with the required rates established by NRS. These statutory rates are increased/decreased pursuant to NRS 286.421 and 286.450. The actuarial funding method used is the entry age normal cost method. It is intended to meet the funding objective and result in a relatively level long-term contributions requirement as a percentage of salary.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the required employer/employee matching rate was 13,25% for regular and 20.75% for police/fire members. The EPC rate was 25.75% for regular and 40.50% for police/fire members.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the required contribution rates for regular members was 14.5% and 28% for employer/employee matching and EPC, respectively. The required contribution rates for police/fire members remained the same.

PERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information. This report is available on the PER's website, www.nypers.org under publications.

PERS collective net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. For this purpose, certain actuarial valuation assumptions are stipulated by GASB and may vary from those used to determine the prospective funding contribution rates.

The total PERS pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions (based on the results of an experience review completed in 2013), applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2015 Inflation rate 3.50%

Payroll growth 5.00%, including inflation Investment rate of return 8.00%, including inflation

Discount rate 8.00% 0.75% Productivity pay increase Consumer price index 3.50%

Entry age normal and level percentage of payroll Actuarial cost method Projected salary increases Regular: 4.60% to 9.75%, depending on service Police/Fire: 5.25% to 14.50%, depending on service

Rates include inflation and productivity increases

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

At June 30, 2015, assumed mortality rates and projected life expectancies for selected ages were as follows:

	Regular Members			
	Mortali	ty Rates	-	ed Years emaining
Age	Males	Females	Males	Females
40	0.10 %	0.05 %	41.1	44.4
50	0.17 %	0.12 %	31.6	34.7
60	0.55 %	0.42 %	22,4	25.4
70	1.82 %	1.39 %	14.3	17.0
80	5.65 %	3.79 %	7.7	10.1

	Police/Fire Members	3		
			Expecte	d Years
	Mortali	of Life R	emaining	
Age	Males	Females	Males	Females
40	0.10 %	0.06 %	40.2	42.5
50	0.19 %	0.15 %	30.7	32.8
60	0.63 %	0.54 %	21.5	23.6
70	2.02 %	1.72 %	13.5	15.5
80	6.41 %	4.63 %	7.1	9.0

These mortality rates and projected life expectancies are based on the following:

For non-disabled male regular members - RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected to 2013 with Scale AA

For non-disabled female regular members - RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, projected to 2013 with Scale AA, set back one year

For all non-disabled police/fire members - RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected to 2013 with Scale AA, set forward one year

For all disabled regular members and all disabled police/fire members - RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table projected to 2013 with Scale AA, set forward three years

PERS's policies which determine the investment portfolio target asset allocation are established by the PERS Board. The asset allocation is reviewed annually and is designed to meet the future risk and return needs of PERS. The following target asset allocation policy was adopted as of June 30, 2014:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Geometric Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic equity	42 %	5.50 %
International equity	18 %	5.75 %
Domestic fixed income	30 %	0.25 %
Private markets	10 %	6.80 %

<sup>\*</sup> These geometric return rates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by adding the long-term expected inflation rate of 3.5%.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00% as of June 30, 2015 and 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified by NRS. Based on that assumption, PERS's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2015, was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (8%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2015, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (7.00%) or 1% higher (9.00%) than the current discount rate was as follows:

	1% Decrease in			1% Increase in	
	_ <u>D</u>	iscount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	
Net pension liability	\$	316,657,475	\$ 207,807,802	\$ 117,291,696	

Detailed information about PERS fiduciary net position is available in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available on the PERS website, www.nvpers.org under publications. PERS fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from it have been determined on the same basis used in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. PERS financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental accounting for fiduciary funds. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The City's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability was \$207,807,802, which represents 1.81342% of the collective net pension liability. Contributions for employer pay dates within the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, were used as the basis for determining each employer's proportionate share. Each employer's proportion of the net pension liability is based on their combined employer and member contributions relative to the total combined employer and member contributions for all employers for the period ended June 30, 2015.

For the period ended June 30, 2016, the City's pension expense was \$21,283,584 and its reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions as of June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	_	Outflows of Resources	 ferred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$ 15,630,744
Changes of assumptions			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments			11,256,249
Changes in proportion and differences between actual contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions		3,134,677	12,997,595
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		29,235,596	

At June 30, 2015, the average expected remaining service life was 6.70 years.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date totaling \$29,235,596 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,		
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Thereafter	\$	(11,419,116) (11,419,116) (11,419,116) 2,145,478 (3,530,986) (1,107,054)
Changes in the City's net pension liability were as follows:		
Net pension liability, beginning of year	\$	201,188,894
Pension expense Employer contributions Net new deferred inflows and outflows of resources	_	21,283,584 (27,990,979) 13,326,302
Net pension liability, end of year	\$_	207,807,801

At June 30, 2016, \$3,218,328 payable to PERS, equal to the June 2016 required contribution, was included in accounts payable.

#### **Teamsters Security Fund for Southern Nevada**

The City participates in the Teamsters Security Fund for Southern Nevada, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan that covers the City's International Brotherhood of Teamsters employees (the Teamsters Plan).

The Teamsters Plan is available to active and retired employees represented by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters and is a preferred provider organization (PPO) and administered by Zenith Administrators, Inc. The Teamsters Plan is a welfare benefit plan that provides hospital, medical, prescription, dental, vision, life and accidental death and dismemberment insurance. Financial statements for the Teamsters Plan can be obtained by writing Zenith Administrators, Inc., 101 Convention Center Drive, Suite 600, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89109 or Teamsters Local Union 14, Teamsters Security Fund for Southern Nevada, 1250 S. Burnham Avenue, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89104.

The Teamsters Plan is financed by employer contributions pursuant to collective bargaining agreements, interest earned on the investment of reserve funds and through voluntary contributions of participants to retain eligibility. For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City contributed \$880 per month for each active employee represented by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters.

No contributing employer has liability, directly or indirectly, to provide the benefits established under the Teamsters Plan beyond the obligation to make contributions as stipulated in the respective collective bargaining agreement. The Teamsters Plan clearly states that benefits are not guaranteed to always be available and that events may occur that force the trustees of the Teamsters Plan to change, reduce and/or eliminate the Teamster Plan altogether.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The number of eligible employees, annual covered payroll and amounts contributed were as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30,	Number of Eligible Employees	Annual Cover Payroll	Required Contribution and ed Amount Contributed
2014 2015 2016	463 483 478	34,871,92	27 4,779,055

#### **International Associations of Fire Fighters**

Effective August 1, 2012, the City's fire department employees began participating in a benefit plan administered by the North Las Vegas Fire Fighters Union Health and Welfare Trust (the "Fire Fighters Trust"). The City has no liability, directly or indirectly, to fund future benefits to participants in the plan beyond the obligation to make contributions as stipulated in the respective bargaining agreements. However, the defined contribution plan is treated like a defined benefit plan for accounting purposes because costs are not shared among multiple employers and contributions received by the Fire Fighters Trust are not assigned solely to, and for the benefit of, active employees.

Plan benefits include medical, prescription, dental and vision coverage for its participants. Financial statements for the plan can be obtained by writing North Las Vegas Fire Fighters Union Health and Welfare Trust, 11700 West Charleston Boulevard, Suite 170-182, Las Vegas, NV 89135.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City contributed \$1,000 per month for each active employee represented by the Fire Fighters Trust.

The number of eligible employees, annual covered payroll and amounts contributed were as follows:

	Number of		Required Contribution and
	Eligible	Annual Covered	Amount
For the Year Ended June 30,	Employees	Payroll	Contributed
2014	150	£ 10.047.002	e 2.057.000
2014	158		
2015	167	17,957,169	1,816,500
2016	156	17,621,112	2,004,400

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

#### Plan Information

In accordance with NRS, the City provides postemployment benefits to its retirees that are not represented by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters. Eligible retirees receive coverage through a healthcare plan offered by the City (Healthcare Plan), which offers two plan options, a fully-insured health maintenance organization (HMO) plan or UnitedHealthcare, which is a self-insured tiered preferred provider organization (PPO). In addition to the Healthcare Plan, eligible retirees may receive coverage through the Public Employee Benefit Plan (PEBP). The PEBP is no longer offered to current employees. The City also offers a life insurance plan (Life Insurance Plan) to all employees (active and retired), including those represented by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters and the International Associations of Fire Fighters. Employees are eligible to receive benefits from the plan they were covered under as active employees.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The Healthcare Plan offers its retirees healthcare, dental, vision and life insurance benefits. Eligibility and contribution requirements for the Healthcare Plan and the Life Insurance are established by and may be amended by the City Council. Only employees covered under the PEBP receive subsidy from the City. Premiums for City offered life and health insurance, except PEBP are paid by retirees. The City is responsible for health claims for retired unrepresented and police employees based on the retiree's choice of plan.

PEBP is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by a nine member governing board that provides medical, prescription, dental and vision benefits to retirees. Eligibility and subsidy requirements are governed by the NRS and can only be amended through legislation. In 2008, the NRS were amended and as a result of this amendment, the number of retirees for whom the City is obligated to provide postemployment benefits is limited to eligible employees who retired from City service prior to September 1, 2008. The PEBP issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to the Public Employee Benefit Plan, 901 South Stewart Street, Suite 101, Carson City, NV 89701 or by calling (775) 684-7000.

#### Funding Policy and Annual OPEB Cost

The City is required to provide a subsidy, based on years of service for its retirees that have enrolled in the PEBP. The subsidy is paid on a pay-as-you-go basis and is set by the State Legislature. For the year ended June 30, 2016, this subsidy ranged from \$116 to \$636 per retiree, per month.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the average cost borne by the City for employees and retirees enrolled in the Healthcare Plan was \$1,585 per participant, per month. Retirees enrolled in the Healthcare Plan receive no direct subsidy from the City; however, retiree loss experience is pooled with active loss experience for the purpose of setting rates and the difference between the true claims cost and the blended premium creates an implicit rate subsidy from the City. Beginning July 1, 2014, the City started an employee/retiree premium contribution program with three alternative PPO plans. In addition, the City created one HMO plan at no cost to the employee.

Annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The following table shows the components of the annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the net OPEB obligation:

	Public Employee Benefit Program	City of North Las Vegas Health Care Plan	City of North Las Vegas Life Insurance Plan	Total
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$ 530,397 52,013 (89,981)	230,521	\$ 1,419,371 \$ 238,114 (236,572)	3,152,472 520,648 (555,581)
Annual OPEB cost OPEB contributions made	492,429 (486,703)	1,204,197 (239,674)	1,420,913 (101,786)	3,117,539 (828,163)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	5,726	964,523	1,319,127	2,289,376
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	1,300,324	5,763,018	5,952,845	13,016,187
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ <u>1,306,050</u>	\$ 6,727,541	\$ <u>7,271,972</u> \$	15,305,563

Annual OPEB cost, employer contributions, the percentage of annual cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2015 and 2016 were as follows:

				OPEB		
	Aı	mual OPEB	C	ontributions	Percentage	Net OPEB
For the Year Ended June 30,	_	Cost	_	Made	Contributed	Obligation
Public Employee Benefit Program						
2014	\$	651,273	\$	597,741	91.8 % \$	1,313,579
2015		491,616		504,871	102.7 %	1,300,324
2016		492,429		486,703	98.8 %	1,306,050
City of North Las Vegas Health Care Plan						
2014		1,543,821		212,207	13.7 %	4,844,683
2015		1,140,255		221,920	19.5 %	5,763,018
2016		1,204,197		239,674	19.9 %	6,727,541
City of North Las Vegas Life Insurance Plan						
2014		153,684		65,274	42.5 %	4,711,198
2015		1,335,892		94,245	7.1 %	5,952,845
2016		1,420,913		101,786	7.2 %	7,271,972

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

The funded status of the plans as of the most recent actuarial valuation date was as follows:

Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percent of Covered Payroll
Public Employee Benefit Program June 30, 2015	N/A 1 5	\$ 7,645,416 \$	7,645,416	0.0 %	\$ N/A <sup>2</sup>	N/A <sup>2</sup>
City of North Las Vegas Health Care Plan June 30, 2015	N/A <sup>1</sup>	12,722,773	12,722,773	0.0 %	30,506,686	41.7 %
City of North Las Vegas IAFF Plan June 30, 2015	N/A 1	12,720,838	12,720,838	0.0 %	12,949,578	98.2 %

<sup>1.</sup> No assets have been placed in trust.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The required schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the basic financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plans (the plans as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the City and the plan members at that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

<sup>2.</sup> The Public Employee Benefit Program is a closed plan; and therefore, there are no current covered employees.

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Significant actuarial methods and assumptions as of the most recent actuarial valuation date were as follows:

	Public Employee Benefit Program I	City of North Las Vegas Health Care Plan	~
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal, closed	Entry age normal, open	Entry age normal, open
Amortization method	•		Level percent of
		pay	pay
Amortization period	25 years	30 years	30 years
Asset valuation method	No assets in trust N	No assets in trust	No assets in trust
Actuarial assumptions			
Investment rate of return	4%	4%	4%
Projected salary increase	N/A <sup>1</sup>	4%	4%
Inflation rate	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Number of retirees	163	429	160
Healthcare inflation rates	004		201
<u>Initial</u>	8%	8%	8%
Ultimate	5%	5%	5%

<sup>1.</sup> The Public Employee Benefit Program is a closed plan; and therefore, there are no current covered employees.

The City utilizes the self-insurance reserve internal service fund to allocate OPEB costs. Each fund recognizes its portion of the annual OPEB costs based on each fund's actual salary costs. No governmental funds have been used to liquidate the net OPEB obligation thus far. As of June 30, 2016, the self-insurance reserve internal service fund had \$46,513,312 in unrestricted cash, cash equivalents and investments some of which is intended to fund future OPEB costs. Because these assets are not held in an irrevocable trust, they are not considered plan assets at this time and as such, are not reflected in any OPEB funding schedules. The City is required to have its actuarial valuation study updated every two years and will make funding decisions with regard to OPEB costs accordingly.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percent of Covered Payroll
Public Employee Benefit Program						
June 30, 2011 <sup>3</sup>	N/A 1 5	10,530,961 \$	10,530,961	0.0 %	\$ N/A <sup>2</sup>	N/A 2
June 30, 2013 <sup>4</sup>	N/A 1	11,038,451	11,038,451	0.0 %	N/A 2	N/A 2
June 30, 2015 <sup>4</sup>	N/A 1	7,645,416	7,645,416	0.0 %	N/A 2	N/A <sup>2</sup>
City of North Las Vegas Health Care Plan						
June 30, 2011 <sup>3</sup>	N/A 1	17,976,859	17,976,859	0.0 %	142,669,047	12.6 %
June 30, 2013 <sup>4</sup>	N/A 1	13,937,406	13,937,406	0.0 %	82,838,760	16.8 %
June 30, 2015 <sup>4</sup>	N/A 1	12,722,773	12,722,773	0.0 %	30,506,686	41.7 %
City of North Las Vegas Life Insurance Plan						
June 30, 2011 <sup>3</sup>	N/A 1	2,431,608	2,431,608	0.0 %	142,669,047	1.7 %
June 30, 2013 <sup>4</sup>	N/A 1	2,240,684	2,240,684	0.0 %		2.7 %
City of North Las Vegas IAFF Plan 5						
June 30, 2015	N/A 1	12,720,838	12,720,838	0.0 %	12,949,578	98.2 %

No assets have been placed in trust.
 The Public Employee Benefit Program is a closed plan; and therefore, there are no current covered employees.
 The Public Employees Benefit Program is a closed plan; and therefore, there are no current covered employees.
 During the year ended June 30, 2011, the City reduced staffing levels from 1,820 to 1,269 of eligible employees, and significant reductions occurred in the City's required subsidy for retirees participating in the Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Program. As a result, the actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2011, was reperformed to properly account for these events. The amounts reported above reflect the results of the second June, 30, 2011, actuarial report.
 A change in estimate has occurred since the June 30, 2013, valuation related to retiree life insurance and the actuary no longer believes an OPEB liability exists since retiree premiums are now determined separately from active employee premiums for those plans, and retirees are responsible for psying the full premium for retiree life insurance
 The valuation as of June 30, 2015, separates the City's medical plan and the IAFF medical plan. In the past, the two were combined.

#### MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE COLLECTIVE NET PENSION LIABILITY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS<sup>1</sup>

For the Year Ended June 30,	Proportion of the Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability Pension Liability	Covered Employee Payroll	Proportion of the Collective Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	PERS Fiduciary
2014 2015	1.93043 % \$ 201,188,894 \$ 1.81342 % 207,807,801	87,200,964 82,840,577	230.71868 % 250.85163 %	

<sup>1.</sup> Information for the multiple-employer cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan is not available for years prior to the year ended June 30, 2014. As becomes available this schedule will ultimately present information for the ten most resent fiscal years.

#### MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER COST-SHARING DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF STATUTORILY REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 AND LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS<sup>1</sup>

For the Year Ended June 30,	Statutorily Required Contribution	Contributions in relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
2014	\$ 28,986,153		\$	\$ 87,200,964	33.24044 9
2015 2016	27,789,671 29,296,433	27,789,671 29,296,433		82,840,577 84,120,151	33.54538 ' 34.82643 '

Information for the multiple-employer cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan is not available for years prior to the year ended June 30, 2014. As becomes available this schedule will ultimately present information for the ten most resent fiscal years.

#### GENERAL FUND

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The general fund is used to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in some other fund.

### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
	Original Budget	1 mai Budgot	7 LOUINI	V MI IMICO
REVENUES	4 7007.734			
Property taxes	\$ 7,993,531	. , ,		
Franchise fees	22,468,850	22,468,850	21,307,694	(1,161,156
Licenses and permits	13,462,379	13,462,379	15,470,650	2,008,271
Charges for services	4,763,794	4,790,686	5,724,957	934,271
Intergovernmental consolidated taxes	48,825,320	48,825,320	49,903,290	1,077,970
Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures	4,250,113	4,274,813	4,278,389 4,926,011	3,576
Contributions	5,777,500 300		1,600	(851,489
Rents and royalties	450,000		568,094	1,300 118,094
Investment income	354,000		1,363,934	1,009,934
Miscellaneous	342.010	473,010		108,903
Miscenaneous	342,010	473,010	581,913	108,903
Total revenues	108,687,797	108,870,389	112,178,554	3,308,165
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Legislative				
Salaries and wages	507,486	507,486	401,879	105,607
Employee benefits	369,561	369,561	257,161	112,400
Services and supplies	135,176	135,176	58,830	76,346
Total legislative	1,012,223	1,012,223	717,870	294,353
Executive				
Salaries and wages	491,314	518,395	545,490	(27,095
Employee benefits	297,990	311,333	303,665	7,668
Services and supplies	433,329	460,814	338,621	122,193
Total executive	1,222,633	1,290,542	1,187,776	102,766
City attorney				
Salaries and wages	1,312,227	1,312,227	1,192,662	119,565
Employee benefits	726,056	726,056	634,190	91,866
Services and supplies	255,389	280,439	194,376	86,063
Total city attorney	2,293,672	2,318,722	2,021,228	297,494
City clerk				
Salaries and wages	294,517	294,517	268,559	25,958
Employee benefits	154,353	154,353	141,344	13,009
Services and supplies	172,432	281,932	129,081	152,851
Total city clerk	621,302	730,802	538,984	191,818
Finance				
Salaries and wages	1,844,181	1,854,554	1,595,680	258,874
Employee benefits	1,042,517	1,048,029	854,602	193,427
Services and supplies	463,900	448,900	446,073	2,827
Total finance	3,350,598		2,896,355	455,128
Planning				
Salaries and wages	642,004	648,022	637,382	10,640
Employee benefits	305,534		306,448	3,219
Services and supplies	120,084		94,392	25,692
Total planning	1,067,622	1,077,773	1,038,222	39,551

# GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Other				
Salaries and wages	3,907,545	3,253,639	3,106,416	147,223
Employee benefits	1,954,861	1,556,816	3,430,212	(1,873,396)
Services and supplies	5,995,253	7,144,433	6,680,620	463,813
Capital outlay			7,590	(7,590)
Total other	11,857,659	11,954,888	13,224,838	(1,269,950)
Total general government	21,425,709	21,736,433	21,625,273	111,160
Judicial				
Municipal court				
Salaries and wages	2,639,718	2,624,718	2,716,806	(92,088)
Employee benefits	1,370,746	1,370,746	1,403,521	(32,775)
Services and supplies	554,340	554,340	473,772	80,568
Total municipal court	4,564,804	4,549,804	4,594,099	(44,295)
Marshals	000.040	220.246	107.500	101 /02
Salaries and wages Employce benefits	289,348	229,348	127,723	101,625
Services and supplies	201,206 19,322	201,206 107,322	72,883 83,240	128,323 24,082
Capital outlay	17,322	25,000	65,240	25,000
Total marshals	509,876	562,876	283,846	279,030
Other				
Employee benefits			50,000	(50,000)
Services and supplies			150,000	(150,000)
Total other			200,000	(200,000)
Total judicial	5,074,680	5,112,680	5,077,945	34,735
Public safety				
Police				
Salaries and wages	17,182,305	17,590,660	16,438,801	1,151,859
Employee benefits	10,918,629	11,209,862	12,088,360	(878,498)
Services and supplies	4,185,706	4,206,652	4,447,674	(241,022)
Total police	32,286,640	33,007,174	32,974,835	32,339
Corrections	4 400 04 6	4 404 0-4		
Salaries and wages	4,482,816	4,121,271	3,382,679	738,592
Employee benefits Services and supplies	3,158,581 8,794,680	2,885,015 8,770,734	4,483,451 7,902,783	(1,598,436) 867,951
Total corrections	16,436,077	15,777,020	15,768,913	8,107
Protective services				
Salaries and wages	2,416,330	1,885,734	1,826,004	59,730
Employee benefits	1,292,379	931,211	998,293	(67,082)
Services and supplies	1,032,447	1,016,513	954,010	62,503
Total protective services	4,741,156	3,833,458	3,778,307	55,151
Fire				
Salaries and wages	17,258,569	17,793,328	17,667,834	125,494
Employee benefits	10,371,822	10,660,683	11,114,281	(453,598)
Services and supplies	3,420,606	3,432,997	3,074,092	358,905
Total fire	31,050,997	31,887,008	31,856,207	30,801
Total public safety	84,514,870	84,504,660	84,378,262	126,398

# GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Public works				
Administration				
Salaries and wages	201,083	172,006	192,282	(20,276)
Employee benefits	114,619	97,300	99,758	(2,458)
Services and supplies	22,101	22,101	16,884	5,217
Total administration	337,803	291,407	308,924	(17,517)
Flood control				
Salaries and wages	307,511	282,333	333,744	(51,411)
Employee benefits	144,917	129,933	142,183	(12,250)
Services and supplies	32,445	32,445	(337,816)	370,261
Total flood control	484,873	444,711	138,111	306,600
Streets				
Employee benefits			1 <b>,324</b>	(1,324)
Services and supplies			33	(33)
Total streets			1,357	(1,357)
Engineering				
Salaries and wages	119,950	94,772	237,223	(142,451)
Employee benefits	61,074	46,090	114,018	(67,928)
Services and supplies	89,597	89,597	58,868	30,729
Total engineering	270,621	230,459	410,109	(179,650)
Real property				
Salaries and wages	290,063	290,063	137,180	152,883
Employee benefits	143,863	143,863	68,689	75,174
Services and supplies	38,928	38,928	11,262	27,666
Total real property	472,854	472,854	217,131	255,723
Construction				
Salaries and wages	312,375	255,345	299,700	(44,355)
Employee benefits	139,388	109,156	138,713	(29,557)
Services and supplies	115,133	115,133	78,111	37,022
Total construction	566,896	479,634	516,524	(36,890)
Survey				
Salaries and wages	65,085	(21,069)	111,315	(132,384)
Employee benefits	31,490	(10,683)	57,753	(68,436)
Services and supplies	<u>75,834</u> 172,409	75,834 44,082	50,310 219,378	25,524 (175,296)
Total survey		11,002	215,576	(175250)
Other		000 115		202.115
Salaries and wages		282,117	400.000	282,117
Employee benefits		157,933	400,000	(242,067)
Services and supplies Total other		440,050	150,000 550,000	(150,000) (109,950)
Total other		440,030	330,000	(109,930)
Total public works	2,305,456	2,403,197	2,361,534	41,663
Culture and recreation				
Administration				
Salaries and wages	189,620	189,620	190,900	(1,280)
Employee benefits	98,883	98,883	98,220	663
Services and supplies	15,671	15,671	15,741	(70)
Total administration	304,174	304,174	304,861	(687)

# GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Participant recreation				
Salaries and wages	732,824	701,982	660,391	41,591
Employee benefits	173,788	271,913	201,676	70,237
Services and supplies	904,779	916,679	844,225	72,454
Capital outlay			12,337	(12,337)
Total participant recreation	1,811,391	1,890,574	1,718,629	171,945
Parks and grounds				
Salaries and wages	1,030,171	1,083,331	945,797	137,534
Employee benefits	536,444	452,523	1 <b>,431,089</b>	(978,566)
Services and supplies	4,737,047	4,725,147	4,015,936	709,211
Total parks and grounds	6,303,662	6,261,001	6,392,822	(131,821)
Total culture and recreation	8,419,227	8,455,749	8,416,312	39,437
Community support				
Housing and neighborhood services				
Salaries and wages	521,254	457,284	459,960	(2,676)
Employee benefits	267,880	227,455	230,903	(3,448)
Services and supplies	335,632	335,632	281,128	54,504
Total housing and neighborhood services	1,124,766	1,020,371	971,991	48,380
Economic development				
Salaries and wages	232,481	232,481	177,026	55,455
Employee benefits	122,831	122,831	100,043	22,788
Services and supplies	229,309	229,309	25,996	203,313
Total economic development	584,621	584,621	303,065	281,556
Developer agreements	<i>4</i> <b>222</b>	c		10.500
Services and supplies	61,000	61,000	20,500	40,500
Other				(222.222)
Employee benefits			300,000	(300,000)
Services and supplies			50,000	(50,000)
Total other			350,000	(350,000)
Total community support	1,770,387	1,665,992	1,645,556	20,436
Total expenditures	123,510,329	123,878,711	123,504,882	373,829
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(14,822,532)	(15,008,322)	(11,326,328)	3,681,994
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Contingencies	(500,000)	(500,000)	(500,000)	
Proceeds from capital asset disposal	25,000	25,000	226,042	201,042
Transfers in	23,492,404	23,492,404	23,522,649	30,245
Transfers out	(7,622,441)	(7,622,441)	(10,622,441)	(3,000,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,394,963	15,394,963	12,626,250	(2,768,713)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	572,431	386,641	1,299,922	913,281
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	10,136,612	12,596,352	12,596,352	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>10,709,043</u> \$	12,982,993	13,896,274 \$	913,281

### MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Special revenue funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted or committed to specific purposes other than debt service and capital projects.

Public Safety Tax

Accounts for voter-approved property tax overrides to be used exclusively for public safety programs.

# PUBLIC SAFETY TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 30,125,339	\$ 30,125,339 \$		212,249
Charges for services			6,326	6,326
Miscellaneous			3,084	3,084
Total revenues	30,125,339	30,125,339	30,346,998	221,659
EXPENDITURES				
Public safety				
Police	10.000.115	10.000.415	45.455.555	1 401 554
Salaries and wages	13,369,417	13,369,417	12,167,655	1,201,762
Employee benefits Services and supplies	8,819,951 3,092,009	8,819,951 3,092,009	8,398,541 2,334,117	421,410 757,892
Total police	25,281,377	25,281,377	22,900,313	2,381,064
Total ponce		<u> </u>	22,900,313	2,361,004
Corrections	CCC 210	((( 010	577 055	00.055
Salaries and wages	666,210 438,657	666,210 438,657	577,955 403,119	88,255
Employee benefits Services and supplies	436,637 29,707	438,637 29,707	26,169	35,538 3,538
Total corrections	1,134,574	1,134,574	1,007,243	127,331
Total Corrections	1,134,374	1,134,574	1,007,243	127,731
Protective services	3.500			
Salaries and wages	3,500 320		544	(544)
Employee benefits Services and supplies	320 14,846	14,846	12,114	(3 <del>44</del> ) 2,732
Total protective services	18,666	14,846	12,658	2,732
Total protective services	18,000	14,040	12,038	2,100
Total expenditures	26,434,617	26,430,797	23,920,214	2,510,583
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	3,690,722	3,694,542	6,426,784	2,732,242
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from capital asset disposal			4,874	4,874
Transfers out	(777,000)	(777,000)	(777,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(777,000)	(777,000)	(772,126)	4,874
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	2,913,722	2,917,542	5,654,658	2,737,116
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,635,010	5,472,314	5,472,314	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$6,548,732	\$ 8,389,856 \$	11,126,972 \$	2,737,116

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Note 1. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

During the year ended June 30, 2011, the City reduced staffing levels from 1,820 to 1,269 of eligible employees, and significant reductions occurred in the City's required subsidy for retirees participating in the Nevada Public Employees' Benefits Program. As a result, the actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2011, was reperformed to properly account for these events. The amounts reported in the schedule of funding progress reflect the results of the second June 30, 2011, actuarial report.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, no significant events occurred that would have affected the actuarial valuation; and therefore, would have changed the benefit provision, size or composition of those covered by the postemployment benefit plans, or the actuarial methods and assumptions used in the actuarial valuation reports dated July 1, 2013, July 1, 2011 and July 1, 2009.

The actuarial accrued liability and unfunded actuarial accrued liability involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. These estimates are subject to continual revision.

Additional information related to postemployment benefits other than pensions can be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

#### Note 2. Multiple-Employer Cost-Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

For the year ended June 30, 2016, there were no changes in the pension benefit plan terms to the actuarial methods and assumptions used in the actuarial valuation report dated June 30, 2015.

The actuarial valuation report dated June 30, 2015, is the only valuations to date of the multiple-employer cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan. As additional actuarial valuations are obtained these schedules will ultimately present information from the ten most resent valuations.

Additional pension plan information can be found in Note \_\_ to the basic financial statements.

### Note 3. Budget Information

The accompanying required supplementary schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance presents the original adopted budget, the final amended budget, and actual fund data for the general fund and each major special revenue fund. The original budgets were adopted on a basis consistent with financial accounting policies and with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. All amendments made to the original budgets were as prescribed by law and similarly consistent.

Additional budgetary information can be found in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

# NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Aggregate Other Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 49,708,430	\$ 7,552,386	\$ 18,720,650	\$ 75,981,466
Accounts receivable, net	917,651		46,236	963,887
Grants receivable	2,181,829		6,230,458	8,412,287
Property taxes receivable	349,842	1,194		351,036
Interest receivable		3,241		3,241
Special assessments receivable		67,198		67,198
Prepaid items	11,921		100	11,921
Due from other governments	3,902,225		188	3,902,413
Property held for resale	6,426,980			6,426,980
Total assets	\$ 63,498,878	\$ <u>7,624,019</u>	\$ <u>24,997,532</u>	\$ 96,120,429
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 1,077,848	\$ 5,135	\$ 4,461,350	
Accrued salaries and benefits	252,657			252,657
Due to other funds	30,550			30,550
Due to other governments	209,464		45,223	254,687
Customer deposits	9,610		66.600	9,610
Unearned revenue	2,378,005		66,699	2,444,704
Total liabilities	3,958,134	5,135	4,573,272	8,536,541
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenues	119,496	1,010		120,506
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	4,077,630	6,145	4,573,272	8,657,047
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable				
Prepaid items	11,921			11,921
Land held for resale	6,426,980			6,426,980
Restricted for				
Debt service		7,617,874		7,617,874
Street improvments projects	5,194,054		4,056,739	9,250,793
Other capital projects	17,882,515		3,808,176	21,690,691
Police, fire and other public safety programs and projects	9,061,704		9,241,654	18,303,358
Parks, cultural and other recreational programs	29,519		3,290,767	3,320,286
Library district operations	461,755			461,755
Courts and other judical programs	1,708,381			1,708,381
Community assistance and support programs	15,122,644			15,122,644
Other	19,103			19,103
Committed to	770 07 <i>5</i>			770 075
Community assistance and support programs  Assigned to	770,075			770,075
Parks, cultural and other recreational programs	2,732,597			2,732,597
Unassigned			26,924	26,924
Total fund balances	59,421,248	7,617,874	20,424,260	87,463,382
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 63,498,878	\$7,624,019	\$24,997,532	\$ 96,120,429

### Non-major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Spec	cial Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Č	gregate Other Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	14,795,644	\$ 2,690	\$	\$	14,798,334
Residential construction taxes	•	426,603	-,	•	•	426,603
Room taxes		564,601				564,601
Special assessments			2,167,784			2,167,784
Charges for services		2,882,663		114,266		2,996,929
Intergovernmental		22,538,324		38,404,185		60,942,509
Fines and forfeitures		474,865	430			475,295
Contributions		20,430		300		20,730
Rents and royalties		97,000		4-000		97,000
Investment income		147,274	21,200	47,383		215,857
Miscellaneous	_	2,053,295	0.100.104	556,344	_	2,609,639
Total revenues		44,000,699	2,192,104	39,122,478	_	85,315,281
EXPENDITURES Current						
General government		10,192		337,719		347,911
Judicial		510,619				510,619
Public safety		17,887,914		364,624		18,252,538
Public works		4,497,424		920,067		5,417,491
Culture and recreation		4,641,932		108,449		4,750,381
Community support	_	5,087,306		3,191	_	5,090,497
Total current		32,635,387		1,734,050	-	34,369,437
Capital outlay						
General government		248		1,072,755		1,073,003
Public safety		245,258		2,235,493		2,480,751
Public works		130,166		37,718,581		37,848,747
Culture and recreation		286,882		2,587,733		2,874,615
Community support		48,835		26,953		75,788
Total capital outlay		711,389		43,641,515		44,352,904
Debt service		205.000	4 1 40 700			4 52 4 700
Principal payments		385,000	4,149,700			4,534,700
Interest and fiscal charges	_	91,761	7,305,541		-	7,397,302
Total debt service	_	476,761	11,455,241		-	11,932,002
Total expenditures	_	33,823,537	11,455,241	45,375,565	_	90,654,343
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	10,177,162	(9,263,137)	(6,253,087	) _	(5,339,062)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from capital asset disposal		19,000		17,193		36,193
Transfers in		1,584,027	12,427,741	4,048,295		18,060,063
Transfers out		(7,582,409)		(289,814)	)	(7,872,223)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(5,979,382)	12,427,741	3,775,674	_	10,224,033
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		4,197,780	3,164,604		)	4,884,971
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		55,223,468	4,453,270	22,901,673		82,578,411
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	59,421,248			s	87,463,382
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	~		- ,,017,077		~=	0.,.00,002

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Special revenue funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted or committed to specific purposes other than debt service and capital projects.

#### Parks and Recreation Support

Accounts for monies collected for the enhancement and support of park facilities and recreation programs.

#### Redevelopment Agency

Accounts for supplemental property taxes assessed on the redevelopment district property and the costs of carrying out the redevelopment plan.

#### Library District

Accounts for monies received by the District from property taxes and contributions from the general fund and costs related to the Library District.

#### Special Purpose Revenue

Accounts for monies received from various sources, which are to be used for specific purposes.

#### More Cops Sales Tax

Accounts for a voter-approved increase in sales and use tax to employ and equip additional police officers.

#### Park Construction Tax

Accounts for monies collected from developers to finance park construction projects.

#### **Public Safety Support**

Accounts for monies received by the City from various sources that are to be used for programs that enhance public safety.

#### Municipal Court Support

Accounts for fees collected to defray the costs of maintaining the Municipal Court.

#### Community Development

Accounts for monies received by the City from the County as a grantee participant in the federal Community Development Block Grant Program as well as funds received from the State of Nevada and other sources, which must be used for qualifying community development projects.

### NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Parks and Recreation Support	R	edevelopment Agency	Library District	S <sub>I</sub>	pecial Purpose Revenue	Mo	ore Cops Sales Tax
ASSETS									
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net Grants receivable Property taxes receivable	\$	2,719,001 48,575 91,994	\$	13,694,577 306,292 49,205	\$ 483,790 3,895 517 62,914	\$	20,850,631 245,647 40,512 232,745	\$	2,152,902 (838)
Prepaid items Due from other governments Property held for resale	_		_	.,,_00	6,417	_	656,150	_	3,245,326
Total assets	\$_	2,859,570	\$_	14,050,074	\$ 557,533	\$_	22,025,685	<b>\$_</b>	5,397,390
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities Accrued salaries and benefits Due to other funds	\$	58,982 8,510 770	\$	4,159 8,009 835	22,136 2,280	\$	378,261 50,647 5,263	\$	4,916 136,803 18,442
Due to other governments Customer deposits		9,610			17,622		98,297		
Unearned revenue	_	19,582	_	2,873	3,011	_	475	_	
Total liabilities	_	97,454	_	15,876	71,082	_	532,943	_	160,161
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenues	-		-	32,813	18,279	-	66,958	_	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	-	97,454	_	48,689	89,361	_	599,901	_	160,161
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable Prepaid items Land held for resale					6,417				
Restricted for Street improvments projects Other capital projects Police, fire and other public safety programs and							5,194,054 16,212,627		
projects Parks, cultural and other recreational programs Library district operations		29,519			461,755				5,237,229
Courts and other judical programs  Community assistance and support programs  Other				14,001,385			19,103		
Committed to  Community assistance and support programs									
Assigned to Parks, cultural and other recreational programs		2,732,597							
•	-		-	14 001 295	460 170	-	21 425 794	_	5 227 220
Total fund balances	-	2,762,116	-	14,001,385	468,172	-	21,425,784	_	5,237,229
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balan	ces \$_	2,859,570	\$_	14,050,074	\$ <u>557,533</u>	\$_	22,025,685	\$	5,397,390

## NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

		Park Construction Tax		Public Safety Support	Μι 	unicipal Court Support	: 	Community Development		Total Special Revenue
ASSETS										
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net Grants receivable Property taxes receivable	\$	1,669,888	\$	3,415,315 218,065 472,488 4,978	\$	1,715,621	\$	3,006,705 96,015 1,576,318	\$	49,708,430 917,651 2,181,829 349,842
Property taxes receivable Prepaid items Due from other governments Property held for resale				749		5,504		6,426,980		11,921 3,902,225 6,426,980
Total assets	\$	1,669,888	<b>\$</b> _	4,111,595	<b>\$_</b>	1,721,125	\$	11,106,018	\$	63,498,878
I IADII ITIES	•		•				•		•	
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities Accrued salaries and benefits Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$		\$	141,539 16,811 1,943	\$	459 6,140 641	\$	463,499 3,601 376 93,545	\$	1,077,848 252,657 30,550 209,464
Customer deposits Unearned revenue				125,381				2,226,683		9,610 2,378,005
Total liabilities				285,674		7,240		2,787,704		3,958,134
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues			-	1,446	_					119,496
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources			-	287,120	_	7,240		2,787,704		4,077,630
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable Prepaid items Land held for resale Restricted for						5,504		6,426,980		11,921 6,426,980
Street improvments projects Other capital projects Police, fire and other public safety programs and		1,669,888								5,194,054 17,882,515
projects Parks, cultural and other recreational programs Library district operations				3,824,475		1 500 501				9,061,704 29,519 461,755
Courts and other judical programs  Community assistance and support programs  Other						1,708,381		1,121,259		1,708,381 15,122,644 19,103
Committed to  Community assistance and support programs								770,075		770,075
Assigned to Parks, cultural and other recreational programs										2,732,597
Total fund balances	,	1,669,888	_	3,824,475	_	1,713,885		8,318,314		59,421,248
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	s \$	1,669,888	\$_	4,111,595	\$_	1,721,125	\$	11,106,018	\$	63,498,878

### Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Parks and Recreation Support	Re	edevelopment Agency	Library District		More Cops Sales Tax
REVENUES			_	1 505 004	0.00001	# 10060.050	
Property taxes Residential construction taxes	\$		\$	1,595,934	\$ 2,628,016	\$ 10,363,852	\$
Room taxes						564,601	
Charges for services		2,354,884				,	
Intergovernmental		90,207			110,218	4,869,502	11,562,218
Fines and forfeitures		150			62,087		
Contributions		11,603		07.000			
Rents and royalties Investment income		1 124		97,000 98,616		14,537	16,183
Miscellaneous		1,134 10,303		90,010	47,040	•	
Total revenues		2,468,281	_	1,791,550	2,847,361	15,793,945	
EXPENDITURES	_						
Current							
General government						1	
Judicial Judicial						_	
Public safety		9,594				3,861,035	10,465,358
Public works		60,250		186		4,428,250	
Culture and recreation		1,800,270			2,130,996		
Community support	-	(2)	–	1,032,303		7,128	
Total current	-	1,870,112	-	1,032,489	2,130,996	9,007,074	10,465,358
Capital outlay General government Public safety Public works						248 31,185 130,166	
Culture and recreation		286,882					
Community support	_		_	48,745		90	
Total capital outlay	-	286,882	-	48,745		161,689	
Debt service							
Principal payments					385,000		
Interest and fiscal charges	-		_		91,761		
Total debt service	•		-		476,761		
Total expenditures	-	2,156,994	_	1,081,234	2,607,757	9,168,763	10,465,358
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	311,287	_	710,316	239,604	6,625,182	1,109,823
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from capital asset disposal							
Transfers in		14,563			241,054		
Transfers out	_		_		(527,500)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	14,563	_		(286,446)	(4,627,638	)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		325,850		710,316	(46,842)	) 1,997,544	1,109,823
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	2,436,266	_	13,291,069	515,014	19,428,240	4,127,406
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$_	2,762,116	<b>\$_</b>	14,001,385	\$ 468,172	\$ 21,425,784	\$ 5,237,229

### Non-major Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Park				
	Construction Tax	Public Safety Support	Municipal Court Support	Community Development	Total Special Revenue
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	\$ 207,842	\$	\$	\$ 14,795,644
Residential construction taxes	426,603	3			426,603
Room taxes					564,601
Charges for services		83,345 1,761,090	444,434	4 145 000	2,882,663
Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures		1,761,090 412,628		4,145,089	22,538,324 474,865
Contributions		8,827			20,430
Rents and royalties		0,027			97,000
Investment income	12,31	l 4,493			147,274
Miscellaneous		810,645	379,622	827,452	2,053,295
Total revenues	438,914	3,288,870	824,056	4,972,541	44,000,699
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government			6,475	3,716	10,192
Judicial Public safety		3,551,927	510,619		510,619 17,887,914
Public works		3,331,327		8,738	4,497,424
Culture and recreation				6	4,641,932
Community support				4,047,877	5,087,306
Total current		3,551,927	517,094	4,060,337	32,635,387
Capital outlay					
General government					248
Public safety		214,073			245,258
Public works					130,166
Culture and recreation					286,882 48,835
Community support Total capital outlay		214,073			711,389
Total capital outlay		214,073			/11,569
Debt service Principal payments					385,000
Interest and fiscal charges					91,761
Total debt service					476,761
Total expenditures		3,766,000	517,094	4,060,337	33,823,537
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	438,91	(477,130	306,962	912,204	10,177,162
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from capital asset disposal		19,000			19,000
Transfers in		1,088,410			1,584,027
Transfers out	(525,935			(1,331,091)	(7,582,409)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(525,93	5)1,077,165	(300,000)	(1,331,091)	(5,979,382)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(87,02)	1) 600,035	6,962	(418,887)	4,197,780
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,756,909	3,224,440	1,706,923	8,737,201	55,223,468
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,669,888	3,824,475	\$ 1,713,885	\$ <u>8,318,314</u>	\$ 59,421,248

# PARKS AND RECREATION SUPPORT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>Or</u>	iginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	2,418,000 \$			
Intergovernmental		55,560	66,560	90,207	23,647
Fines and forfeitures Contributions		30,000	30,000	150 11,603	150
Investment income		30,000	30,000	1,134	(18,397) 1,134
Miscellaneous	_	10,000	10,000	10,303	303
Total revenues	_	2,513,560	2,524,560	2,468,281	(56,279)
EXPENDITURES					
Public safety					
Police Services and supplies				9,594	(9,594)
••	_				
Total public safety	_			9,594	(9,594)
Public works					
Streets Salaries and wages				5,130	(5,130)
Employee benefits				541	(541)
Total streets	_			5,671	(5,671)
Engineering					
Services and supplies	_			48,000	(48,000)
Construction					
Salaries and wages	_			<u>844</u>	(844)
Survey					44 -444
Salaries and wages				1,692 98	(1,692)
Employee benefits Services and supplies				59 59	(98) (59)
Total survey	_			1,849	(1,849)
Other					
Employee benefits				3,676	(3,676)
Services and supplies	_			210	(210)
Total other	_			3,886	(3,886)
Total public works				60,250	(60,250)
Culture and recreation					
Administration Services and supplies		25,000	25,000		25,000
Capital outlay	_	214,132	214,132	286,882	(72,750)
Participant recreation					
Salaries and wages		1,431,965	1,303,965	910,709	393,256
Employee benefits		287,512	287,512	193,276	94,236
Services and supplies	_	511,328	650,328	491,882	158,446
Total participant recreation	_	2,230,805	2,241,805	1,595,867	645,938
Parks and grounds				E 707	(E 70.0°
Salaries and wages Employee benefits				5,736 12,144	(5,736) (12,144)
Services and supplies		403,576	403,576	175,713	227,863
not trop are publica	_	403,576	403,576	193,593	209,983

# PARKS AND RECREATION SUPPORT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Other Salaries and wages			9,589	(9,589)
Employee benefits Total other			1,221 10,810	(1,221) (10,810)
Total culture and recreation	2,873,513	2,884,513	2,087,152	797,361
Community support Housing and neighborhood services Services and supplies			<u>(2</u> )	2
Total expenditures	2,873,513	2,884,513	2,156,994	727,519
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(359,953)	(359,953)	311,287	671,240
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	292,348 (292,348)	292,348 (292,348)	14,563	(277,785) 292,348 14,563
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(359,953)	(359,953)	325,850	685,803
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,413,433	2,436,266	2,436,266	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>1,052,480</u>	\$ <u>2,076,313</u> \$	2,762,116	685,803

# REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Property taxes	<b>\$</b> 1,311,579	\$ 1,311,579 \$		
Rents and royalties	21 600	21 600	97,000	97,000
Investment income	31,600	31,600	98,616	67,016
Total revenues	1,343,179	1,343,179	1,791,550	448,371
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Executive	/1 500	(1.500)		(1.500)
Salaries and wages	(1,520) 600			(1,520) 600
Employee benefits				
Other				
Salaries and wages	20,520			20,520
Employee benefits	8,971	8,971		8,971
Services and supplies Total other	30,156			30,156
lotal other	30,130	30,130		30,130
Total general government	29,236	29,236		29,236
Public works				
Other			146	(140)
Salaries and wages Employee benefits			146 38	(146) (38)
Services and supplies			2	(2)
Total other			186	(186)
Community support  Housing and neighborhood services				
Salaries and wages			1,222	(1,222)
Employee benefits			1,917	(1,917)
Services and supplies	40,000	40,000	35,672	4,328
Total housing and neighborhood services	40,000	40,000	38,811	1,189
Economic development				
Salaries and wages	351,584	•	365,789	(14,205)
Employee benefits	185,100		209,951 417,748	(24,851)
Services and supplies Capital outlay	1,218,960 700,000	1,352,730 779,446	48,745	934,982 730,701
Total economic development	2,455,644	2,668,860	1,042,233	1,626,627
Other				
Other Services and supplies			4	(4)
Total community support	2,495,644	2,708,860	1,081,048	1,627,812
Total expenditures	2,524,880	2,738,096	1,081,234	1,656,862
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,181,701)	(1,394,917)	710,316	2,105,233
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	11,891,518	13,291,069	13,291,069	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 10,709,817	\$ <u>11,896,152</u> \$	14,001,385	\$ 2,105,233

# LIBRARY DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budg	et Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 2,606,40	2,606,402	\$ 2,628,016	\$ 21,614
Intergovernmental	2,000,10	97,600	110,218	12,618
Fines and forfeitures	65,00	0 65,000	62,087	(2,913)
Miscellaneous	55,00	55,000	47,040	(7,960)
Total revenues	2,726,40	2,824,002	2,847,361	23,359
EXPENDITURES				
Culture and recreation				
Library district operations	4 0-0 -4			24.400
Salaries and wages	1,079,50		1,048,019	31,490
Employee benefits Services and supplies	545,72 548,96	•	526,740 556,237	18,981 90,330
Services and supplies		040,307	330,237	90,330
Total culture and recreation	2,174,19	2,271,797	2,130,996	140,801
Debt service				
Principal payments	385,00		385,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	91,76	<u>91,761</u>	91,761	
Total debt service	476,76	476,761	476,761	
Total expenditures	2,650,95	2,748,558	2,607,757	140,801
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	75,44	75,444	239,604	164,160
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	241,05	4 241,054	241,054	
Transfers out	(527,50	0) (527,500)	(527,500)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(286,44	(286,446)	(286,446)	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(211,00	(211,002)	(46,842)	164,160
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	346,68	515,014	515,014	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 135,68	\$ <u>304,012</u>	\$ 468,172	\$ 164,160

### Special Purpose Revenue Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 9,697,883			665,969
Room taxes Intergovernmental	400,000 4,690,877	400,000 4,690,877	564,601 4,869,502	164,601 178,625
Investment income	1,950	1,950	14,537	12,587
Miscellaneous	100,840	100,840	(18,547)	(119,387)
Total revenues	14,891,550	14,891,550	15,793,945	902,395
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
City attorney			,	(0)
Capital outlay			<u>6</u> 6	(6)
Total city attorney			<u> </u>	
Finance			242	(242)
Capital outlay Total finance			242	(242)
Other				
Services and supplies		1,835	1	1,834
Total general government		1,835	249	1,586
Public safety				
Protective services	4.00-000			
Salaries and wages	1,295,289	1,216,867	1,161,201	55,666
Employee benefits Services and supplies	642,983 2,744,230	595,388 2,687,230	555,042 2,144,792	40,346 542,438
Capital outlay	2,744,230	32,000	31,185	815
Total public safety	4,682,502	4,531,485	3,892,220	639,265
Public works				
Streets				
Salaries and wages	1,301,085	1,354,329	1,300,239	54,090
Employee benefits	644,627	629,643 2,959,200	654,462	(24,819)
Services and supplies Capital outlay	2,783,100	2,939,200	2,407,658 97,801	551,542 (97,801)
Total streets	4,728,812	4,943,172	4,460,160	483,012
Engineering				
Salaries and wages			1,731	(1,731)
Employee benefits			(7,925)	7,925
Services and supplies			61	(61)
Capital outlay			29,960	(29,960)
Total engineering			23,827	(23,827)
Real property				
Employee benefits			(258)	258
Services and supplies Capital outlay			(18) 711	18 (711)
Construction				
Construction Salaries and wages			6,292	(6,292)
Employee benefits			3,540	(3,540)
Services and supplies			223	(223)

# SPECIAL PURPOSE REVENUE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Survey Employee benefits Capital outlay			(512) 1,694	512 (1,694)
Total survey			1,182	(1,182)
Other				
Salaries and wages		25,178	9.941	25,178
Employee benefits Services and supplies		62,579	7,741 <b>55,016</b>	54,838 (55,016)
Total other		87,757	62,757	25,000
Total public works	4,728,812	5,030,929	4,558,416	472,513
Culture and recreation				
Parks and grounds	876,281	976 201	710 660	165 601
Services and supplies Other	670,261	876,281	710,660	165,621
Services and supplies	546	546		546
Community support  Housing and neighborhood services  Salaries and wages  Employee benefits  Services and supplies  Capital outlay			4,219 2,759 150 90	(4,219) (2,759) (150) (90)
Other Services and supplies	100,000	100,000		100,000
Total community support	100,000	100,000	7,218	92,782
• ••				
Total expenditures	10,388,141	10,541,076	9,168,763	1,372,313
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	4,503,409	4,350,474	6,625,182	2,274,708
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		240,000	240,000	
Transfers out	(4,867,638)	(4,867,638)	(4,867,638)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,867,638)	(4,627,638)	(4,627,638)	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(364,229)	(277,164)	1 <b>,997,544</b>	2,274,708
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,154,708	19,428,240	19,428,240	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>11,790,479</u>	\$ <u>19,151,076</u> \$	21,425,784 \$	2,274,708

### More Cops Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 10,081,330 13,400		11,562,218 \$ 16,183 (3,220)	1,480,888 2,783 (3,220)
Total revenues	10,094,730	10,094,730	11,575,181	1,480,451
EXPENDITURES Public safety Police Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies	5,945,745 4,201,093 889,948	4,201,093	5,690,183 4,019,846 755,329	255,562 181,247 134,619
Total public safety	11,036,786	11,036,786	10,465,358	571,428
Total expenditures	11,036,786	11,036,786	10,465,358	571,428
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(942,056	(942,056)	1,109,823	2,051,879
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(942,056	(942,056)	1,109,823	2,051,879
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,268,084	4,127,406	4,127,406	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,326,028	\$3,185,350	5,237,229 \$	2,051,879

### PARK CONSTRUCTION TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES Residential construction taxes Investment income	\$ 230,000 : 220	\$ 230,000 \$ 220	426,603 \$ 12,311	196,603 12,091
Total revenues	230,220	230,220	438,914	208,694
EXPENDITURES Culture and recreation Parks planning and development				
Services and supplies	113,200	113,200		113,200
Total parks planning and development	113,200	113,200		113,200
Total culture and recreation	113,200	113,200		113,200
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	117,020	117,020	438,914	321,894
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(483,000)	(525,935)	(525,935)	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(365,980)	(408,915)	(87,021)	321,894
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,554,064	1,756,909	1,756,909	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$1,188,084	\$ <u>1,347,994</u> \$	1,669,888 \$	321,894

# PUBLIC SAFETY SUPPORT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>Origi</u>	nal Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	206,338	\$ 206,338	\$ 207,842	\$ 1,504
Charges for services		30,000	30,000	83,345	53,345
Intergovernmental		1,369,162	2,032,972	1,761,090	(271,882)
Fines and forfeitures			381,000	412,628	31,628
Contributions		15,000	15,000	8,827	(6,173)
Investment income		400.000	450 000	4,493	4,493
Miscellaneous		400,000	450,000	810,645	360,645
Total revenues		2,020,500	3,115,310	3,288,870	173,560
EXPENDITURES					
Public safety					
Police		1 116 500	1 401 401	1 506 140	105 000
Salaries and wages		1,116,599	1,491,431	1,296,149	195,282
Employce benefits Services and supplies		730,472 405,296	843,612 1,101,270	770,119 581,819	73,493 519,451
Capital outlay		123,581	187,915	151,833	36,082
Total police		2,375,948	3,624,228	2,799,920	824,308
•		2,070,010	3,021,220	2,777,720	021,300
Corrections Salaries and wages		28,500	66,603	33,631	32,972
Employee benefits		3,900	9,215	4,687	4,528
Services and supplies		100,000	100,000	.,	100,000
Total corrections		132,400	175,818	38,318	137,500
Protective services					
Salaries and wages		277,849	412,476	416,603	(4,127)
Employee benefits		148,109	210,085	222,288	(12,203)
Services and supplies		261,901	184,268	170,736	13,532
Capital outlay			62,240	62,240	
Total protective services	_	687,859	869,069	871,867	(2,798)
Fire					
Salaries and wages				25,260	(25,260)
Employee benefits				3,512	(3,512)
Services and supplies			28,209	27,123	1,086
Total fire			28,209	55,895	(27,686)
Total public safety		3,196,207	4,697,324	3,766,000	931,324
Total expenditures		3,196,207	4,697,324	3,766,000	931,324
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(1,175,707)	(1,582,014)	(477,130)	1,104,884
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from capital asset disposal			19,000	19,000	
Transfers in		975,443	1,106,653	1,088,410	(18,243)
Transfers out				(30,245)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		975,443	1,125,653	1,077,165	(48,488)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(200,264)	(456,361)	600,035	1,056,396
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,873,446	3,224,440	3,224,440	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<b>\$</b>	2,674,182	\$ 2,768,079	\$ <u>3,824,475</u>	\$ 1,056,396

### MUNICIPAL COURT SUPPORT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
	Original Budget	rmai Budget	Acuai	V AI IAIICE
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 343,400	,		101,034
Miscellaneous	351,984	351,984	379,622	27,638
Total revenues	695,384	695,384	824,056	128,672
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Other				
Services and supplies	369,410	369,410	6,475	362,935
Total other	369,410	369,410	6,475	362,935
Total general government	369,410	369,410	6,475	362,935
Judicial				
Municipal court				
Salaries and wages	302,991	302,991	239,834	63,157
Employee benefits	159,954	159,954	121,278	38,676
Services and supplies	327,170	327,170	149,507	177,663
Total municipal court	790,115	790,115	510,619	279,496
Total expenditures	1,159,525	1,159,525	517,094	642,431
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(464,141)	(464,141)	306,962	771,103
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers out	(300,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(764,141)	(764,141)	6,962	771,103
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,662,008	1,706,923	1,706,923	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 897,867	\$ 942,782	1,713,885	771,103

# COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Orig	inal Budget	F	inal Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	10,078,886 250,000	\$	10,175,520 \$ 730,000	4,145,089 5 827,452	6 (6,030,431) 97,452
Total revenues	_	10,328,886	_	10,905,520	4,972,541	(5,932,979)
		10,528,660	_	10,903,320	4,772,341	(3,332,313)
EXPENDITURES General government						
Finance					20	(22)
Salaries and wages Employee benefits					32 9	(32) (9)
Services and supplies			_		1	(1)
Other						
Employee benefits					3,412	(3,412)
Services and supplies	_		_		262	(262)
Total general government			_		3,716	(3,716)
Public works						
Streets Employee benefits					643	(643)
Engineering						
Salaries and wages	_		_		7,531	(7,531)
Other						
Employee benefits Total other	_		_		<u>564</u> 564	(564) (564)
			_			
Total public works			_		8,738	(8,738)
Culture and recreation Other						
Employee benefits					6	(6)
Total other					6	(6)
Total culture and recreation			_		6	(6)
Community support						
Housing and neighborhood services		511,360		513,125	430,880	92 245
Salaries and wages Employee benefits		256,161		256,627	224,912	82,245 31,715
Services and supplies		9,574,713		9,919,116	3,392,035	6,527,081
Capital outlay		717,900	_	717,900		717,900
Economic development Services and supplies					50	(50)
Total economic development	_		_		50	(50)
Total vectoring development						
Total expenditures		11,060,134	_	11,406,768	4,060,337	7,346,431
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	_	(731,248)	_	(501,248)	912,204	1,413,452
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out		(400,900)		(532,110)	(1,331,091)	(798,981)
Total other financing uses		(400,900)	_	(532,110)	(1,331,091)	(798,981)

# COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,132,148)	(1,033,358)	(418,887)	614,471
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,452,934	8,737,201	8,737,201	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>5,320,786</u>	\$ <u>7,703,843</u> \$	8,318,314 <b>\$</b>	614,471

# **DEBT SERVICE FUNDS**

#### NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to the repayment of debt principal and interest.

#### Debt Service

Accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general obligation medium- and long-term debt principal and interest. Additionally, this fund is used to account for the collection and accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest payments pertaining to those special assessments levied against and secured by a lien upon property within certain assessment districts, for which the City is financially obligated in the event there are deficiencies.

# DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES Property taxes Special assessments Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$ 2,020,090	\$ 2,020,090	2,690 \$ 2,167,784 430 21,200	2,690 147,694 430 21,200
Total revenues	2,020,090	2,020,090	2,192,104	172,014
EXPENDITURES  Debt service  Principal payments  Interest and fiscal charges	4,149,700 	4,149,700 7,299,863	4,149,700 7,305,541	(5,678)
Total expenditures	11,447,831	11,449,563	11,455,241	(5,678)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(9,427,741)	(9,429,473)	(9,263,137)	166,336
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	9,427,741	9,427,741	12,427,741	3,000,000
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,732)	3,164,604	3,166,336
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,260,387	4,453,270	4,453,270	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>4,260,387</u>	\$ <u>4,451,538</u> \$	7,617,874 \$	3,166,336

# **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

#### NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to the improvement, acquisition or construction of capital assets.

#### General Government Improvements

Accounts for various general government capital improvement projects.

#### Municipal Buildings Facilities

Accounts for the costs of acquisition, construction, equipping and furnishing of various new facilities financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds.

#### Civic Center Facilities

Accounts for the costs of acquisition, construction, equipping and furnishing of a new civic center facility financed through the sale of general obligation bonds.

#### Parks and Recreation Projects

Accounts for capital improvement expenditures associated with the City's parks and recreation buildings and facilities.

#### **Public Safety Projects**

Accounts for the cost of public safety projects associated with the City's police, fire and detention facilities, as well as the installation of traffic signals in developing areas and improvements of storm drainage systems.

#### Capital Projects Street Improvements

Accounts for the design, acquisition, construction and improvements of and to various streets and roadways within the City limits.

#### NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

	General Governme Improveme		Municipal Buildings Facilities		Civic Center Facilities		Parks and Recreation Projects
ASSETS  Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net Grants receivable Due from other governments	<b>\$</b> 143,5	79 \$	4,427,508	\$	1,936,724	\$	2,076,953 2,907 319,938 188
Total assets	\$ <u>143,3</u>	<u>79</u> \$	4,427,508	\$_	1,936,724	<b>\$</b> _	2,399,986
LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities  Due to other governments  Unearned revenue	\$ 10,4	60 \$	156,599	\$	707,195	\$	276,090 45,223 4,578
Total liabilities	10,4	<u>60</u>	156,599	_	707,195	_	325,891
FUND BALANCES Restricted for Street improvments projects Other capital projects Police, fire and other public safety programs and projects Parks, cultural and other recreational programs Unassigned	132,5	19	2,445,728 608,509 1,216,672		1,229,529	_	2,074,095
Total fund balances	132,9	<u>19</u>	4,270,909	_	1,229,529	_	2,074,095
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>143,</u> 3	<u>79</u> \$	4,427,508	\$_	1,936,724	<b>\$</b> _	2,399,986

### Non-major Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) June 30, 2016

	Capital Projects Public Safety Street Total Capital Projects Improvements Projects
ASSETS  Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net Grants receivable Due from other governments	\$ 7,059,414 \$ 3,076,672 \$ 18,720,650 43,329 46,236 2,541,740 3,368,780 6,230,458 188
Total assets	\$ <u>9,601,154</u> \$ <u>6,488,781</u> \$ <u>24,997,532</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities Due to other governments Unearned revenue  Total liabilities	\$ 938,857 \$ 2,372,149 \$ 4,461,350 45,223 2,228 59,893 66,699 941,085 2,432,042 4,573,272
FUND BALANCES Restricted for Street improvments projects Other capital projects Police, fire and other public safety programs and projects Parks, cultural and other recreational programs Unassigned	4,056,739 4,056,739 3,808,176 8,633,145 9,241,654 3,290,767 26,924 26,924
Total fund balances	8,660,069 4,056,739 20,424,260
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>9,601,154</u> \$ <u>6,488,781</u> \$ <u>24,997,532</u>

#### Non-major Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	G	General overnment provements	Municipal Buildings Facilities	Civic Center Facilities	Parks and Recreation Projects
REVENUES Charges for services	\$	S	<b>L</b>	\$	S
Intergovernmental	•	•		•	1,057,700
Contributions					
Investment income			34,256	13,127	
Miscellaneous					4,146
Total revenues			34,256	13,127	1,061,846
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government			136,100	228,511	(1,475)
Public safety			13,457		((( 000)
Public works Culture and recreation		1	9,436 15,926		(66,386) 92,004
Community support			71		(244)
Total current	_	1	174,990	228,511	23,899
Capital outlay					
General government		10,460	145,105	869,083	1,475
Public safety			404,788		244
Public works			36,378		61,572
Culture and recreation			39,929		2,547,804
Community support	_		191		18,106
Total capital outlay		10,460	626,391	869,083	2,629,201
Total expenditures	_	10,461	801,381	1,097,594	2,653,100
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	_	(10,461)	(767,125)	(1,084,467)	(1,591,254)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from capital asset disposal					
Transfers in				(2.6.20.4)	2,005,612
Transfers out	_			(36,384)	2.005.612
Total other financing sources (uses)	_			(36,384)	2,005,612
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(10,461)	(767,125)	(1,120,851)	414,358
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	143,380	5,038,034	2,350,380	1,659,737
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	132,919 \$	4,270,909	\$1,229,529	\$ 2,074,095

#### Non-major Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Public Safety Projects	Capital Projects Street Improvements	Total Capital Projects
REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 11 <b>4,26</b> 6		§ 114 <b>,</b> 266
Intergovernmental	19,101,590	, ,	38,404,185
Contributions	300		300
Investment income			47,383
Miscellaneous	574,750		556,344
Total revenues	19,790,906	18,222,343	39,122,478
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	539	,	337,719
Public safety	233,458		364,624
Public works	9,281		920,067
Culture and recreation		519	108,449
Community support	338		3,191
Total current	243,616	1,063,033	1,734,050
Capital outlay			
General government	16,128	30,504	1,072,755
Public safety	1,276,792	553,669	2,235,493
Public works	19,079,608	18,541,023	37,718,581
Culture and recreation			2,587,733
Community support	852		26,953
Total capital outlay	20,373,380	19,133,000	43,641,515
Total expenditures	20,616,996	20,196,033	45,375,565
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(826,090	(1,973,690)	(6,253,087)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Proceeds from capital asset disposal	1 <b>7,19</b> 3		17,193
Transfers in	397,430		4,048,295
Transfers out		(253,430)	(289,814)
Total other financing sources (uses)	414,623	1,391,823	3,775,674
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(411,467	(581,867)	(2,477,413)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	9,071,536	4,638,606	22,901,673
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$8,660,069	\$ 4,056,739	20,424,260

# GENERAL GOVERNMENT IMPROVEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget Fina	l Budget Actual	Variance
EXPENDITURES General government Finance			
Services and supplies Capital outlay	\$ 	\$ (10,460) 10,460	\$ 10,460 (10,460)
Other Services and supplies Total general government		10,460 10,460	(10,460) (10,460)
Public works Other Services and supplies		1	(1)
Total public works		1	(1)
Total expenditures		10,461	(10,461)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(10,461)	(10,461)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(10,461)	(10,461)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	151,510	143,380 143,380	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>151,510</u> \$	143,380 \$ 132,919	\$ <u>(10,461</u> )

#### Municipal Buildings Facilities Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

REVENUES   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S		Osisiaal Budase	Final Dudget	A otrol	Vorigeon
Investment income   S S S 34,256   S 34,256   S 34,256   CEPPENDITURES		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Capital outlay		<b>s</b>	<b>\$</b> :	§34,256 \$	34,256
Capital outlay	EXPENDITURES				
City attorney         6         6           Capital outlay         1         (1)           Employee benefits         14,366         (14,365)           Services and supplies         (14,065)         14,065           Capital outlay         302         (302)           Other         Salaries and wages         7,000         7,000         7,000           Employee benefits         3,000         3,000         3,000         159,164         150,335           Services and supplies         18,085         24,485         12,733         113,152         113,152         150,335         159,164         150,335         159,164         150,335         159,164         150,335         159,164         150,335         159,164         150,335         150,355         28,575         28,575<					
Finance Employee benefits					
Employee benefits	Capital outlay			6	
Services and supplies					
Capital outlay					(1)
Total finance   302   302   302					
Other         Salaries and wages         7,000         7,000         7,000           Employee benefits         3,000         3,000         3,000           Services and supplies         180,885         234,885         121,733         113,152           Capital outlay         130,000         309,500         159,164         150,336           Total other         320,885         554,385         280,897         273,180           Public safety           Police         320,885         554,385         281,205         273,180           Public safety         Police         328,575         28,					
Salaries and wages	Total imance			302	(302)
Employee benefits         3,000         3,000         3,000           Services and supplies         180,885         224,885         121,733         113,152           Capital outlay         320,885         554,385         280,897         273,488           Total other         320,885         554,385         280,897         273,488           Total general government         320,885         554,385         281,205         273,180           Public safety         Police         28,575         28,		7,000	7 000		7 000
Services and supplies					
Capital outlay         130,000         309,500         159,164         150,336           Total other         320,885         554,385         280,897         273,488           Total general government         320,885         554,385         281,205         273,180           Public safety         Public safety         Public safety         28,575				121,733	
Total general government   320,885   554,385   281,205   273,180     Public safety   Police   Salaries and wages   28,575   27,500   27,750   13,182   14,588   290,580   290			309,500		
Public safety         Police         28,575         28,575         28,575         Employee benefits         12,675         12,675         12,675         12,675         12,675         12,675         12,675         12,675         13,182         14,588         14,568         Cepital outlay         27,750         27,750         13,182         14,568         Q90,580         (90,580         (90,580         40,580         Q90,580         (90,580         Posterious and supplics         27,750         27,750         13,182         14,568         Q90,580         (90,580         (90,580         G90,580         G90,580<	Total other	320,885	554,385	280,897	273,488
Police	Total general government	320,885	554,385	281,205	273,180
Salaries and wages         28,575         28,575         28,575         28,575         28,575         Employee benefits         12,675         12,675         12,675         12,675         12,675         12,675         13,182         14,568         14,675         13,182         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         14,568         16,576         16,570         16,570         16,570         16,570         16,570         16,570         16,770 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Employee benefits     12,675     12,675     12,675       Services and supplies     27,750     27,750     13,182     14,568       Capital outlay     90,580     (90,580       Protective services     176     (176       Salaries and wages     176     (176       Employee benefits     93     (93       Services and supplies     6     (6       Total protective services     275     (275       Safe streets 2000     176     (176       Capital outlay     176     (176       Total safe streets 2000     176     (176       Other     271,000     929,153     314,032     615,121       Total public safety     340,000     998,153     418,245     579,908       Public works     Streets     (176)     176     17		28 575	28.575		28 575
Services and supplies         27,750         27,750         13,182         14,568           Capital outlay         27,750         27,750         13,182         14,568           Capital outlay         90,580         (90,580           Protective services         176         (176           Employee benefits         93         (93)           Services and supplies         6         (6           Total protective services         275         (275)           Safe streets 2000         176         (176)           Capital outlay         176         (176)           Other         271,000         929,153         314,032         615,121           Total public safety         340,000         998,153         418,245         579,908           Public works         Streets         (176)         176         179         179         186         179<					
Protective services         176 (176)           Salaries and wages         93 (93)           Services and supplies         6 (6)           Total protective services         275 (275)           Safe streets 2000         176 (176)           Capital outlay         176 (176)           Other         176 (176)           Capital outlay         271,000 929,153 314,032 615,121           Total public safety         340,000 998,153 418,245 579,908           Public works         Streets           Salaries and wages         (176) 176           Employee benefits         (94) 94           Services and supplies         (6) 6           Total streets         (276) 276           Engineering         Salaries and wages           Engineering         (16,770) 16,777           Employee benefits         (10,707) 10,707           Services and supplies         (587) 587				13,182	
Salaries and wages       176       (176)         Employee benefits       93       (93)         Services and supplies       6       (6)         Total protective services       275       (275)         Safe streets 2000       176       (176)         Capital outlay       176       (176)         Total safe streets 2000       271,000       929,153       314,032       615,121         Copital outlay       271,000       929,153       314,032       615,121         Total public safety       340,000       998,153       418,245       579,908         Public works       Streets       (176)       176       176       Employee benefits       (94)       94	Capital outlay			90,580	(90,580)
Employee benefits       93       (93)         Services and supplies       6       (6)         Total protective services       275       (275)         Safe streets 2000       176       (176)         Capital outlay       176       (176)         Other       271,000       929,153       314,032       615,121         Total public safety       340,000       998,153       418,245       579,908         Public works       Streets       (176)       176       Employee benefits       (94)       94         Services and supplies       (6)       6       6       6       6       6       6         Engineering       Salaries and wages       (16,770)       276					
Services and supplies         6 (6)         (6)           Total protective services         275         (275)           Safe streets 2000					(176)
Total protective services         275         (275)           Safe streets 2000         176         (176)           Capital outlay         176         (176)           Other         271,000         929,153         314,032         615,121           Total public safety         340,000         998,153         418,245         579,908           Public works         Streets         (176)         176         Employee benefits         (176)         176					
Safe streets 2000       Capital outlay       176       (176         Total safe streets 2000       176       (176         Other       Capital outlay       271,000       929,153       314,032       615,121         Total public safety       340,000       998,153       418,245       579,908         Public works       Streets         Salaries and wages       (176)       176         Employee benefits       (94)       94         Services and supplies       (6)       6         Total streets       (276)       276         Engineering       Salaries and wages       (16,770)       16,770         Employee benefits       (10,707)       10,707         Services and supplies       (587)       587					
Capital outlay       176       (176         Total safe streets 2000       176       (176         Other       Capital outlay       271,000       929,153       314,032       615,121         Total public safety       340,000       998,153       418,245       579,908         Public works       Streets       Streets       (176)       176         Employee benefits       (94)       94         Services and supplies       (6)       6         Total streets       (276)       276         Engineering       (10,770)       16,770         Employee benefits       (10,707)       10,707         Services and supplies       (10,707)       10,707         Services and supplies       (587)       587	Total protective services				(213)
Total safe streets 2000       176       (176         Other       271,000       929,153       314,032       615,121         Total public safety       340,000       998,153       418,245       579,908         Public works       Streets         Salaries and wages       (176)       176         Employee benefits       (94)       94         Services and supplies       (6)       6         Total streets       (276)       276         Engineering       (16,770)       16,770         Employee benefits       (10,707)       10,707         Employee benefits       (10,707)       10,707         Services and supplies       (587)       587				176	(176)
Capital outlay         271,000         929,153         314,032         615,121           Total public safety         340,000         998,153         418,245         579,908           Public works         Streets         Salaries and wages         (176)         176           Employee benefits         (94)         94           Services and supplies         (6)         6           Total streets         (276)         276           Engineering         (16,770)         16,770           Employee benefits         (10,707)         10,707           Employee benefits         (10,707)         10,707           Services and supplies         (587)         587					(176)
Capital outlay         271,000         929,153         314,032         615,121           Total public safety         340,000         998,153         418,245         579,908           Public works         Streets         Salaries and wages         (176)         176           Employee benefits         (94)         94           Services and supplies         (6)         6           Total streets         (276)         276           Engineering         (16,770)         16,770           Employee benefits         (10,707)         10,707           Employee benefits         (10,707)         10,707           Services and supplies         (587)         587	Other				
Public works         Streets       (176)       176         Salaries and wages       (94)       94         Services and supplies       (6)       6         Total streets       (276)       276         Engineering       (16,770)       16,770         Salaries and wages       (10,707)       10,707         Employee benefits       (10,707)       10,707         Services and supplies       (587)       587		271,000	929,153	314,032	615,121
Streets         Salaries and wages       (176)       176         Employee benefits       (94)       94         Services and supplies       (6)       6         Total streets       (276)       276         Engineering       (16,770)       16,770         Employee benefits       (10,707)       10,707         Services and supplies       (587)       587	Total public safety	340,000	998,153	418,245	579,908
Salaries and wages       (176)       176         Employee benefits       (94)       94         Services and supplies       (6)       6         Total streets       (276)       276         Engineering       Salaries and wages       (16,770)       16,770         Employee benefits       (10,707)       10,707         Services and supplies       (587)       587					
Employee benefits       (94)       94         Services and supplies       (6)       6         Total streets       (276)       276         Engineering       (16,770)       16,770         Employee benefits       (10,707)       10,707         Services and supplies       (587)       587				(176)	176
Services and supplies         (6)         6           Total streets         (276)         276           Engineering         Salaries and wages         (16,770)         16,770           Employee benefits         (10,707)         10,707           Services and supplies         (587)         587					
Total streets         (276)         276           Engineering					
Salaries and wages       (16,770)       16,770         Employee benefits       (10,707)       10,707         Services and supplies       (587)       587	**				276
Salaries and wages       (16,770)       16,770         Employee benefits       (10,707)       10,707         Services and supplies       (587)       587	Engineering				
Services and supplies (587) 587	Salaries and wages				16,770
Capital outlay					
	Capital outlay			20,004	(28,004)

## MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS FACILITIES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Real property				
Employee benefits			(66)	66
Services and supplies			(4)	70
Total real property			(70)	70
Construction			(5.0.53)	# D.C#
Salaries and wages Employee benefits			(5,067) (3,071)	5,067 3,071
Services and supplies			(176)	176
Capital outlay			8,31 <u>4</u>	(8,314)
Other				
Salaries and wages			27,662	(27,662)
Employee benefits			17,531	(17,531)
Services and supplies			967	(967)
Total other			46,160	(46,160)
Total public works			45,814	(45,814)
Culture and recreation				
Administration				
Salaries and wages		6,000		6,000
Employee benefits		6,580		6,580
Services and supplies		55,708	(29,031)	84,739
Capital outlay		1,092,000	39,929	1,052,071
Total administration		1,160,288	10,898	1,149,390
Library district operations				
Services and supplies			44,957	(44,957)
Other				
Total culture and recreation		1,160,288	55,855	1,104,433
Community support				
Housing and neighborhood services				
Employee benefits			67	(67)
Services and supplies			4	(4)
Capital outlay			<u>191</u>	(191)
Total housing and neighborhood services			262	(262)
Total community support			262	(262)
Total expenditures	660,885	2,712,826	801,381	1,911,445
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(660,885)	(2,712,826)	(767,125)	1,945,701
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	340,000	340,000		(340,000)
Transfers out	(340,000)	(340,000)		340,000
Total other financing sources (uses)				
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(660,885)	(2,712,826)	(767,125)	1,945,701
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,268,263	5,038,034	5,038,034	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>2,607,378</u>	2,325,208 \$	4,270,909 \$	1,945,701

#### CIVIC CENTER FACILITIES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES Investment income	\$ \$	s :	\$ <u>13,127</u> \$	13,127
EXPENDITURES General government Finance				
Other Services and supplies Capital outlay Total other	981,225 981,225	1,241,325 80,000 1,321,325	678,410 419,184 1,097,594	562,915 (339,184) 223,731
Total general government	981,225	1,321,325	1,097,594	223,731
Total expenditures	981,225	1,321,325	1,097,594	223,731
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(981,225)	(1,321,325)	(1,084,467)	236,858
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(36,384)	(36,384)	(36,384)	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,017,609)	(1,357,709)	(1,120,851)	236,858
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,538,023	2,350,380	2,350,380	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$520,414 \$	992,671	\$ <u>1,229,529</u> \$	236,858

# PARKS AND RECREATION PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget Final Budget Actual	Variance
REVENUES		
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,454,282 \$ 1,620,117 \$ 1,057,7	
Miscellaneous Total revenues		
Total revenues	1,434,262 1,020,117 1,001,6	40 (338,271)
EXPENDITURES		
General government City attorney		
Salaries and wages	(	78) 78
Employee benefits		55) 55
Services and supplies		(3)
Capital outlay		64 (164)
Total city attorney		28 (28)
Finance		
Salaries and wages		83) 783
Employee benefits Services and supplies		28) 528 28) 28
Capital outlay		•
Total finance		28) 28
Public safety Other		
Capital outlay		44 (244)
Total public safety		<u> </u>
Public works Streets		
Salaries and wages	4	07 (407)
Employee benefits	1,9	
Services and supplies		57 (157)
Total streets	2,5	59 (2,559)
Engineering		
Salaries and wages	(24,9	
Employee benefits Services and supplies	(16,0	66) 16,066 66) 866
Capital outlay	43,5	
Total engineering		
	, ————————————————————————————————————	_
Real property Services and supplies	(9,0	53)9,053
Total real property	(9,0	
Construction	<b>47.0</b>	40 5046
Salaries and wages Employee benefits	(7,9 (4,7	46) 7,946 13) 4,713
Services and supplies		78) 4,713
Capital outlay		
Survey		
Salaries and wages	(2,7	87) 2,787
Employee benefits	(2,2	16) 2,216
Services and supplies Capital outlay		98) 98 01 (5,101)
• •		
Total public works	(4,8	14) 4,814
	(Continued)	11

# PARKS AND RECREATION PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Culture and recreation				
Administration				
Services and supplies			100,094	(100,094)
Capital outlay	2,750,280	2,959,050	2,385,951	573,099
Parks planning and development				
Salaries and wages	149,955	149,955		149,955
Employee benefits	66,537	66,537		66,537
Services and supplies	673,049	673,049	(79,842)	752,891
Capital outlay			79,842	(79,842)
Total parks planning and development	889,541	889,541		889,541
Parks and grounds				
Services and supplies	27,551	27,551		27,551
Capital outlay			82,011	(82,011)
Total parks and grounds	27,551	27,551	<b>82,01</b> 1	(54,460)
Other				
Salaries and wages			42,634	(42,634)
Employee benefits			27,625	(27,625)
Services and supplies			1,493	(1,493)
Total other			71,752	(71,752)
			71,732	(11,732)
Total culture and recreation	3,667,372	3,876,142	2,639,808	1,236,334
Community support				
Housing and neighborhood services				
Salaries and wages			(144)	144
Employee benefits			(95)	95
Services and supplies			(5)	5
Capital outlay			18,106	(18,106)
Total housing and neighborhood services			17,862	(17,862)
Total community support			17,862	(17,862)
otal expenditures	3,667,372	3,876,142	2,653,100	1,223,042
EFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(2,213,090)	(2,256,025)	(1,591,254)	664,771
THER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	1,366,551	1,409,486	2,005,612	596,126
IANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(846,539)	(846,539)	414,358	1,260,897
	, , ,		,	,,
		LASU 737	L 65U 727	
JND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,113,436	1,659,737	1,659,737	

# PUBLIC SAFETY PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budge	t Final Budget	Actual	Variance
EVENUES				
Charges for services	\$	\$ 149,438		(35,172)
Intergovernmental	41,652,022		19,101,590	(22,550,432)
Contributions		2,491	300	(2,191)
Miscellaneous			574,750	574,750
otal revenues	41,652,022	41,803,951	19,790,906	(22,013,045)
XPENDITURES				
General government				
City attorney			(1.015)	1.015
Salaries and wages			(1,015)	1,015 717
Employee benefits Services and supplies			(717) (36)	36
Capital outlay			2,062	(2,062)
Total city attorney			294	(294)
Finance Salaries and wages			(8,035)	8,035
Employee benefits			(5,567)	5,567
Services and supplies			(284)	284
Capital outlay			14,066	(14,066)
Total finance			180	(180)
Other				
Salaries and wages			9,457	(9,457)
Employee benefits			6,409	(6,409)
Services and supplies			327	(327)
Total other			16,193	(16,193)
Total general government		<u> </u>	16,667	(16,667)
Public safety				
Protective services				
Salaries and wages			823	(823)
Employee benefits			456	(456)
Services and supplies		2,491	27	2,464
Capital outlay		149,438 151,929	108,048 109,354	41,390 42,575
Total protective services		131,929	109,534	42,373
Fire				
Services and supplies	613,000		232,152	(1,652)
Capital outlay	1,379,000		1,167,203	847,471 845,819
Total fire	1,992,000	2,245,174	1,399,333	843,819
Safe streets 2000				/a n.==
Capital outlay			1,055	(1,055)
Total safe streets 2000			1,055	(1,055)
Other				
Capital outlay			486	(486)
Total public safety	1,992,000	2,397,103	1,510,250	886,853

## PUBLIC SAFETY PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
T1 1 4 1				
Flood control	140,923	140,923	(4.076)	145 900
Salaries and wages Employee benefits	61,466	61,466	(4,976) (3,086)	145,899 64,552
	72,797	72,797	(743,328)	816,125
Services and supplies			18,300,441	14,816,040
Capital outlay	33,116,481	33,116,481		
Total flood control	33,391,667	33,391,667	17,549,051	15,842,616
Streets				
Salaries and wages			(1,055)	1,055
Employee benefits			(457)	457
Services and supplies			9,971	(9,971)
Total streets			8,459	(8,459)
Engineering				
Salaries and wages			(109,874)	109,874
Employee benefits			(70,588)	70,588
Services and supplies			(3,830)	3,830
Capital outlay			184,304	(184,304)
Total engineering			12	(12)
10m submosing			<del></del>	(==>
Real property				
Salaries and wages			(3,978)	3,978
Employee benefits			(2,985)	2,985
Services and supplies			(157)	157
Capital outlay			6,782	(6,782)
Total real property			(338)	338
Construction				
Salaries and wages			(322,010)	322,010
Employee benefits			(192,437)	192,437
Services and supplies			(10,554)	10,554
Capital outlay			525,687	(525,687)
Total construction			686	(686)
Survey				
Salaries and wages			(34,607)	34,607
Employee benefits			(23,877)	23,877
Services and supplies			(1,211)	1,211
Capital outlay			59,935	(59,935)
Other				
Salaries and wages	2,964,129	2,964,129	476,145	2,487,984
Employee benefits	1,284,700	1,284,700	293,090	991,610
Services and supplies			759,085	1,977,288
	2,736,373 1,275,153	2,736,373	739,083 2,459	1,272,694
Capital outlay	1,275,153	1,275,153		
Total other	8,260,355	8,260,355	1,530,779	6,729,576
Total public works	41,652,022	41,652,022	19,088,889	22,563,133
Community support				
Housing and neighborhood services				
Employee benefits			320	(320)
Services and supplies			18	(18)
Capital outlay			852	(852)
Total housing and neighborhood services			1,190	(1,190)
- Aure valence to make was breakered of 1841 17000				(-14)
Total community support			1,190	(1,190)

# PUBLIC SAFETY PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Total expenditures	43,644,022	44,049,125	20,616,996	23,432,129
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(1,992,000)	(2,245,174)	(826,090)	1,419,084
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds from capital asset disposal Transfers in Total other financing sources	397,430 397,430	397,430 397,430	17,193 397,430 414,623	17,193 17,193
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,594,570)	(1,847,744)	(411,467)	1,436,277
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,166,508	9,071,536	9,071,536	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>5,571,938</u>	\$ <u>7,223,792</u> \$	\$ <u>8,660,069</u> \$	1,436,277

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS STREET IMPROVEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget Final Budget	Actual Variance
REVENUES		
Intergovernmental	\$ 37,055,462 \$ 37,055,462 \$	
Contributions	357,000 357,000	(357,00
Miscellaneous		(22,552) (22,55
Total revenues	37,412,462 37,412,462	18,222,343 (19,190,11
EXPENDITURES		
General government		
City attorney Salaries and wages		(1,407) 1,40
Employee benefits		(1,407) 1,40 (992) 99
Capital outlay		3,022 (3,02
Total city attorney		623 (62
Finance		
Salaries and wages		(13,239) 13,23
Employee benefits		(9,792) 9,79
Services and supplies		(469) 46
Capital outlay		27,482 (27,48
Total finance		3,982 (3,98
Other		(57)
Salaries and wages	<del></del>	(57)5
Total other	<del></del>	(57) 5
Total general government	<del></del>	4,548 (4,54
Public safety		
Protective services		115 500 (115 50
Services and supplies		117,709 (117,70 435,005 (435,00
Capital outlay Total protective services	<del></del>	435,005 (435,00 552,714 (552,71
rotal protective services	<del></del>	332,714 (332,71
Safe streets 2000		2 275 /2 25
Capital outlay Total safe streets 2000	<del></del>	3,375 (3,37 3,375 (3,37
10th sale succes 2000	<del></del>	3,373 (3,37
Other		
Capital outlay		115,289 (115,28
Total other		115,289 (115,28
Total public safety		671,378 (671,37
Public works		
Administration		(1.000
Salaries and wages	<del></del>	(1,206) 1,20 (1,206) 1,20
Total administration		(1,206) 1,20
Flood control		
Employee benefits		2 (
Services and supplies		2 (05.40
Capital outlay	<del></del>	95,468 (95,46
Total flood control	<del></del>	95,472 (95,47

# CAPITAL PROJECTS STREET IMPROVEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Streets				
Salaries and wages	2,251,821	2,251,821		2,251,82
Employee benefits	975,864	975,864		975,86
Services and supplies	2,471,362	2,471,362	564,163	1,907,19
Capital outlay	32,922,136	32,922,136	17,557,499	15,364,63
Total streets	38,621,183	38,621,183	18,121,662	20,499,52
Engineering				
Salaries and wages	147,075	147,075	15,609	131,40
Employee benefits	64,575	64,575	10,292	54,28
Services and supplies	167,350	167,350	544	166,80
Capital outlay	1,827,000	1,827,000	344,671	1,482,32
Total engineering	2,206,000	2,206,000	371,116	1,834,88
Real property				
Salaries and wages			194	(19
Employee benefits			(2,737)	2,73
Services and supplies			(145)	14
Capital outlay			89,658	(89,65
Total real property			86,970	(86,97
Construction				
Salaries and wages			11,710	(11,7)
Employee benefits			7,329	(7,32
Services and supplies			408	(40
Capital outlay			370,648	(370,6
Total construction			390,095	(390,09
Survey				
Salaries and wages			<del>9</del> 69	(90
Employee benefits			488	(48
Services and supplies			34	(3
Capital outlay			<b>79,98</b> 1	(79,98
Total survey			81,472	(81,47
Other				
Salaries and wages			16,347	(16,34
Employee benefits			10,623	(10,62
Services and supplies			333,109	(333,10
Capital outlay			3,098	(3,09
Total other			363,177	(363,17
otal public works	40,827,183	40,827,183	19,508,758	21,318,42
ulture and recreation				
Other				
Employee benefits			519	(51
Total other			519	(51
otal culture and recreation			<b>5</b> 19	(51
ommunity support				
Housing and neighborhood services				
Employee benefits			2,871	(2,8
Services and supplies			155	(1:
Capital outlay			7,804	(7,8
Total housing and neighborhood services			10,830	(10,8
otal community support			10,830	(10,83
···· volumenty support	(Continued)		10,000	(10,00
	•			1

# CAPITAL PROJECTS STREET IMPROVEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Total expenditures	40,827,183	40,827,183	20,196,033	20,631,150
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(3,414,721)	(3,414,721)	(1,973,690)	1,441,031
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	1,805,190 (13,430) 1,791,760	1,805,190 (253,430) 1,551,760	1,645,253 (253,430) 1,391,823	(159,937)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,622,961)	(1,862,961)	(581,867)	1,281,094
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,138,602	4,638,606	4,638,606	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>1,515,641</u> \$	\$ <u>2,775,645</u> \$	4,056,739 \$	1,281,094

## **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

## **MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

#### **MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Enterprise funds are used to account for activites for which a user fee is charged for goods or services.

#### Wastewater Utility

Accounts for the collection from the residents of the City and the transmission of sewage through the system infrastructure for treatment and release into Lake Mead.

#### Water Utility

Accounts for the delivery of water services through the system infrastructure to the residents of the City and other service areas.

# WASTEWATER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	0::10:1	n' 1n 1		** *
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
OPERATING REVENUES				
Utility fees	\$ 39,776,000	\$ 39,776,000 \$	40,695,324 \$	919,324
Construction fees	270,000	270,000	297,878	27,878
Connection fees	970,000	970,000	2,363,188	1,393,188
Other charges for services			8,742	8,742
Fines and forfeitures	600,000	600,000	875,978	275,978
Miscellaneous	300,000	300,000	468,201	168,201
Total operating revenues	41,916,000	41,916,000	44,709,311	2,793,311
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and wages	4,077,303	4,077,303	2,605,213	1,472,090
Employee benefits	1,905,011	1,905,011	1,689,091	215,920
Services and supplies	14,743,948	14,752,948	10,693,600	4,059,348
Depreciation and amortization	13,342,600	13,342,600	14,077,284	(734,684)
Total operating expenses	34,068,862	34,077,862	29,065,188	5,012,674
Operating income	7,847,138	7,838,138	15,644,123	7,805,985
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income			7,702	7,702
Gain (loss) on capital asset disposition			(8,194,522)	(8,194,522)
Interest and fiscal charges	(15,098,437)	(15,098,437)	(14,841,346)	257,091
Intergovernmental	6,326,306	6,326,306	6,509,631	183,325
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(8,772,131)	(8,772,131)	(16,518,535)	(7,746,404)
Loss before capital contributions and transfers	(924,993)	(933,993)	(874,412)	59,581
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS				
Capital contributions			181,628	181,628
TRANSFERS				
Transfers out	(5,296,167)	(5,296,167)	(5,296,167)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ <u>(6,221,160</u> )	\$(6,230,160)	(5,988,951) \$	241,209
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR			154,656,878	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR		s	148,667,927	

## WATER UTILITY ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>Ori</u>	ginal Budget	Fi	nal Budget	Actua	<u>վ</u> .	•	Variance
OPERATING REVENUES								
Utility fees	\$	51,745,000	\$	51,745,000 \$	51,98	8,427	\$	243,427
Construction fees		310,000		310,000	41	7,900		107,900
Connection fees		900,000		900,000	73	6,712		(163,288)
Other charges for services		1,802,000		1,802,000	1,93	2,616		130,616
Fines and forfeitures		1,465,000		1,465,000	2,55	0,154		1,085,154
Miscellaneous		775,000		775,000	79	9,425		24,425
Total operating revenues	_	56,997,000	_	56,997,000	58,42	5,234	_	1,428,234
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries and wages		6,393,674		6,393,674		2,061		1,031,613
Employee benefits		3,031,443		3,031,443	2,87	6,478		154,965
Services and supplies		26,687,839		26,694,939	22,17			4,522,630
Depreciation and amortization		5,508,400		5,508,400	5,59	6,499		(88,099)
Total operating expenses	_	41,621,356	_	41,628,456	36,00	7,347		5,621,109
Operating income	_	15,375,644		15,368,544	22,41	7 <b>,88</b> 7	_	7,049,343
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Gain (loss) on capital asset disposition						6,517		6,517
Interest and fiscal charges		(393,563)		(393,563)	(26	1,771)		131,792
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(393,563)	=	(393,563)		5,254)	_	138,309
Income before capital contributions and transfers	_	14,982,081	_	14,974,981	22,16	2,633	_	7,187,652
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS								
Capital contributions	_		_		27	<u>4,580</u>	_	274,580
TRANSFERS								
Transfers in		87,284		87,284	46	8,319		381,035
Transfers out		(18,196,237)		(18,196,237)	(18,19	6,237)		
Total transfers		(18,108,953)		(18,108,953)	(17,72	7 <b>,918</b> )	_	381,035
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	<b>\$_</b>	(3,126,872)	<b>\$</b>	(3,133,972)	4,70	9,295	s	7,843,267
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED					127,76	3.462		
Adjustment					•	5,615)		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS ADJUSTED				•	126,27			
				_	130,98			



#### NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Enterprise funds are used to account for activites for which a user fee is charged for goods or services.

Municipal Golf Courses

Accounts for the operations of a nine-hole par-3 golf course and an 18-hole par-72 championship course.

#### Municipal Golf Courses Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
OPERATING REVENUES User fees Miscellaneous Total operating revenues	\$ 2,281,894 30,000 2,311,894	\$ 2,281,894 \$ 30,000 2,311,894	1,844,830 \$ 39,541 1,884,371	(437,064) 9,541 (427,523)
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Depreciation and amortization Total operating expenses Operating loss	114,060 17,281 2,296,486 226,400 2,654,227	82,060 17,281 2,328,486 226,400 2,654,227 (342,333)	83,216 57,277 2,186,845 226,356 2,553,694 (669,323)	(1,156) (39,996) 141,641 44 100,533 (326,990)
TRANSFERS Transfers in Transfers out	127,600	127,600	127,600 (14,563)	(14,563)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ <u>(214,733)</u>	\$ <u>(214,733)</u>	(556,286) <sup>\$</sup> ;	(341,553)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR			5,843,576	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR		\$	5,287,290	

## **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

#### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other governmental units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

#### Motor Equipment

Accounts for repairs, maintenance, fuel and services to vehicles of all departments of the City.

#### Self-insurance Reserve

Accounts for costs incurred in self-insuring liability claims, unemployment, employee and retiree health care (including medical, dental and vision), workers' compensation programs and post employment benefits other than pensions.

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Motor <u>Equipment</u>	Self-insurance Reserve	Total Internal Service Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 11,386,908	\$ 46,513,312	\$ 57,900,220
Accounts receivable, net	519	3,915	4,434
Prepaid items	517	364,059	364,059
Due from other funds		216,857	216,857
Inventories	258,143		258,143
Total current assets	11,645,570	47,098,143	58,743,713
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization			
Construction in progress	66,964		66,964
Buildings and building improvements	227,870		227,870
Improvements other than buildings	83,293		83,293
Machinery, equipment and software	1,217,589		1,217,589
Total noncurrent assets	1,595,716		1,595,716
Total assets	13,241,286	47,098,143	60,339,429
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unamortized amounts related to pensions	200,746	98,696	299,442
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	399,837	3,458,692	3,858,529
Accrued salaries and benefits	18,124	10,974,642	10,992,766
Due to other funds	1,873	811	2,684
Due to other governments	145	1,669	1,814
Compensated absences	37,801	8,911	46,712
Total current liabilities	457,780	14,444,725	14,902,505
Noncurrent liabilities			
Compensated absences	308,779	72,793	381,572
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	,	15,305,563	15,305,563
Net Pension Liability	1,288,730	633,597	1,922,327
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,597,509	16,011,953	17,609,462
Total liabilities	2,055,289	30,456,678	32,511,967
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unamortized liabilities related to pensions	247,346	121,607	368,953
•			
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,595,716	<b>_</b>	1,595,716
Claims and judgements		2,400,000	2,400,000
Unrestricted	9,543,681	14,218,554	23,762,235
Total net position	\$ <u>11,139,397</u>	\$ <u>16,618,554</u>	\$ <u>27,757,951</u>

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Motor <u>Equipment</u>	Self-insurance Reserve	Total Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES			
Other charges for services	\$ <u>10,177,336</u>	\$ <u>30,564,759</u>	\$ <u>40,742,095</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and wages	772,255	4,357,581	5,129,836
Employee benefits	503,879	2,414,813	2,918,692
Services and supplies	2,447,032	17,826,857	20,273,889
Depreciation and amortization	<u>817,991</u>		817,991
Total operating expenses	4,541,157	24,599,251	29,140,408
Operating income	5,636,179	5,965,508	11,601,687
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Investment income		27,918	27,918
Gain (loss) on capital asset disposition	(21,538)		(21,538)
Total nonoperating revenues	(21,538)	27,918	6,380
Income before capital contributions and transfers	5,614,641	5,993,426	11,608,067
TRANSFERS			
Transfers in		600,000	600,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	5,614,641	6,593,426	12,208,067
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,524,756	10,025,128	15,549,884
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>11,139,397</u>	\$ <u>16,618,554</u>	\$ <u>27,757,951</u>

# INTERNAL SERIVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Motor Equipment	Sel	f-insurance Reserve		Total Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash received from customers  Cash received from interfund services  Cash payments for goods and services  Cash payments for employee services  Cash payments for interfund services  Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 	6,487,707 3,689,110 (2,241,245) (989,618) (51,277) 6,894,677		30,561,281 232,217 (18,750,527) (2,640,971) (549) 9,401,451		37,048,988 3,921,327 (20,991,772) (3,630,589) (51,826) 16,296,128
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in	_			600,000	_	600,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets Net cash used in capital financing activities	_	(563,815) (563,815)			_	(563,815) (563,815)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Investment income received	_			27,918	_	27,918
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		6,330,862		10,029,369		16,360,231
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	5,056,046	_	36,483,943	_	41,539,989
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	<b>\$_</b>	11,386,908	\$ <u></u>	46,513,312	\$ <u>_</u>	57,900,220
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	\$_	5,636,179	\$	5,965,508	\$_	11,601,687
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in operating assets		817,991				817,991
Accounts receivable Due from other funds Prepaid items		(519)		(3,478) 232,217 (13,225)		(3,997) 232,217 (13,225)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Due to other funds		205,799 3,340 (245)		(888,267) 2,062,162 (549)		(682,468) 2,065,502 (794)
Due to other governments Compensated absences Postemployment benefits other than pensions	_	57,300 174,844 1,258,498		(22,178) (101,609) 2,170,870 3,435,943		(22,190) (44,309) 2,345,714 4,694,441
Total adjustments  Net cash provided by operating activities	_ \$_	6,894,677	 \$	9,401,451	<b>-</b> \$_	16,296,128

# MOTOR EQUIPMENT ENTERPRISE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Original Budget Final Budget Actual Variance	<u>;</u>
OPERATING REVENUES		
Other charges for services	\$ 5,660,679 \$ 5,691,679 \$ 10,177,336 \$ 4,485,	<u>657</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and wages	715,433 715,433 772,255 (56,	822)
Employee benefits	328,111 328,111 503,879 (175,	
Services and supplies	3,109,055 3,109,055 2,447,032 662,	023
Depreciation and amortization	763,700 763,700 817,991 (54,	<u> 291</u> )
Total operating expenses	4,916,299 4,916,299 4,541,157 375,	142
Operating income	744,380 775,380 5,636,179 4,860,	<u> 799</u>
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
Gain (loss) on capital asset disposition	(21,538)(21,	<u>538</u> )
Income before capital contributions	<u>744,380</u> <u>775,380</u> <u>5,614,641</u> <u>4,839,</u>	<u> 261</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ <u>744,380</u> \$ <u>775,380</u> 5,614,641 \$ <u>4,839</u> ,	<u> 261</u>
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,524,756	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ <u>11,139,397</u>	

# Self-insurance Reserve Enterprise Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Budget to Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
OPERATING REVENUES Other charges for services	\$ <u>22,577,710</u>	\$ <u>22,577,710</u>	\$30,564,759	\$ <u>7,987,049</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages Employee benefits Services and supplies Total operating expenses	5,673,108 546,891 17,176,192 23,396,191	5,673,108 546,891 17,176,192 23,396,191	4,357,581 2,414,813 17,826,857 24,599,251	1,315,527 (1,867,922) (650,665) (1,203,060)
Operating income (loss)	(818,481)	(818,481)	5,965,508	6,783,989
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment income			27,918	27,918
Income (loss) before transfers	(818,481)	(818,481)	5,993,426	6,811,907
TRANSFERS Transfers in	600,000	600,000	600,000	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ <u>(218,481</u> )	\$(218,481)	6,593,426	\$ <u>6,811,907</u>
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR			10,025,128	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR			\$ <u>16,618,554</u>	

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

#### **AGENCY FUNDS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Agency funds are used to account for assets held as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments or other funds.

#### Bail Deposits

Accounts for funds deposited or pledged for the release of a suspect from detention, with the understanding that the suspect will return for trial or forfeit the bail (and possibly be brought up on charges of the crime or failure to appear).

#### Non-forfeiture Holding

Accounts for those funds associated with the seizure of narcotics from a suspect to be held until such time as a trial is held and a determination is made with regard to the purpose of the funds.

#### Other Deposits

Accounts for funds deposited by developers in-lieu of a surety bond.

#### **Business Cleanup Deposits**

Accounts for those deposit requirements as a condition to the issuance of a special use permit in the event the business fails to adequately clean up the area after the special event.

#### Special Trust Reward

Accounts for funds from Clark County to be used as a reward to eligible tipsters who provide information that directly leads to the whereabouts of Everlyse Cabrera and the subsequent felony arrest and/or indictment.

#### **Employee Insurance Deposits**

Accounts for employee and employer contributions to group health and life insurance, which are held until they are disbursed to the City's insurance carriers.

#### Workers' Compensation Retention

Accounts for funds held by the State of Nevada as a retention requirement.

#### **Contractor Retention Accounts**

Accounts for money withheld from contract payments as retention requirements in construction contracts.

#### New Construction Privilege Tax

Accounts for funds collected from new construction by the City and remitted to Clark County, Nevada.

#### Convention Authority Tax

Accounts for for gaming taxes and room tax receipts collected from North Las Vegas businesses by the City and transmitted to the Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority.

#### Garbage Company Collection

Accounts for billings and collections by the City for garbage pick-up services performed by a local disposal company.

#### Inmate Deposits

Accounts for funds held for inmates in the City Detention Center until they are released or transferred.

#### SIAD No. 54 (Civic Center Drive Development)

Accounts for the collection of property assessments pledged for the payment of principal and interest and for which no assets or revenues of the City have been pledged.

### SIAD No. 60 (Aliante Development)

Accounts for the collection of property assessments pledged for the payment of principal and interest and for which no assets or revenues of the City have been pledged.

# AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2016

	_ <u>Ba</u>	il Deposits	Non-forfeiture Holding	Other Deposits	Business Cleanup Deposits	Special Trust Reward	Employee Insurance Deposits	Workers' Compensation Retention	Contractor Retention Accounts
ASSETS  Cash, cash equivalents and investments  Accounts receivable, net  Interest receivable  Special assessments receivable	\$ 	155,699 \$	695,289	\$ 3,376,590 5,337	\$ 16,599	\$ 15,000	\$ 9,613	\$ 258	\$ 2,852,631
Total assets	<b>s_</b>	155,699 \$	695,289	\$3,381,927	\$ <u>16,599</u>	\$15,000	\$ <u>9,613</u>	\$ <u>258</u>	\$ 2,852,631
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments  Due to developers  Due to others	\$ 	\$ 155,699	695,289	\$ 15,557 3,366,370	\$ 16,599	\$ 15,000	9,613	258	\$ 2,852,568 63
Total liabilities	\$	155,699 \$	695,289	\$ 3,381,927	\$ 16,599	\$ 15,000	\$ <u>9,613</u>	\$	\$ 2,852,631

# AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

		New enstruction ivilege Tax	Convention Authority Tax	Garbage Company Collection	Inmate Deposits	SIAD No. 54 (Civic Center Drive Development)	SIAD No. 60 (Aliante Development)	Total Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable Special assessments receivable	\$	68,306 \$	195,686 \$ 10,506	1,706,716 2,720,361	\$ 5,070	474,626 \$	3,478,274 5 625 4,499	13,050,357 2,736,204 625 4,499
Total assets	<b>s</b>	68,306 \$	206,192 \$	4,427,077	\$5,070	474,626	3,483,398	15,791,685
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments  Due to developers  Due to others	\$ 	68,306 \$	206,942 \$	4,427,077	\$ 5,070	\$ 474,62 <u>6</u>	3,483,398	275,248 2,868,125 12,648,312
Total liabilities	\$ <u></u>	68,306 \$	206,192 \$	4,427,077	\$ 5,070	474,626	3,483,398	15,791,685

# AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015 Addit	tions Deductions	Balance June 30, 2016
BAIL DEPOSITS ASSETS			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ <u>188,488</u> \$ <u>3</u>	<u>391,781</u> \$ <u>452,621</u>	\$ <u>155,699</u>
LIABILITIES			
Due to others	\$ <u>188,488</u> \$ <u>1,4</u>	1,465,497 <u>1,465,497</u>	\$ 155,699
NON-FORFEITURE HOLDING ASSETS			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$327,550	76,072 \$ 105,176	\$ 695,289
LIABILITIES			
Due to others	\$ <u>327,550</u> \$	93,423 \$ 122,527	\$ 695,289
OTHER DEPOSITS ASSETS Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net	\$ 3,044,881 \$ 1,8 \$	\$ 1,463,009 \$	\$ 3,376,590 \$ 5,337
LIABILITIES			
Due to others	\$ <u>3,004,941</u> \$ <u>2,2</u>	283,582 \$ 1,880,450	\$ 3,366,370
BUSINESS CLEANUP DEPOSITS ASSETS			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ <u>14,549</u> \$	5,050 \$ 4,050	\$ 16,599
LIABILITIES			
Due to others	\$ <u>14,549</u> \$	2,700 \$ 1,700	\$ 16,599
SPECIAL TRUST REWARD ASSETS			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ <u>15,000</u> \$	\$	\$ 15,000
LIABILITIES			
Due to others	\$ <u>15,000</u> \$	\$	\$ 15,000
EMPLOYEE INSURANCE DEPOSITS ASSETS			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net	\$ 104,846 \$ 33,1 423	158,232 \$ 33,145,047 424 395	\$ 9,613
Total assets	\$ <u>105,269</u> \$ <u>33,1</u>	<u>58,656</u> \$ <u>33,145,442</u>	\$9,613
LIABILITIES			
Due to others	\$ <u>99,017</u> \$ <u>33,8</u>	33,791,594	\$ <u>9,613</u>
WORKERS' COMPENSATION RETENTION ASSETS			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$\$	\$	\$ 258
LIABILITIES			
Due to others	\$ <u>258</u> \$	\$	\$ 258

# AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015 Additions	Balance Deductions June 30, 2016
CONTRACTOR RETENTION ACCOUNTS ASSETS		
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ <u>2,378,657</u> \$ <u>2,418,055</u> \$	<u>781,046</u> \$ <u>2,852,631</u>
LIABILITIES  Due to developers	\$ <u>2,378,595</u> \$ <u>6,045,274</u> \$	\$ 4,408,265 \$ 2,852,568
NEW CONSTRUCTION PRIVILEGE TAX ASSETS		
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ <u>70,146</u> \$ <u>1,665,988</u> \$	1,664,460 \$ 68,306
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments	\$ <u>70,146</u> \$ <u>3,418,780</u> \$	\$ <u>3,417,252</u> \$ <u>68,306</u>
CONVENTION AUTHORITY TAX ASSETS		
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net	\$ 205,822 \$ 2,379,180 \$ 243 93,321	2,346,174 \$ 195,686 94,030 10,506
Total assets	\$ <u>206,065</u> \$ <u>2,472,501</u> \$	<u>\$ 2,440,204</u> \$ <u>206,192</u>
LIABILITIES		t 5100.000 t 000.010
Due to other governments	\$ <u>207,398</u> \$ <u>5,224,297</u> \$	\$ <u>5,192,000</u> \$ <u>206,942</u>
GARBAGE COMPANY COLLECTION ASSETS		
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net	\$ 1,715,154 \$ 23,217,677 \$ 2,600,753 21,616,576	\$ 23,159,578 \$ 1,706,716 21,896,304 2,720,361
Total assets	\$ <u>4,315,907</u> \$ <u>44,834,253</u> \$	45,055,882 \$ 4,427,077
LIABILITIES		
Due to others	\$ <u>4,315,907</u> \$ <u>42,985,485</u> \$	\$ <u>43,207,114</u> \$ <u>4,427,077</u>
INMATE DEPOSITS ASSETS		
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ <u>5,070</u> \$ <u>55</u> \$	\$ \$ <u>5,070</u>
LIABILITIES		
Due to others	\$ <u>5,070</u> \$ <u>55</u> \$	\$ <u>5,070</u>
SIAD NO. 54 (CIVIC CENTER DRIVE DEVELOPMENT) ASSETS		
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ <u>471,182</u> \$ <u>61,712</u> \$	<u>59,326</u> \$ <u>474,626</u>
LIABILITIES	A 471 100 A 470 000	h 1500F1 6 151 555
Due to others	\$ <u>471,182</u> \$ <u>179,337</u> \$	<u>176,951</u> \$ <u>474,626</u>

# AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2016
SIAD NO. 60 (ALIANTE DEVELOPMENT) ASSETS Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 4,666,358	. ,		
Interest receivable Special assessments receivable	4,118 51,632		4,208	625 4,499
Total assets	\$ <u>4,722,108</u>	\$3,708,326	\$3,533,602	\$ 3,483,398
LIABILITIES  Due to others	\$ <u>4,722,108</u>	\$ <u>8,715,230</u>	\$ <u>8,540,506</u>	\$3,483,398
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS				
Cash, cash equivalents and investments Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable Special assessments receivable	\$ 13,207,961 2,601,419 4,118 51,632	21,710,321	\$ 66,709,881 21,990,729 4,208	\$ 13,050,357 2,736,204 625 4,499
Total assets	\$ <u>15,865,130</u>	\$ 90,658,590	\$ 88,704,818	\$ 15,791,685
LIABILITIES  Due to other governments  Due to developers  Due to others	\$ 283,796 2,418,535 	6,045,274	\$ 8,609,252 4,408,265 89,186,339	\$ 275,248 2,868,125 12,648,312
Total liabilities	\$15,865,130	\$ 104,157,628	\$ 102,203,856	\$ 15,791,685



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the City Council City of North Las Vegas, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of North Las Vegas (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting. In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies; and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2016 - 001, to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2016 - 002 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of basic financial statement amounts, including whether the funds established by the City, as listed in Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) 354.624 (5)(a)(1 through 5), complied with

the express purposes required by NRS 354.6241. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Responses to Findings. The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the City in a separate letter dated December 13, 2016.

**Purpose of this Report.** The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Las Vegas, Nevada December 13, 2016

Rery Bowler Taylor Herr

# **STATISTICAL SECTION**

#### STATISTICAL INFORMATION

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Financial Trends

The following tables contain financial trend information to enable the reader to understand how financial performance has changed over time.

Net Position by Component

Changes in Net Position

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

#### Revenue Capacity

The following tables contain revenue capacity information to enable the reader to assess the most significant local revenue source.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

**Principal Property Taxpayers** 

Property Tax Levies and Collections

#### **Debt Capacity**

The following tables contain debt capacity information to enable the reader to assess the afforability of the current level of outstanding debt and the ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

Legal Debt Margin Information

#### Demographic and Economic Information

The following tables contain demographic and economic information to enable the reader to understand the environment within which financial activities take place.

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Principal Employers

#### Operating Information

The following tables contain operating information to enable the reader to understand how the information contained in the comprehensive annual financial report relates to services provided and activities performed.

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program

Operating Indicators by Function/Program

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS<sup>(1)</sup> (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 686,823,759 170,062,533 (17,102,203)	\$ 647,951,709 175,099,469 134,661,363	\$ 931,368,784 822,415 126,254,419	\$ 1,015,611,134 65,197,112	\$ 1,008,326,661 25,463,718 49,244,494	1 \$ 1,035,550,177 74,650,721 (5,838,643)	\$ 1,109,705,374 70,286,644 (14,533,877)	\$ 1,106,799,902 73,249,575 9,551,124	\$ 1,147,394,961 79,291,604 (202,744,932)	\$ 1,156,185,282 91,020,657 (181,662,381)
Total governmental activities	839,784,089	957,712,541	1,058,445,618	1,080,808,246	1,083,034,873	1,104,362,255	1,165,458,141	1,189,600,601	1,023,941,633	1,065,543,558
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	143,131,044 135,082,528 (9,672,204)	38,022,471 159,367,463 81,888,662	198,618,584 10,945,118 84,546,345	213,075,462 13,317,115 66,022,121	181,912,347 47,537,496 57,830,202	226,097,835 7,132,932 71,322,255	229,033,516 4,514,658 73,718,676	214,759,669 75,134 87,031,572	214,812,299 69,094,752	197,755,281 7,113,754 75,156,670
Total business-type activities	268,541,368	279,278,596	294,110,047	292,414,698	287,280,045	304,553,022	307,266,850	301,866,375	283,907,051	280,025,705
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	829,954,803 305,145,061 (26,774,407)	685,974,180 334,466,932 216,550,025	1,129,987,368 11,767,533 210,800,764	1,228,686,596 13,317,115 131,219,233	1,190,239,008 73,001,214 107,074,696	1,261,648,012 81,783,653 65,483,612	1,338,738,890 74,801,302 59,184,799	1,321,559,571 73,324,709 96,582,696	1,362,207,260 79,291,604 (133,650,180)	1,353,940,563 98,134,411 (106,505,711)
Total primary government	\$ <u>1,108,325,457</u>	\$ <u>1,236,991,137</u>	\$ 1,352,555,665	\$ <u>1,373,222,944</u>	\$ <u>1,370,314,918</u>	\$ 1,408,915,277	\$ <u>1,472,724,991</u>	\$ <u>1,491,466,976</u>	\$ <u>1,307,848,684</u>	\$ <u>1,345,569,263</u>

<sup>1.</sup> Fiscal year 2012 amounts were retoractively restated in fiscal year 2013.

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS<sup>(1)</sup> (UNAUDITED)

	June 3 2007			June 30, 2008	_	June 30, 2009		June 30, 2010		June 30, 2011	_	June 30, 2012	2	June 30, 2013	_	June 30, 2014	_	June 30, 2015	_	June 30, 2016
Expenses																				
Governmental activities																				
General government		25,088	\$	77,831,201	\$	79,790,759	\$		\$	81,162,689	\$	49,229,276	\$	51,855,800	\$	56,381,592	\$	56,167,676	\$	61,473,941
Judicial		98,220		13,226,034		14,153,887		10,780,531		10,125,028		10,521,037		9,496,348		9,896,150		9,060,508		5,378,903
Public safety		18,701		149,836,872		160,483,422		172,629,424		149,867,948		160,705,260		147,724,400		154,787,847		141,351,681		141,730,894
Public works		32,106		30,407,379		26,999,830		16,794,794		13,694,463		10,164,862		11,197,298		8,416,102		14,152,084		14,894,436
Culture and recreation		12,226		17,040,617		19,585,869		18,044,295		14,177,795		15,245,421		13,295,753		16,347,681		17,323,716		17,811,729
Community support		30,808		5,527,004		7,897,550		15,363,130		8,239,825		7,807,086		5,168,774		5,722,271		7,142,087		6,855,958
Interest on long-term debt		21,271	_	9,751,729	_	9,417,258	_	8,846,315	_	8,775,931	_	3,106,240	_	4,388,732	_	4,111,816	_	6,640,779	_	7,769,871
Total governmental activities	267,7	88,420	_	303,620,836	-	318,328,575	-	324,367,675	-	286,043,679	-	256,779,182	_	243,127,105	_	255,663,459	_	251,838,531	_	255,915,732
Business-type activities																				
Wastewater	24,5	19,809		27,885,130		29,181,700		31,443,978		36,986,026		26,615,574		38,806,095		46,654,631		45,235,686		52,437,713
Water		06,905		38,491,805		34,652,481		33,198,374		32,402,016		33,863,783		33,417,139		37,368,080		36,065,019		36,490,347
Municipal golf courses		96,700	_	1,865,239	_	1,806,068	_	1,198,958	_	1,116,228	_	2,422,211		2,321,525		3,253,407		2,407,902		2,555,597
Total business-type activities	62,6	53,414		68,242,174		65,640,249		65,841,310		70,504,270		62,901,568		74,544,759		87,276,118		83,708,607		91,483,657
Total primary government expenses	\$330,44	11,834	<b>\$</b> _	371,863,010	\$_	383,968,824	\$ <u></u>	390,208,985	<b>\$</b> _	356,547,949	<b>\$</b> _	319,680,750	<b>s</b> _	317,671,864	<b>\$</b> _	342,939,577	<b>\$</b> _	335,547,138	<b>s</b> _	347,399,389
Program revenues																				
Governmental activities																				
Charges for services					_															
General government		24,085	\$	7,808,363	\$		\$	10,911,870	\$	8,635,975	\$	11,467,970	\$	12,001,422	\$		\$	14,222,091	\$	20,458,488
Judicial Politica Com		31,052		2,208,306		2,515,779		3,098,548		12,222,293		10,412,316		10,446,582		10,950,414		10,164,809		7,917,230
Public safety Public works		49,055 22,943		30,131,176 2,548,356		28,995,220 1,297,430		29,888,956 1,883,015		10,631,966 2,702,747		20,574,051 4,876,338		21,124,279 4,751,577		24,235,187 5.375,946		23,225,991 9.006,208		28,359,209 10,860,642
Culture and recreation		22,943 82,876		2,568,030		2,354,508		1,866,740		1,945,886		2,787,964		2,874,363		3,707,230		5,730,717		5,633,416
Community support	2,5	52,8 /O		2,506,050		2,334,308		1,000,740		261,485		530,174		2,874,363 547,459		623,259		1,147,504		1,527,769
Operating grants and contributions	48	77.620		5,423,876		6,591,191		11,811,707		9,654,245		23.609.657		19.871.431		23,491,365		27,229,507		24,516,475
		97,469		98,079,100		127,600,370		79,156,147		56,049,152		65,538,503		91,544,553		32,366,318		70,196,112		43,854,707
Capital grants and contributions	135,8		_	148,767,207	-	177,911,612	_	138,616,983	_	102,103,749	_	139,796,973		163,161,666	_	114,562,821	_	160,922,939	_	143,127,936
Total governmental activities		35,100	_	146,767,207	_	177,511,012	-	134,010,743	-	102,103,743	-	135,730,373	_	105,101,000	_	117,502,621	_	100,922,939	_	143,127,930
Business-type activities																				
Charges for services																				
Wastewater		20,242		39,129,724		36,035,962		34,444,912		37,163,386		39,614,919		40,239,867		41,243,489		42,237,133		44,544,995
Water		39,912		51,576,234		45,697,439		47,074,546		48,561,691		48,563,211		51,188,315		53,292,819		54,747,339		58,417,333
Municipal golf courses		19,026		1,719,315		1,425,561		335,745		257,839		1,993,004		1,791,935		2,017,409		1,918,441		1,844,835
Operating grants and contributions		50,511										6,127,457		3,116,042		3,023,196		6,376,618		3,034,877
Capital grants and contributions		01,983	_	8,504,641	_	19,002,302	_	19,871,057	_	9,420,345	_	7,460,413	_	5,857,325	_	5,963,141	_	987,403	_	3,930,962
Total business-type activities	106,83	31,674	_	100,929,914	_	102,161,264	_	101,726,260	_	95,403,261	_	103,759,004	_	102,193,484	_	105,540,054	_	106,266,934	_	111,773,002
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 242,7	16,774	\$_	249,697,121	\$_	280,072,876	\$_	240,343,243	\$_	197,507,010	\$_	243,555,977	\$ <u></u>	265,355,150	<b>\$</b> _	220,102,875	<b>\$_</b>	267,189,873	\$	254,900,938
Net (expenses) program revenues																				
Governmental activities			\$	(154,853,629)	\$	(140,416,963)	\$		\$	(183,939,930)	\$	(116,982,209)	\$	(79,965,439)	\$	(141,100,638)	\$	(90,915,592)	\$	(112,787,796)
Business-type activities	44,11	78,260		32,687,740	_	36,521,015	_	35,884,950	_	24,898,991	_	40,857,436		27,648,725	_	18,263,936	_	22,558,327		20,289,345
Primary government	\$ (87,7	25,060)	\$	(122,165,889)	\$_	(103,895,948)	\$_	(149,865,742)	\$_	(159,040,939)	\$_	(76,124,773)	\$ <u></u>	(52,316,714)	\$_	(122,836,702)	\$	(68,357,265)	\$	(92,498,451)
Frimary government	, (31)r.	,,,,,,	`=		~=	,		,,	=		~=		_	,p 1,1.2-1	_	,,,,. v=)		,,		, -, · · · · · · · · ·

(Continued)

### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		June 30, 2007		June 30, 2008	_	June 30, 2009	_	June 30, 2010	_	June 30, 2011	_	June 30, 2012	2	June 30, 2013	_	June 30, 2014	_	June 30, 2015	_	June 30, 2016
General revenues and other changes in net position																				
Property taxes Residential construction taxes Room taxes Franchise fees, based on gross receipts Intergovernmental consolidated taxes Other local government shared revenues Unrestricted investment income	\$	71,404,630 1,802,497 357,956 15,773,376 52,955,745 17,359,378 22,604,399	\$	82,250,980 1,519,802 345,952 18,989,378 50,199,861 17,403,712 28,054,514	\$	87,102,142 467,995 300,678 17,083,699 39,642,953 14,485,904 18,224,615	\$	77,024,811 499,417 330,333 16,717,339 34,179,293 9,906,795 7,727,611	\$	57,540,748 362,850 331,768 16,224,681 36,538,629 13,937,837 2,610,156	\$	55,137,022 382,353 358,753 16,142,005 37,565,290 2,124,392 1,378,592	\$	48,831,490 332,595 383,888 15,769,356 39,434,352 2,224,996 679,281	\$	49,088,718 314,546 422,474 20,788,938 43,976,942 2,082,929 1,035,183	\$	50,350,577 313,837 486,389 21,322,332 47,685,565 2,096,928 1,321,011	\$	53,201,608 426,603 564,601 21,307,694 49,903,290 2,110,967 1,796,240
Gain on disposal of capital assets Miscellaneous Transfers Total governmental activities	_	21,618,036 31,682,943 235,558,960	=	42,097,298 31,966,320 272,827,817	=	28,479,414 30,914,915 236,702,315	=	23,144,183 41,365,458 210,895,240	=	28,064,262 31,318,875 186,929,806	=	316,407 2,199,961 31,958,855 147,563,630	=	204,150 1,767,227 31,433,990 141,061,325	=	2,102,479 2,281,880 24,046,761 146,140,850	=	2,932,638 1,909,778 22,548,597 150,967,652	=	183,390 1,984,280 22,911,048 154,389,721
Business-type activities Other local government shared revenues Unrestricted investment income Gain on disposal of capital assets Miscellaneous Transfers	_	3,189,017 90 4,641,476 (31,682,943) (23,852,360)	_	538,471 7,060,164 2,417,173 (31,966,320)	_	5,671,124 3,554,227 (30,914,915) (21,689,564)	_	1,455,994 2,329,165 (41,365,458) (37,580,299)	_	356,115 3,055,358 (31,318,875) (27,907,402)		72,721 23,860 36,782 (31,958,855) (31,825,492)	_	136,985 6,362,108 (31,433,990) (24,934,897)	_	13,586 12,668 356,096 (24,046,761) (23,664,411)	_	15,803 21,612 216,234 (22,548,597) (22,294,948)	_	7,702 6,517 211,753 (22,911,048)
Total business-type activities  Total primary government general revenues and other changes in net position	\$ <u></u>	211,706,600	\$ <u></u>	(21,950,512) 250,877,305	\$_	215,012,751	\$_	173,314,941	s_	159,022,404	\$ <u></u>	115,738,138	\$_	116,126,428	\$_	122,476,439	\$	128,672,704	s_	(22,685,076)
Change in net position Governmental activities Business-type activities Primary government	\$ \$_	103,655,640 20,325,900 123,981,540	\$ \$_	117,974,188 10,737,228 128,711,416	\$ \$_	96,285,352 14,831,451 111,116,803	\$ \$_	25,144,548 (1,695,349) 23,449,199	\$ \$_	2,989,876 (3,008,411) (18,535)	\$ \$_	30,581,421 9,031,944 39,613,365	s s=	61,095,886 2,713,828 63,809,714	\$ \$_	5,040,212 (5,400,475) (360,263)	\$ \$_	60,052,060 263,379 60,315,439	s =	41,601,925 (2,395,731) 39,206,194

Information was not available for ten years' reporting, but will be accumulated over time as it becomes available.
 FY 2012 amounts were retoractively restated in FY 2013.

# FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	_	June 30, 2007		June 30, 2008		June 30, 2009		June 30, 2010		June 30, 2011		June 30, 2012 2	·	June 30, 2013	_	June 30, 2014		June 30, 2015	_	June 30, 2016
General fund Reserved Unreserved Nonspendable Restricted for Committed for Unassigned	s _	542,793 36,567,167	\$ 	758,891 45,336,045	\$	39,361,193	\$	22,953,382	\$ 	384,375 101,642 7,238,181	s _	287,203 26,257 274,200 11,302,907	\$ _	231,430 170,576 596,200 8,340,738	s _	238,432 207,179 7,633,089	s 	2,743,971 166,202 9,585,163	\$ _	127,919 27,369 13,740,986 13
Total general fund	\$_	37,109,960	<b>s</b> _	46,094,936	s_	39,361,193	<b>s</b> _	22,953,382	s_	7,724,198	· <b>\$</b> _	11,890,567	\$_	9,338,944	\$_	8,078,700	s_	12,495,336	<b>s_</b>	13,896,274
Other governmental funds Reserved Unreserved Special revenue funds Debt service funds Capital projects funds Nonspendable Restricted for Committed for Assigned to	\$	904,655 54,625,345 6,926,512 208,120,685	\$	1,256,971 57,249,895 7,316,194 189,433,342	<b>s</b>	54,590,729 4,684,177 155,724,644	\$	48,388,767 3,278,094 111,345,725	\$	87,162 84,687,535 1,377,827 1,430,753	<b>s</b>	224,923 74,624,464 1,327,188 1,859,516	<b>s</b>	2,655,236 70,116,032 1,250,166 2,354,991	\$	6,499,075 70,396,589 292,564 4,362,189	\$	6,494,034 79,486,892 378,342 2,122,074	\$ _	13,121 95,047,192 797,444 2,732,597
Total other governmental funds	\$ <u></u>	270,577,197	\$_	255,256,402	\$_	214,999,550	\$_	163,012,586	\$ <u></u>	87,583,277	\$ <u></u>	78,036,091	\$=	76,376,425	<b>\$</b> _	81,550,417	<b>\$</b>	88,481,342	<b>\$</b> _	98,590,354

Due to the reporting change as required by GASB No. 54, effective FY2010-11.
 FY 2012 amounts were retoractively restated in FY 2013.

# CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2012 1	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
REVENUES										
	\$ 71,404,630	\$ 82,250,980	\$ 87,102,142	\$ 77,024,811	\$ 57,540,748			\$ 49,097,031		\$ 53,187,944
Residential construction taxes  Room taxes	1,802,497 357,956	1,519,802 345,952	467,995 300,678	499,417 330,333	362,850	382,353 358,753	332,595 383,888	314,546 422,474	313,837 486,389	426,603
Franchise fees	337,936	343,932	300,078	330,333	331,768	338,733 16,142,005	383,888 15,769,356	422,474 20,788,938	21,322,332	564,601 21,307,694
Licenses and permits	33,416,360	32,347,464	28,734,711	26,062,330	26,271,308	10,132,978	10,722,526	10,748,799	13,860,541	15,470,650
Special assessments	33,410,300	32,347,404	20,737,711	20,002,230	20,211,300	2,202,745	2,202,185	2,170,942	2,170,946	2,167,784
Charges for services	20,397,993	21,033,088	22,240,756	23,296,938	14,280,489	6,023,699	5,369,223	7,573,999	8,993,819	8,728,212
Intergovernmental consolidated taxes		,,	, .,	-,		37,565,290	39,434,352	43,976,942	47,685,565	49,903,290
Intergovernmental	113,541,467	140,003,233	142,978,208	116,132,627	102,027,017	67,518,671	106,630,804	49,201,824	92,958,280	65,220,898
Fines and forfeitures	6,816,569	9,358,465	10,173,893	9,905,464	10,197,087	7,195,757	7,535,551	7,236,044	6,146,529	5,401,306
Contributions						219,350	106,332	571,956	236,069	22,330
Rents and royalties						513,578	557,856	582,762	840,310	665,094
Investment income	04.000.000	40.050.050	00 005 (40	15.050.510	0.505.100	806,229	195,524	642,581	1,018,891	1,579,791
Miscellaneous	34,322,266	43,852,373	29,035,648	15,050,513	9,507,120	2,871,657	1,760,617	2,098,694	2,460,664	3,194,636
Total revenues	282,059,738	330,711,357	321,034,031	268,302,433	220,518,387	207,070,087	240,161,626	195,427,532	249,068,180	227,840,833
EXPENDITURES										
General government	37,255,958	55.369.189	44,557,977	67,149,968	64,597,945	24,346,198	20,954,097	18.696.163	21,545,649	23,046,187
Judicial	10,422,419	13,002,378	13,857,493	10,589,039	10,415,468	8,995,929	8,501,665	8,532,342	10,830,787	5,588,564
Public safety	145,738,363	151,348,964	166,332,695	165,279,861	151,511,917	136,959,835	153,567,436	121,831,060	178,964,728	129,031,765
Public works	67,046,155	103,964,900	105,808,278	55,421,439	31,517,296	36,683,544	21,626,361	21,156,322	6,871,776	45,627,772
Culture and recreation	26,652,050	29,009,898	36,289,596	45,258,925	38,247,284	23,051,356	52,141,269	23,412,874	21,369,036	16,041,308
Community support	7,425,578	9,821,305	11,413,230	15,513,020	8,165,001	7,395,157	6,962,391	4,444,462	6,877,580	6,811,841
	294,540,523	362,516,634	378,259,269	359,212,252	304,454,911	237,432,019	263,753,219	198,073,223	246,459,556	226,147,437
Debt service										
Principal payments	10,613,800	11,145,300	11,374,500	11,547,700	6,307,800	5,277,600	5,928,600	4,990,000	5,757,700	4,534,700
Interest and fiscal charges	9,184,281	9,774,489	9,601,384	9,095,696	7,526,085	3,076,503	3,246,669	3,035,503	7,642,269	7,397,302
Payment to current bond refunding agent	2,107,201	3,777,403	3,001,364	3,033,030	20,000,000	3,070,303	3,240,009	2,022,202	1,0-12,203	7,391,302
Debt issuance costs	154,338	284,504			143,438	200,286				
Total debt service	19,952,419	21,204,293	20,975,884	20,643,396	33,977,323	8,554,389	9,175,269	8.025.503	13,399,969	11,932,002
TOIZE GODE SOLVICE	13,552,113	21,201,202			25,517,522	9,551,565	3,170,223	0,020,000	10,233,343	11,502,002
Total expenditures	314,492,942	383,720,927	399,235,153	379,855,648	338,432,234	245,986,408	272,928,488	206,098,726	259,859,525	238,079,439
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER										
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(32,433,204)	(53,009,570)	(78,201,122)	(111,553,215)	(117,913,847)	(38,916,321)	(32,766,862)	(10,671,194)	(10,791,345)	(10,238,606)

# CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2012 i	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Contingencies Debt issuance proceeds	4,500,000	12,680,000	(49,395)	3,145,000	17,090,000	27,070,000			(400,000)	(500,000)
Debt issuance premiums  Payment to advance refunding bond agent  Debt issuance discounts	9,160,000 (9,116,037) (15,000)	160,380 (15,750)		(3,071,110) (52,183)	(16,922,300)	(26,573,920) (257,999)				
Proceeds from capital asset disposal Transfers in Transfers out Other	73,826,205 (46,059,162) 25,000	75,287,726 (41,438,606)	79,675,504 (48,415,589)	88,126,189 (42,207,531)	52,280,115 (25,192,464)	43,764,721 (10,809,831) 342,533	46,423,036 (18,049,079) 181,316	46,358,276 (33,871,483) 2,098,449	41,456,655 (21,923,292) 2,913,171	267,109 41,569,282 (19,258,234)
Total other financing sources (uses)	32,321,006	46,673,750	31,210,520	45,940,365	27,255,351	33,535,504	28,555,273	14,585,242	22,046,534	22,078,157
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(112,198)	\$(6,335,820)	\$(46,990,602)	\$ (65,612,850)	\$ (90,658,496)	\$(5,380,817)	\$ (4,211,589)	\$3,914,048	\$ 11,255,189	\$ 11,839,551
Capital expenditures included in expenditures above	\$ 78,408,888	\$ 121,827,730	\$ 118,033,178	\$ 112,947,115	\$ 94,972,764	\$ 51,457,061	\$ 87,382,782	\$ 26,921,150	\$ 72,740,101	\$ 44,372,831
Debt sevice as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.40 %	8.00 %	7.50 %	7.70 %	5.70 %	4.20 %	5.20 %	4.40 %	7.16 %	6.16 %

FY 2012 amounts were retoractively restated in FY 2013.

### ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY<sup>1</sup> LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

For the Year Ended June 30,	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Undeveloped Property	Less Tax Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio of Total Taxable Assessed to Total Estimated Actual Value 2
2007	\$ 4,451,125,000	\$ 831,875,000	\$ 442,427,000	\$ 2,609,030,000	\$ (1,565,997,000)	\$ 6,768,460,000	1,1637	\$ 19.338.454,000	35.00 %
2008	5,479,828,000	1,041,647,000	580,796,000	3,401,267,000	(2,298,842,000)	8,204,696,000	1.1587	23,441,991,000	35.00 %
2009	5,572,985,000	1,281,806,000	669,317,000	3,239,635,000	(2,475,324,000)	8,288,419,000	1.1587	23,681,197,000	35.00 %
2010	3,709,241,000	1,360,037,000	691,913,000	2,509,269,000	(2,144,624,000)	6,125,836,000	1.1587	17,502,381,000	35.00 %
2011	2,646,355,000	1,022,464,000	525,474,000	1,059,048,000	(1,108,378,000)	4,144,963,000	1.1587	11,842,751,000	35.00 %
2012	2,674,770,000	995,708,000	423,800,000	647,713,000	(869,661,000)	3,872,330,000	1,1587	11,063,797,000	35.00 %
2013	2,416,735,000	941,804,000	382,696,000	492,391,000	(779,884,000)	3,453,742,000	1.1587	9,867,835,000	35.00 %
2014	2,487,233,874	997,032,941	384,695,090	417,300,826	(784,220,790)	3,502,041,941	1.1587	10,005,834,117	35.00 %
2015	3,073,765,289	1,039,727,647	432,296,748	432,308,397	(816,397,511)	4,161,700,570	1.1587	11,890,573,057	35.00 %
2016	3,741,983,035	1,155,035,683	429,444,964	528,219,810	(880,290,276)	4,974,393,216	1.1587	14,212,551,046	35.00 %

Source - Clark County Assessor's Office
 Pursuant to State statute, all property is assessed at 35% of its estimated value.

### PROPERTY TAX RATES<sup>1</sup> - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$100 OF ASSESS VALUE<sup>2</sup>) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		City of North Las Vegas, Direct Rates					Overlapping Rates					
For the Year Ended June 30,	City Operations	Debt Service	Public Safety (Override)	Total Direct Tax Rate	State of Nevada	Clark County	Clark County School District	Emergency 911	Las Vegas Artesian Basin			
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	0.1937 0.1901 0.1901 0.1937 0.1937 0.1937 0.1937 0.1937	0.0300 0.0250 0.0250 0.0100 0.0370 0.0250 0.0250	0.9400 0.9436 0.9436 0.9550 0.9280 0.9400 0.9400 0.9400 0.9650	1.1637 1.1587 1.1587 1.1587 1.1587 1.1587 1.1587 1.1587 1.1587	0.1700 0.1700 0.1700 0.1700 0.1700 0.1700 0.1700 0.1700 0.1700 0.1700	0.6566 0.6541 0.6541 0.6541 0.6541 0.6541 0.6541 0.6541	1.3034 1.3034 1.3034 1.3034 1.3034 1.3034 1.3034 1.3034 1.3034	0.0050 0.0050 0.0050 0.0050 0.0050 0.0050 0.0050 0.0050 0.0050	0.0009 0.0008 0.0008 0.0011 0.0015			
For the Year Ended June 30,						Las Vegas - Clark County Library District	Overlapping Rates City of North Las Vegas Library District	Total Overlapping Rates	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates			
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016						0.0123 0.0123 0.0086 0.0100 0.0070	0.0632 0.0632 0.0632 0.0632 0.0632 0.0632 0.0632 0.0632 0.0632	2.2114 2.2088 2.2051 2.2068 2.2042 2.1957 2.1957 2.1957 2.1957	3.3751 3.3675 3.3638 3.3655 3.3629 3.3544 3.3544 3.3544 3.3544 3.3544			

Source - Clark County Treasurer's Office
 The State of Nevada Constitution has a maximum rate limit of \$5 per \$100 assessed value and Nevada Revised Statutes further lower the limit to a total combined tax rate of 3.64.

# PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS<sup>1, 2</sup> **CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO** (UNAUDITED)

			2016			2007	
Taxpayer	Tax	table Assessed Value	3 Rank	Percentage of Taxable Assess Value 4	Taxable Assessed Value 3	Rank	Percentage of Taxable Assess Value 4
Тахрауса	_	V atuc	, Kells	- Value -		RAILE.	
Aliante Gaming LLC	\$	77,577,372	1	1.56 %	\$		%
Golden Triangle Industrial Park		52,727,901	2	1.06 %			%
Picerne Real Estate Group		37,967,792	3	0.76 %			%
Cannery Casino Resorts		37,270,735	4	0.75 %	37,532,880	10	0.55 %
Alliance Residential Company		36,103,263	5	0.73 %			%
Station Casinos Incorporated		35,480,496	6	0.71 %	87,957,952	4	1.30 %
Prologis		27,251,559	7	0.55 %			%
Colonial Realty Limited Partnership		25,448,669	8	0.51 %			%
Wal-Mart Stores Incorporated		24,312,552	9	0.49 %			%
Colfin AL-NV		23,585,612	10	0.47 %			%
Olympia Group LLC					258,415,491	1	3.82 %
Centex Homes					100,201,264	2	1.48 %
Pardee Homes Nevada Incorporated					93,610,996	3	1.38 %
D.R. Horton Incorporated					53,846,208	5	0.80 %
Operating Engineers Pension Trust					51,628,111	6	0.76 %
Lenner Corporation					46,371,848	7	0.69 %
Black Hills Corporation					45,879,662	8	0.68 %
Greenspun Corporation					42,191,607	9	0.62 %
	\$ <u></u>	377,725,951		7.59 %	\$ 817,636,019		12.08 %

Located in Clark County, Nevada
 Source - Clark County Assessor's Office
 Taxable assessed value is 35% of appraised value.
 See the "Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property" table for assessed property value data.

# PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS<sup>1</sup> LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

For the Year Ended June 30,	Tax Levy	rrent Tax Levy Collections	Percent of Tax Levy Collected	linquent Tax y Collections	1	Fotal Tax Levy Collected	Percent of Total Tax Levy Collected to Tax Levy
2007	\$ 65,307,155	\$ 64,545,683	98.8340 %	\$ 761,287	\$	65,306,970	99.9997 %
2008	75,518,219	74,309,000	98.3988 %	1,204,478		75,513,478	99,9937 %
2009	80,728,503	78,928,443	97.7702 %	1,782,248		80,710,691	99.9779 %
2010	71,204,380	68,995,648	96.8980 %	2,164,910		71,160,558	99.9385 %
2011	51,409,059	49,881,300	97.0282 %	1,430,459		51,311,759	99.8107 %
2012	47,624,187	46,781,680	98,2309 %	600,963		47,382,643	99.4928 %
2013	42,824,473	42,336,988	98.8617 %	182,336		42,519,324	99.2874 %
2014	42,179,362	41,711,002	98.8896 %	207,124	2	41,918,126	99.3807 %
2015	44,062,241	43,664,539	99.0974 %	299,360		43,963,899	99.7768 %
2016	45,924,264	45,608,849	99.3132 %		3	45,608,849	99.3132 %

Source - Clark County Comptroller's Office. Collections July 1 through September 30 of the subsequent year. Not available at time of report completion

### RATIOS OF OUSTANDING DEBT<sup>1</sup> BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS<sup>2</sup> (UNAUDITED)

	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities															
								General						Percentage of		
	Gener	al Obligation		Special			Ob	ligation/Pledged			7	Total Primary	- (	Clark County	City	y of North Las
For the Year Ended June 30,		Bonds	Asse	essment Bonds	_	Capital Leases	R	tevenue Bonds	_	Other	_	Government	3 <u>Pe</u>	ersonal Income 4	Veg	gas Per Capita 4
2007	\$	198,940,000	\$	6,753,200	\$		\$	179,634,000	\$		\$	385,327,200		0.53 %	\$	1,954
2008		189,600,000		17,512,900				176,439,000				383,551,900		0.52 %		1,862
2009		180,330,000		15,993,400				173,090,000				369,413,400		0.54 %		1,735
2010		170,395,641		14,273,700		46,359		312,033,000				496,748,700		0.71 %		2,290
2011		147,435,033		12,532,900		34,967		305,588,000				465,590,900		0.66 %		2,123
2012		160,223,349		10,715,300		16,651		299,136,000				470,091,300		0.63 % 5		2,103
2013		156,632,000		8,729,700				292,391,000		7,000,000		464,752,700		0.61 %		2,055
2014		153,712,000		7,009,700				285,554,000		6,000,000		452,275,700		0.55 % 5		1,962
2015		150,080,000		5,249,000				278,445,000		5,000,000		438,774,000		0.54 % 5		1,904 6
2016		147,770,000		3,409,300				272,000,000		2,352,219		425,531,519		0.52 %		1,846

<sup>Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.
Information was not available for ten years' reporting, but will be accumulated over time as it becomes available.
Excludes debt issued by the City's blended component units.
See the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for Clark County personal income and the City's population data.
Information not available at time of printing.
Using 2014 population for City of North Las Vegas Per Capita calculation</sup> 

### RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT<sup>1</sup> OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS<sup>2</sup> (UNAUDITED)

For the Year Ended June 30,	Gea	neral Obligation Bonds	General Obligation/Pledged Revenue Bonds		Total General Bonded Debt 3		³ <b>.</b>	Percentage of Estimated Actual Propety Value 4		City of North Las Vegas Per Capita		mounts Available to Repay General Bonded Debt			
2007	\$	198,940,000	\$	179,634,000	\$	378,574,000		1.96 %	\$		\$	4,276,162	\$	374,297,838	
2008		189,600,000		176,439,000		366,039,000		1.56 %		1,777		5,095,859		360,943,141	
2009		180,330,000		173,090,000		353,420,000		1.49 %		1,660		4,892,967		348,527,033	
2010		170,395,641		312,033,000		482,428,641		2.76 %		2,224		1,960,788		480,467,853	
2011		147,435,033		305,588,000		453,023,033		3.83 %		2,066		432,004		452,591,029	
2012		160,223,349		299,136,000		459,359,349		4.15 %		2,055		25,062		459,334,287	
2013		156,632,000		292,391,000		449,023,000		4.55 %		1,985		243,501		448,779,499	
2014		153,712,000		285,554,000		439,266,000		4.39 %		1,906	6	389,316		438,876,684	
2015		150,080,000		278,445,000		428,525,000		3.60 %		1,859	6	1,176,607		427,348,393	
2016	7	147,770,000		272,000,000		419,770,000		2.95 %		1,821		4,146,706		415,623,294	

<sup>Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Information was not available for ten years' reporting, but will be accumulated over time as it becomes available.

Excludes debt issued by the City's blended component units.

See the "Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property" table for estimated acutal property value data.

See the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for the City's population data.

Information not available at time of printing.

Using 2014 population for City of North Las Vegas Per Capita calculation</sup> 

### DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT<sup>1,2</sup> **JUNE 30, 2016** IN THOUSANDS (UNAUDITED)

	Gener	al Obligation Debt	Percent Applicable	Applicable General Obligation Debt
City of North Las Vegas	\$	14,948 4	100.00 %	\$ 14,948
Overlapping governments Clark County Clark County School District Las Vegas - Clark County Library District State of Nevada	•	19,128 1,881,385 20,775 1,139,760	7.52 % 7.52 % 9.88 % 5.20 %	1,438 141,480 2,053 59,268
Total overlapping governments		3,061,048		204,239
Total direct and overlapping debt	_	3,075,996		\$ 219,187

Source - Zions Bank Public Finance.

Source - Zions Bank Public Finance.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Excludes debt issued by the City's blended component units.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repsy long-term debt, the entire deb burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident; and therefore, responsible for repsying the debt, of each overlapping government. Debt amounts for overlapping entities in the various governments were provided by Zions Bank Public Finance. The percentage applicable was calculated by taking the City's assessed valuation divided by each respective governments' assessed valuation.

# LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS<sup>1</sup> (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Total taxable assessed property value	s 6,768,460,000	\$ 8,204,696,000	\$ 8,288,419,000	\$ 6,125,836,000	\$ 4,144,963,000	\$ 3,872,330,000	\$ 3,453,742,000	\$ 3,502,041,941	\$ 4,161,700,570	\$ 4,974,393,216
Legal debt Margin Legal debt limit (20% of taxable assessed property value)	\$ 1,353,692,000	\$ 1,640,939,200	\$ 1,657,683,800	\$ 1,225,167,200	\$ 828,992,600	\$ 774,466,000	\$ 690,748,400	\$ 700,408,388	\$ 832,340,114	\$ 994,878,643
Debt applicable to debt limit Net general bonded debt	3374,297,838	360,943,141	348,527,033	480,467,853	452,591,029	459,334,287	448,779,499	438,876,684	427,348,393	415,623,294
Legal debt margin	\$ 979,394,162	\$1,279,996,059	\$1,309,156,767	\$ 744,699,347	\$ 376,401,571	\$ 315,131,713	\$ 241,968,901	\$ 261,531,704	\$ 404,991,721	\$ 579,255,349
Total debt applicable to debt limit as a percentage of debt limit	f <u>27.65</u> %	22.00 %	21.02 %	39,22 %	54.60 %	59.31 %	64.97 %	62.66 %	51.34 %	41,78 %

Information was not available for ten years' reporting, but will be accumulated over time as it becomes available.
 See the "Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property" table for estimated acutal property value data.
 See the "Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding" table for the calculation of net general bonded debt.

# DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS<sup>1</sup> LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

For the Year Ended June 30,	City of North Las Vegas Population	Clark County Personal Income	_	Clark County Population	rk County Per pita Personal Income	Clark County Unemployment Rate
2007	197,233	\$ 73,040,160,000	\$	1,867,817	\$ 39,105	4.70 %
2008	206,044	74,279,798,000		1,912,349	38,842	7.00 %
2009	212,863	68,791,192,000		1,939,407	35,470	11.90 %
2010	216,961	69,800,237,000		1,951,269	35,772	14.20 %
2011	219,275	70,289,097,000		1,969,975	35,680	13.50 %
2012	223,491	74,886,428,000		2,000,759	37,429	11.20 %
2013	226,199	75,957,334,000		2,027,868	37,457	9.70 %
2014	230,491	81,821,005,000		2,069,450	39,538	7.80 %
2015	230,491	81,821,005,000	2	2,088,149	39,184 <sup>2</sup>	7.10 %
2016	230,491	81,821,005,000	2	2,107,031	38,832 2	6.90 %

Source - Nevada Workforce Informer, Data Analysis (http://www.nevadaworkforce.com/cgi/dataanalysis/dataTypeSelection.asp?tableName=notable)
 Information not available at time of printing. Used last published information.

# PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS(1) **CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO** (UNAUDITED)

		2016			2007	
Clark County Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Clark County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Clark County Employment
	30000 to 39999			30000 to 39999		
Clark County School District	employees 30000 to 39999	1	3.57 %	employees 9500 to 9999	1	3.81 %
Clark County	employees 8000 to 8499	2	.84 %	employees 9000 to 9499	2	1.06 %
Bellagio LLC	employees 8000 to 8499	3	.84 %	employees 8500 to 8999	3	1.01 %
Wym Las Vegas	employees 8000 to 8499	4	.84 %	employees 8500-8999	4	.95 %
MGM Grand Hotel/Casin	employees 7500 to 7999	5	.84 %	employees	5	.95 %
Aria Resort & Casino LLC	employees 7000 to 7499	6	.79 %	6500 to 6999		.95 %
Mandalay Bay Resort & Casino	employees 5000 to 5499	7	.74 %	employees 6000 to 6499	6	.74 %
University of Nevada Las Vegas	employees 5000 to 5499	8	.54 %	employees 5500 to 5999	7	.68 %
Caesars Palace	employees 4500 to 4999	9	.54 %	employees 5500 to 5999	8	.63 %
Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Dept	employees	10	.48 %	employees 5000 to 5499	9	.63 %
Mirage Casino Hotel				employees	10	.57 %

Source - www.nevadaworkforce.com, Nevada's Largest Employers (Clark County), 1st Qtr 2015, 4th Qtr 2006 Source - www.nevadaworkforce.com, Data Analysis, Labor Force and Unemployment Tool, Clark County, Mar 2015 Source - www.nevadaworkforce.com, Data Analysis, Labor Force and Unemployment Tool, Clark County, Dec 2006 Total Employment based on mid-point of Employee Range.

# FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM<sup>1</sup> LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Function/program Governmental activities										
General government	204	259	272	277	258	193	163	127	129	122
Judicial	82	87	91	98	99	98	85	72	72	63
Public safety	972	1,133	1,232	1,269	1,264	1,226	1,141	915	912	688
Public works	156	1 <b>67</b>	167	168	143	100	80	51	55	50
Culture and recreation	205	220	234	251	235	166	152	129	136	130
Community support	29	40	42	44	40	33	29	25	24	19
Total governmental activities	1,648	1,906	2,038	2,107	2,039	1,816	1,650	1,319	1,328	1,072
Business-type activities										
Wastewater	36	44	46	48	63	52	55	55	54	81
Water	73	91	96	97	84	96	95	93	92	53
Municipal golf courses	14	13	14	9	8	7	8	7		
Total business-type activities	123	148	156	154	155	155	158	155	153	141
Total full-time equivalent employees	1,771	2,054	2,194	2,261	2,194	1,971	1,808	1,474	1,481	1,213

<sup>1.</sup> Source - City of North Las Vegas, Finance Department, Budget Division.

# OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM<sup>1</sup> LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS<sup>2</sup> (UNAUDITED)

		June 30, 2007		June 30, 2008		June 30, 2009		June 30, 2010		June 30, 2011		June 30, 2012	_	June 30, 2013	_	June 30, 2014	_	June 30, 2015	_	June 30, 2016
Function/program Police																				
Calls for service																				
Officer initiated		166,364		194,527		190,668		211,130		207,019		113,946		106,247		95,699		72,582		64,286
Community generated		139,132		136,089		96,897		108,908		92,588		106,385		98,452		98,596		114,894		122,794
Neighborhood watch meetings		80		113		72		102		37		47		31		39		68		43
Detention		44.500								****										
Bookings		14,500		17,726		19,842 906		20,662 928		20,662		10,058		9,037		9,003		8,857		8,147
Average daily population Daily meals service		807 850,000		885 1,045,686		900,000		1,171,704		523 532,888		237 276,122		220 276,122		147		132		161
Fire		850,000		1,043,060		900,000		1,171,704		332,000		270,122		2/0,122						
Number of calls		24,500		25,986		26,351		27,016		27,828		28,540		30,187		28,909		30,272		32,419
EMS responses		12,400		17,895		15,588		18,983		24,309		24,766		24,831		23,692		22,952		24,486
Non-fire Incidents		11,150		5,750		6,040		3,673		1,170		509		2,448		2,301		2,211		2,194
Fire Incidents		950		2,142		1,839		4,346		2,330		1,954		2,191		2,274		1,284		1,344
Structure fires		89		667		543		673		643		516		717		642		684		696
Library facilities Circulation		416,494		465,304		613,658		793,000		725,905		710,415		649,445		604,614		502,249		478,159
Holdings		152,139		153,436		212,074		225,404		234,725		243.629		251.543		202.163		200,166		201,185
Library traffic		417,431		446,336		557,694		754,000		536,085		490,128		442,688		408,672		388,937		367,794
Culture and recreation		121,122		110,000		557,651		10 1,000		250,000		170,220		112,000		100,012		200,507		20,,,,,,
Golf Courses  Number of rounds of golf		94,738		86,670		74,474		68,000		63,565		64,297		61,102		66,647		65,407		55,389
Cost of operation per round		<del>54</del> ,/36		80,070		74,474		00,000		65,565		04,297		01,102		00,047		03,407		22,565
(Municipal Course)	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	8	\$	11	\$	11	\$	12	\$	11	\$	11	\$	15
Cost of operation per round (Craig Ranch Course)	\$	21	\$	26	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Cost of operation per round (Aliante Course)	s		\$		ŝ	54	s	75	s	54	s	47	•	49	\$	61	s	50	ŝ	59
Parks/Recreation	•		•				Ψ	,,,	Ψ		•	**	•	42	•	V.	Ψ	50	Ψ.	57
Program participation visits		1,618,451		194,443		1,271,769		1,300,000		1,435,852		1,154,162		1,197,216		1,401,118		1,450,151		1,551,452
Annual cost per acre to maintain	\$	20,513	\$	19,971	\$	22,776	\$	18,000	\$	9,906	\$	7,300	\$	7,001	\$		\$		\$	
Number of stage rentals		18		11		13		10		<b>2</b> 1		17		12		10		17		19
Public works		11.470		0.010		c coo		< 0.14		c 400		C 205		5.507		e 010		7.005		
Building safety-permits issued Survey		11,470		9,616		6,693		6,044		6,480		6,285		5,586		5,812		7,925		
Technical reviews completed																				
(maps, documents)		279		279		118		60		31		25		24		77		79		116
GPS features collected		66,370		66,371		75,327		55,000		5,851		9,543		1,253		10,916		4,368		5,447
Engineering services-active capital																				
projects		64		57		64		72		65		47		50		56		49		61
Construction services-number of																				
inspections Development and Flood Control-permits		14,179		12,072		5,020		8,090		4,142		2,423		2,423						
issued		1,055		1,100		699		500		309		322		275		415		460		
Real property services		1,055		1,100		037		500		303		344		2/3		415		400		
Maps reviewed and processed		59		49		181		23		19		13		15		24		26		56
Planning Commission items																				
reviewed		491		47		94		150		149		111		138		203		227		202
Addresses assigned		3,014		806		758		500		356		151		303		378		420		531

(Continued)

# OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM<sup>1</sup> (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS<sup>2</sup> (UNAUDITED)

	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016
Water										
Valves exercised	2,760	1,933	3,104	1,970	2,588	1,773	1,486	1,140	1,749	1,031
Water repairs	290	226	250	233	276	250	218	187	172	235
Service requests	2,344	90,717	82,644	76,462	69,700	76,731	70,423	71,097	72,564	63,375
Number of bills	974,142	994,641	970,590	974,406	980,797	1,079,258	1,006,250	1,017,587	1,011,433	1,043,859
Number of meters read	956,892	993,013	1,001,336	1,007,205	1,017,682	1,025,417	1,030,452	1,035,334	1,038,405	1,055,488

# CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM<sup>1</sup> LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS<sup>2</sup> (UNAUDITED)

	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30.	June 30,					
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Function/program										
Police stations	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire stations	7	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Library facilities	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Culture and recreation										
Community centers	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
Parks	31	31	31	34	34	34	34	35	35	35
Park acreage	493	493	493	474	474	474	474	627	633	633
Golf courses	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Swimming pools	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Tennis courts	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	18	18	18
Public works										
Lane miles of paved street	1,925	1,971	2,150	2,150	2,167	2,171	2,489	2,489	2,489	2,489
Lane miles of unpaved street	•	ŕ	630	700	698	698	698	698	698	698
Traffic signal intersections	105	120	138	141	143	152	155	155	155	155
Street lights	32,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,104	35,000	35,000	35,000	35,000
Water	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Miles of water main	1,072	1,096	1,110	1,127	1,130	1.117	1,119	1,060	1,064	1,100
Residential service connections	76,473	75,375	73,048	73,642	74,191	76,367	76,988	78,228	79,572	80,378
Commercial service connections	5,001	5,350	5.256	5,258	5,305	5,403	5,439	5,517	5,638	5,760
Average daily consumption in million	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
gallons	50	49	47	46	46	45	44	45	45	47
Peak demand day in million gallons	75	74	76	75	74	66	69	69	69	68
Wastewater										
Miles of sewer wastewater main	609	625	625	625	625	625	638	651	667	670
Miles of storm wastewater main	147	175	180	183	193	263	266	153	157	178

# **BUSINESS LICENSE FEES**

# SCHEDULE OF BUSINESS LICENSE FEES

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

As required by Nevada Revised Statues (NRS) 354.624, Section 4(a), all fees imposed by a local government are subject to the provisions of NRS 354.5989. A local government may adopt new business license fees only if the revenue from the fees is less than the prescribed calculated maximum.

# FEES CALCULATED AS A PERCENTAGE OF GROSS REVENUE

Business license revenue for the year ended June 30, 2016		\$	3,294,955
Business license revenue for the year ended June 30, 2015 (base year)  Adjustment to base year	\$	2,988,195	
Percentage change in Consumer Price Index		1.00 %	
Total adjustment to base year		29,882	
Adjusted business license revenue base for the year ended June 30, 2016			3,018,077
Amount over allowable maximum		\$ <u></u>	276,878
SES CALCULATED ON A FLAT OR FIXED RATE			
Business license revenue for the year ended June 30, 2016		\$	1,938,568
Business license revenue for the year ended June 30, 2015 (base year)  Adjustment to base year	\$	2,147,270	
Percentage change in local government population	0.00 %		
Percentage change in Consumer Price Index	<u>1.00</u> %	1.00 **	
Total adjustment to base year	_	1.00 % 21,473	
Adjusted business license revenue base for the year ended June 30, 2016	_		2,168,743
Amount under allowable maximum		<b>s_</b>	(230,175)

# **SINGLE AUDIT INFORMATION**



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the City Council City of North Las Vegas, Nevada

We have audited the compliance of the City of North Las Vegas (the City) with the types of compliance requirements described in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility. The City's management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Each of the Major Federal Programs Identified in the Table Below. As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the City did not comply with requirements regarding the following:

Finding Number	Compliance Requirement	CFDA Number(s)	Program Name
2016 - 003	Procurment and Suspension and	14.218, 14.225	CDBG - Entitlement Grants
	Debarment		Cluster
		16.710	Public Safety Partnership and
			Community Policing Grants
		20.205	Highway Planning and
			Construction Cluster
2016 - 004	Other Requirements	14.218, 14.225	CDBG - Entitlement Grants
	•	,	Cluster

Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the City to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on Each of the Major Federal Programs Identified in the Table Above. In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of the major federal programs identified in the table above for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance. The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies; and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency* in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2016 - 001, to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2016 - 003 and 2016 - 004 to be significant deficiencies.

The City's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance. We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2016, which contained an unmodified opinion on those basic financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Las Vegas, Nevada December 13, 2016

Rerry Bowler Jaylor +Kern

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Entity/Cluster or Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Amount Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231		\$ 58,119 144,357	\$ 58,172 156,057
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Community Development Block Grants/Special Purpose Grants/Insular Areas	14.218 <b>*</b> 14.225 <b>*</b>		225,385 6,120	291,839 6,120
Subtotal Entitlement Grants Cluster			231,505	297,959
Passed through Clark County, Nevada-Department of Finance Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-10-DC-32-0001 M-11-DC-32-0001 M-14-DC-32-0001	156,029 162,582	156,029 162,582 2,091
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	14.264	HUD HOME PI Fed Grant B-08-UN-32-0001	93,050 43,110	93,050 43,110
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster Passed through Clark County, Nevada-Department of Finance Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement	14.218 *	B-10-UC-32-0001	11,022	11,022
Grants		B-12-UC-32-0001 B-13-UC-32-0001 B-14-UC-32-0001 B-15-UC-32-0001	48,480 310,451 338,373	282,921 246,822 310,778 784,343
Subtotal Entitlement Grants Cluster			708,326	1,635,886
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			1,597,078	2,604,936
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Assistance to Firefighters Grant Joint Operation 15-16	97.044 N/A			11 23,845
Passed through State of Nevada, Department of Public Safety Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMW-2015-EP-00002 EMF-2016-EP-00007		42,655 59,310
Passed through Clark County Fire Department National Urban Search and Rescue (US&R) Response System	97.025	EMW-2014-CA-K00152 EMW-2015-CA-00021		18,836 10,538
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				155,195
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed through State of Nevada, Department of Public Safety Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training and Planning Grants	20.703	15-HMEP-03-07		21,870
riaming Grans		16-HMEP-03-01 16-HMEP-03-05		3,219 2,021
Highway Safety Cluster Passed through State of Nevada-Department of Public Safety State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	JF-2015-NLVPD-00033		54,189
	(Continued)	JF-2016-NLVPD-00027		91,667 167
				10/

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Entity/Cluster or Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Amount Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616(d)	JF-2015-NLVPD-00033 JF-2016-NLVPD-00026 LFD-2016-NLVPD-00022 TS-2016-NLVPD-00132		15,737 28,756 5,000 9,975
Subtotal Highway Safety Cluster				205,325
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Passed through State of Nevada-Department of Public Safety Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 *	TS-2015-NLVPD-0097 TS-2016-NLVPD-00059		42,487 27,302
Subtotal				69,789
Passed through State of Nevada, Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Passed through State of Nevada-Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 *	PR411-14-063		994
		PR110-14-063 PR395-11-063 P437-12-063 PR573-13-063 PR481-14-063 P040-12-063 P042-12-063		124,326 7,885,647 24,577 110,445 114,357 54,462 5,644
Subtotal				8,320,452
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				8,622,675
U.S. Department of Justice				
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606			12 <b>,54</b> 2 25,774
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710 *			214,460 637,836
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738			45,706 920
Nevada Joint Terrorist Task Force (JTTF) - 14 Child Exploitation Task Force (CETF) Tactical Diversion Task Force - 14 Tactical Diversion Task Force - 15 Equitable Sharing Program Passed through State of Nevada, Department of Health and	N/A N/A N/A N/A 16.922			22,748 14,743 14,564 4,532 11,965 37,131
Human Services: Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	2015 MA CW 0024		127 942
	10.575	2015-VA-GX-0024		127,843
Passed through State of Nevada, Office of the Attorney General Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	2015-STOP-15		17,309
Passed through Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department Missing Children's Assistance	16.543	2014-MC-FX-K045		12,682
Total U.S. Department of Justice				1,200,755
	(Continued)			168

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Entity/Cluster or Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Amount Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
Executive Office of the President				
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001			118,534 1,623 34,615 2,582
Total Executive Office of the President				157,354
U.S. Department of the Interior				
Passed through State of Nevada, Bureau of Land Management Southern Nevada Public Land Management	15.235	L11AC20228 L12AC20493 L14AC00132		933,851 54,186 71,485
Total U.S. Department of the Interior				1,059,522
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed through National Recreation and Park Association Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	N/A		21,233
Child Nutrition Cluster Passed through State of Nevada, Department of Education Special Milk Program for Children	10.556	M-102400-10		16,347
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				37,580
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed through Southern Nevada Health District Highway Training and Education Partnerships to Improve Community Health	20.215 93,331	2015-12 SNHD-6-PICH-INT-15-028		2,628 72,638
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				75,266
U.S. Department of Energy				
Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program (EECBG)	81.128			1,653
Total U.S. Department of Energy				1,653
Total federal expenditures			\$ <u>1,597,078</u>	\$ <u>13,914,936</u>

<sup>\*</sup> A major program

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of North Las Vegas (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

# Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts, if any, shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

### Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The City has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### Note 4. Outstanding Loan Balances

The federal loan programs listed below are administered directly by the City, and balances and transactions relating to these programs are included in the City's basic financial statements. Loans outstanding at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule. There were no loan receivable at June 30, 2016.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

# Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting

Material weaknesses identified Yes Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements

No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs

Material weaknesses identified Yes
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs
Qualified
Audit findings required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)
Yes

Identification of major programs CFDA number

CFDA number 14.218, 14.225

Name of federal program or cluster CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster

CFDA number 16.710

Name of federal program or cluster Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing

Grants

CFDA number 20.203

Name of federal program or cluster Highway Planning and Construction Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee No

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

# Section II – Findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and Government Auditing Standards

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Criteria or specific requirement

Government financial statements are required to be prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) to provide reasonable assurance that financial statements, free of material errors, are presented using the appropriate basis of accounting, transactions must be accurately recognized in accordance with GAAP and associated policies and procedures. This includes a timely review and reconciliation of accounts receivables

Condition and context

We noted insufficient staffing to monitor compliance with policies and procedures and to prepare timely, and accurate, account reconciliations, for example, the Neighborhood and Leisure Services Department does not have the resources to afford reasonable assurance of the appropriate application of GAAP in recording transactions and preparing financial statements as of year end. Specifically, accounts receivable balances at June 30, 2016 contained amounts received prior to year end as well as duplicate receivable entries.

Effect

Reasonable assurance that transactions are accurately recognized and financial statements, free of material errors, are presented using the appropriate basis of accounting, as required by GAAP, cannot readily be attained. Specifically, accounts receivable was overstated \$420,742 at year end.

Cause

Failure to retain and/or recruit sufficient personnel who possess an appropriate level of knowledge and skills to effectively develop, implement and monitor compliance with policies and procedures and to prepare timely, and accurate, account reconciliations.

Recommendation

Management should augment staffing to develop and monitor procedures designed to ensure that transactions are recognized accurately and in the proper period and financial statements, free of material errors are appropriately presented.

Management's response

Management informed us that they are evaluating a process was created and all data is being entered into the Oracle Purchase Order and Oracle Projects and Grants systems so the reliance on separate non-system tracking has deminished. If a second schedule is kept by a projects and grants employee, it is purely secondary, as any payments, accruals or other transactions are determined from the Oracle systems. For example, the main problem we experienced in the past was the manual preparation of invoices to the funding agency and the creation of the Oracle invoice after the funds were received and then the payment to the subreceipient entered in AP afterwards. Now, the invoice is initially created in AR, the AP invoice entered into AP along with a purchase order with a 30 hold and the funds only released via AP after the funding has been received from the granting agency.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

# Section II – Findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and Government Auditing Standards (continued)

2016 - 002

Criteria or specific requirement Appropriate segregation of duties to prevent/detect errors and fraud in a timely manner by employees in

the ordinary course performing their responsibilities.

Condition and context The two accounts payable clerks can add vendors and print checks. While they are supposed to review

each other's work, the process is not documented. Further, listings of new vendors are not, but should

be, reviewed at least monthly for propriety by an accounting manager.

Effect The risk that fraudulent disbursements can be processed is not sufficiently mitigated

Cause Segregation of duties in the accounts payable department is inadequate

Recommendation We recommend that management develop and implement policies and procedures that include an

independent review of vendor list changes by an accounting manager be performed or that accounts

payable clerk rights to modify the vendor list be terminated.

Management's response Management informed us that it will either complete the design of a report to facilitate monitoring, and

will routinely moniitor, vendor list changes or will terminate the rights of accounts payable clerks to

make vendor list changes.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

### Section III - Findings and questioned costs for federal awards, including audit findings required by 2 CFR 200.516(a)

2016 - 003

Federal program Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (CFDA #14.218)

Community Development Block Grants/Special Purpose Grants/Insular Areas (CFDA #14.225)

Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants (CFDA #16.710)

Highway Planning and Construction (CFDA #20.205)

Criteria or specific requirement

States, and governmental subrecipients of States, will use the same State policies and procedures used for procurements from non-Federal funds (this includes conflict of interest policies). They also must ensure that every purchase order or other contract includes any clauses required by Federal statutes and executive orders and their implementing regulations.

Local governments and Indian tribal governments that are direct recipients of Federal awards and their subrecipients will use procurement procedures that conform to applicable Federal law and regulations and standards identified in the A-102 Common Rule or OMB Circular A-110 (2 CFR part 215), as applicable.

All non-Federal entities shall follow Federal laws and implementing regulations applicable to procurements, as noted in Federal agency implementation of the A-102 Common Rule and OMB Circular A-110.

The OMB guidance states that, "Non-Federal entities are prohibited from contracting with or making subawards under covered transactions to parties that are suspended or debarred. "Covered transactions" include those procurement contracts for goods and services awarded under a nonprocurement transaction (e.g., grant or cooperative agreement) that are expected to equal or exceed \$25,000 or meet certain other criteria as specified in 2 CFR section 180.220. All nonprocurement transactions entered into by a recipient (i.e., subawards to subrecipients), irrespective of award amount, are considered covered transactions, unless they are exempt as provided in 2 CFR section 180.215."

Condition and context

The current Purchasing Guidelines does not include policies and procedures to address standards of conduct in governing the performance of their employees engaged in the award and administration of contracts. In addition, they do not include procedures to prevent contracting with or making transactions with parties that are suspended or debarred or whose principals are suspended or debarred. We also noted that the policy to post vendor rankings on their website when there is a request for proposal was not followed.

Questioned costs

None.

Effect

The City could enter into transactions which may create a conflict of interest and/or enter into transactions with debarred or suspended parties resulting in questioned costs. In addition, contracting decision could be questioned as a result of not posting the vendor rankings as stipulated in the policies.

Cause

The City did not have policies in place to adequately address the appropriate eligibility guidelines of the grant awards and did not follow their policy related to requests for proposals.

Repeat finding

Yes

Recommendation

Management should implement policies and procedures to address the conduct of those involved in making procurement decisions and should follow their policies. In addition, revision of the current procurement policy should include review of the excluded party listing at <a href="https://www.sam.gov">https://www.sam.gov</a> to prevent contracting with or making transactions with parties that are suspended or debarred.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Management's response

Management informed us that a new policy was submitted to the City's legal department prior to the audit but has not yet been returned with approval. The new policies and procedures will be put into place to review all entries involved in the contracted services related to grants or projects to determine their eligibility to supply such services and or products. This will include obtaining certifications from suppliers stating they are not suspended or debarred and verifying their eligibility via the sam.gov website. Policies will include a section to address conflicts of interest.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

# Section III - Findings and questioned costs for federal awards, including audit findings required by 2 CFR 200.516(a) (continued)

2016 - 004

Federal program Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (CFDA #14.218)

Criteria or specific requirement The schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) shall be complete and accurate and agree to

supporting records/documentation.

Condition and context We noted insufficient staffing to monitor compliance with policies and procedures, for example, certain

federal and non-federal expenditures were inappropriately excluded or included from/in the SEFA,

possibly due to delays in recording and identifying the expended amounts.

Questioned costs None.

Effect Reasonable assurance that the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is complete and accurate

cannot readily be attained.

Cause Failure to retain and/or recruit sufficient personnel who possess an appropriate level of knowledge and

skills to effectively develop, implement and monitor compliance with policies and procedures.

Repeat finding Yes

Recommendation Management should adopt, implement and monitor compliance with policies and procedures designed to

provide reasonable assurance that the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is complete and accurate. Additional resources should be made available to provide training and other resources to those delegated with the primary responsibility for grant compliance and the terms of the grants should

be communicated to all personnel involved in administering federal grants.

Management's response Management informed us that as of the end of fiscal year 2015, the City has created a management

position titled Real Property and Housing Services Manager which will oversee the Housing and Urban Development grants. This will include reviewing and managing the grant processes. In addition, an accounting manager in finance has also been hired and the first goal is to ensure that Projects and Grants are reconciled and reviewed on a monthly basis. A large part of the problem with the findings noted is a result of being understaffed. Improved communications between Projects and Grants and the Finance department along with training of staff on critical issues will result in accurate

reporting of Projects and Grants.

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# Section II – Findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and Government Auditing Standards

2015	- 001
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Criteria or specific requirement Appropriate segregation of duties to prevent/detect errors and fraud in a timely manner by employees in

the ordinary course performing their responsibilities.

Condition and context The two accounts payable clerks can add vendors and print checks. While they are supposed to review

each other's work, the process is not documented. Further, check registers and listings of new vendors

are not, but should be, reviewed at least monthly for propriety by an accounting manager.

Current status Partially corrected. Changes to the vendor list are not monitored. See finding 2016-002.

Reasons for this finding's recurrence The vendor change report was a cumbersome process to generate an appropriate report. Due to other

higher priority issues there was not a lot of focus on the vendor change report. The report has been created but it is difficult to review. Lack of staffing has moved this particular review to a lower position. The review of AP invoice batches and copies of checks issued helps in the prevention of

fraud by the AP process.

Partial corrective action taken An accounting manager reviews and approves check registers and printed checks. Management has

started to design a report to facilitate monitoring of vendor list changes.

Planned corrective action Management will either complete the design of a report to facilitate monitoring, and will routinely

moniitor, vendor list changes or will terminate the rights of accounts payable clerks to make vendor

list changes.

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# Section II – Findings relating to the financial statements, which are required to be reported in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and Government Auditing Standards (continued)

2015 - 002

Criteria or specific requirement Proper budgeting and recording of fixed assets in the fund financial statements consistent with the

classification used in the general fixed assets group of accounts.

Ledgers and schedules are routinely reconciled monthly, quarterly and annually, as applicable, including general and subsidiary journals/ledgers and schedules to the general ledger and financial

statements.

Approved disbursements are not returned to the departments approving/requesting the disbursement

for subsequent distribution.

Condition and context We noted inconsistent budgeting for, and the recording of, capital expenditures in the fund financial

statements versus the classification used in the general fixed assets group of accounts. We also noted that the process for accruing certain grant receivables and the related billing process are not timely or adequately reviewed by an accounting manger in finance before the entries are recorded. Additionally, signed checks are on occasion held for vendor pickup by the department approving the expenditure.

Current status Corrected.

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Section III - Findings and questioned costs for federal awards, including audit findings as defined in Circular A-133 Section .510(a) and/or findings required by 2 CFR 200.516(a)

2015 - 003

Federal program Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (CFDA #14.218)

Home Investment Partnerships Program (CFDA #14.239)

Criteria or specific requirement The schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA) shall be complete and accurate and agree to

supporting records/documentation.

Pre-award project costs may not exceed 25 percent of the current HOME grant without written approval from HUD. Participating jurisdictions may authorize subrecipients and state recipients to

incur pre-award costs, but authorization must be in writing.

Condition and context We noted that expenditures of \$579,465 incurred during FY2015 for the CDBG grant were not included

on the SEFA due to delays in recording the expended amounts. In addition, the HOME grant included non-federal expenditures of \$54,560 as part of the SEFA. We were informed that these costs were incurred inconjunction with HOME activities; however, there was no agreement in place with Clark County at the time the expenses were incurred and there is no written authorization making such costs

allowable.

Current status Uncorrected. See finding 2016-004.

Reasons for this finding's recurrence Implementation of the previously reported corrective action plan was not immediate.

Partial corrective action taken None.

Planned corrective action A process was created and all data is being entered into the Oracle Purchase Order and Oracle Projects

and Grants systems so the reliance on separate non-system tracking has deminished. If a second schedule is kept by a projects and grants employee, it is purely secondary, as any payments, accruals or other transactions are determined from the Oracle systems. For example, the main problem we experienced in the past was the manual preparation of invoices to the funding agency and the creation of the Oracle invoice after the funds were received and then the payment to the subreceipient entered in AP afterwards. Now, the invoice is initially created in AR, the AP invoice entered into AP along with a purchase order with a 30 hold and the funds only released via AP after the funding has been

received from the granting agency.

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Section III - Findings and questioned costs for federal awards, including audit findings as defined in Circular A-133 Section .510(a) and/or findings required by 2 CFR 200.516(a) (continued)

2015 - 004

Federal program Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (CFDA #14.218)

Home Investment Partnerships Program (CFDA #14.239)

Criteria or specific requirement Supervisory reviews performed to ensure compliance with federal rules and regulations including any

award specific requirements.

Condition and context Reliance is placed on Clark County's (the grantor) periodic monitorings to identify any noncompliance.

Management does not review for compliance with earmarking, matching and subrecipient monitoring

activities.

Current status Corrected.

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# Section III - Findings and questioned costs for federal awards, including audit findings as defined in Circular A-133 Section .510(a) and/or findings required by 2 CFR 200.516(a) (continued)

2015 - 005

Federal program Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants (CFDA #14.218)

Home Investment Partnerships Program (CFDA #14.239) Highway Planning and Construction (CFDA #20.205)

Criteria or specific requirement

Local governments and Indian tribal governments that are direct recipients of Federal awards and their subrecipients will use procurement procedures that conform to applicable Federal law and regulations and standards identified in the A-102 Common Rule or OMB Circular A-110 (2 CFR part 215), as applicable. No employee, officer or agent of the grantee or subgrantee shall participate in selection, or in the award or administration of a contract supported by Federal funds if a conflict of interest, real or apparent, would be involved.

The OMB guidance states that Non-Federal entities are prohibited from contracting with or making subawards under covered transactions to parties that are suspended or debarred or whose principals are suspended or debarred.

Condition and context

The current Purchasing Guidelines does not include policies and procedures to address standards of conduct in governing the performance of their employees engaged in the award and administration of contracts. In addition, they do not include procedures to prevent contracting with or making transactions with parties that are suspended or debarred or whose principals are suspended or debarred.

Current status Uncorrected. See finding 2016-003.

Reasons for this finding's recurrence

There was a break in communication regarding the approval of the more detailed Purchasing Guidelines, so the new policy was not formally put into place but the required actions are in place, specifically the certifications of suppliers eligibility to be paid with governmental funding.

Partial corrective action taken None.

Planned corrective action

A new policy was submitted to the City's legal department prior to the audit but has not yet been returned with approval. The new policies and procedures will be put into place to review all entries involved in the contracted services related to grants or projects to determine their eligibility to supply such services and or products. This will include obtaining certifications from suppliers stating they are not suspended or debarred and verifying their eligibility via the sam.gov website. Policies will include a section to address conflicts of interest.

# City of North Las Vegas Corrective Action Plan Pursuant to NRS 354.6245 As Included with the FY2016 CAFR

Department	Finding/Corrective Action
Finance and Projects	Finding 2016-001:
& Grants	Insufficient staffing to monitor compliance with policies and procedures and to prepare timely and accurate, account reconciliations, for example the Neighborhood and Leisure Services Department does not have resources to afford reasonable assurance of appropriate application of GAAP in recording transactions and preparing financial statements as of year end. Specifically, accounts receivable balances at June 30, 2016 contained amounts received prior to year end as well as duplicate receivable entries.
	Corrective Action:  Management has set a procedure to only create invoices within the Oracle Accounts Receivable/Projects and Grants modules. Subrecipient invoices have Purchase Orders created at time of service requests and invoices are to be submitted to Accounts Payable upon receipt with a 30 day hold. This procedure causes all transactions to be maintained within the system. If the department keeps a separate tracking worksheet, it is only secondary and should be reconciled with the General Ledger balances. This should minimize if not eliminate the possibility of duplicate or lost payable or receivable invoices.
Finance	Finding 2016-002: The two accounts payable clerks can add vendors and print checks. While they are supposed to review each other's work, the process is not documented. Further, listings of new vendors are not, but should be, reviewed at least monthly for propriety by an accounting manager.
	Corrective Action:  The review of accounts payable entries are reviewed by the payables counterpart and also reviewed by either a financial analyst or accounting manager. These reviews are documented by initials on the invoice batch summary sheets. Beginning in January 2017, new vendor input (with the exception of Utility refunds which is uploaded by the Utility module as one time vendors), will be performed by a Financial Analyst employee, separate from Accounts Payable. New vendor entry will be tracked by the Financial Analyst and then verified monthly by an updated vendor input report.

# Corrective Action Plan Pursuant to NRS 354.6245 As Included with the FY2016 CAFR

Continued

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Projects & Grants	Finding 2016-003:
	The current Purchasing Guidelines do not include policies and procedures to address standards of conduct in governing the performance of their employees engaged in the
	award and administration of contracts. In addition, they do not include procedures to
	prevent contracting with or making transactions with parties that are suspended or
	debarred or whose principals are suspended or debarred. We also noted the policy to post
	vendor rankings on their website when there is a request for proposal was not followed.
	Corrective Action:
	Updated purchasing policy will be put into place. Verification of eligibility to participate in
	Federal or State funded programs will be acquired prior to awarding contracts or requests
	for goods or services. The pending procedures are being followed, but the formal policy
	has not been implemented.
Projects & Grants	Finding 2016-004:
	Insufficient staffing to monitor compliance with policies and procedures, for example,
	certain federal and non-federal expenditures were inappropriately excluded or included
	from/in the SEFA, possibly due to delays in recording and identifying the expended
	amounts.
	Corrective Action:
	The procedures described in Finding 2016-001 will help solve this finding as well as all
	receipts and disbursements will be tracked directly in the Oracle modules. However,
	understaffing continues to be a problem and the solution for hiring new and qualified
	personnel is dependent on the tax revenues generated by the City.
	Rhonda Garlick, Accounting Manager
	The state of the s

garlickr@cityofnorthlasvegas.com, 702-633-1460 x 3630.

**Contact Information**